St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1882. NO. 78.

DEEP SEA FISHING!

OUR FISHERMEN AGAIN ABROAD!

Another Grand Haul of Silks by our Patent Trawl Net, all Just Received by the Underground Railroad.

TWENTY THOUSAND odd lengths of Black and Colored Silks and Satins, Brocaded Silks, Silk Plushes, Silk Velvets, etc., etc., just opened up by

D. CRAWFORD & CO.,

By far the Cheapest Lot of All! Now is your Grand and Only Chance to buy yourself a hand-ome Silk Dress for an old song! Take Time by the forelock and BUY NOW! Delays are dangerous! Just notice how Handsome Silks are Given Away.

Lot 127 represents over 5,000 pieces of Black Silks, Satins, Merveilleux, Rhadames and Surahs, at the following low prices:
- 25 pcs Black Silk 50c; worth 65c.
- 15 pcs Black Silks 6-4; worth 85c.
- 20 pcs Black Silk 75c; worth $1.
- 25 pcs Black Silks $1; worth $1.25.
- 15 pcs Black Silks $1 10; worth $1.35.
- 10 pcs Black Silks $1 25; worth $1.50.
- 8 pcs Black Silks $1 50; worth $1.75.
- 8 pcs Black Silks $1 65, $1 75, $1 85, $2, $2 25, $2 50, $2 75, $3; fully 35 per cent less than actual value.
- 12 pcs Merveilleux, Rhadames and Surahs at $1; worth $1 25.
- 10 pcs at $1 15; worth $1 35.
- 8 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.
- 8 pcs at $1 40; worth $1 65.
- 10 pcs at $1 10; worth $1 75.
- 15 pcs at $1 75; worth $2.
- 7 pcs 1 1/2 wide at $2 50.
- 10 pcs at $2 25, $2 50 and $2 75; fully 35 per cent under value.

In this variety collection of silks will be found lengths ranging from 3 to 7 1/4 yards, and most of them are of the well-known makes, such as Bonnet's, Gagelin's, Bellon's, Topasse's Cachemire, Prince's Cachemir, Alexandre and American brands. One most first sensation will prove them to be 10 to 35 per cent less than others ask for the same goods.

Lot 14 represents over 3 000 pieces of Colored Silks, Satins, Merveilleux and Rhadames, at the following prices:
- 25 pcs at 65c; worth 80c.
- 15 pcs at 75c; worth $1.
- 10 pcs at $1; worth $1 25.
- 15 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.
- 7 pcs at $1 50; worth $1 75.
- 10 pcs at $2; worth $2 50.

In the above line of Silks are different lengths, ranging from 1 1/2 to 20 yards, and over shade known to fashion, and up in examination will show not less than 25 per cent under value.

Lot 15 represents over 2 000 pieces of Colored Satins, Surahs and Satin Rhadames at the following figures:
- 10 pcs at 65c; worth 80c.
- 12 pcs at 75c; worth 90c.
- 8 pcs at 85c; worth $1.
- 12 pcs at $1; worth $1 25.
- 6 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.

In this lot are lengths ranging from 1 1/2 to 10 yards; fully 40 per cent less than value.

Lot 16 represents over 1,800 pieces of Black and Colored Brocaded Silks, Satins, Moires, Merveilleux and Rhadames at the following low prices:
- 175 pcs at 90c, worth $1 25.
- 104 pcs at $1; worth $1 35.
- 90 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.
- 88 pcs at $1 35; worth $1 60.
- 111 pcs at $1 50; worth $1 75.
- 87 pcs at $1 75; worth $2.

122 pcs at $2 $2 25 $2 50 $2 75 $3 $3 50 and $3 50.

In the above lots are lengths from 2 to 14 yards, and without doubt the greatest bargains ever offered, being 40 per cent under real value.

Lot 17 represents over 50 pcs of plushes, in all colors, at the following low figures:
- 15 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.
- 8 pcs at $1; worth $1 50.
- 7 pcs at $1 60; worth $2.
- 25 pcs at $2 and $2 25; worth $3 50 and $5.

The above were imported before the advance in prices, and are good for less than it would cost now to import same goods. See them and be convinced that they are the greatest bargains in Plushes ever offered in this or any other market.

Lot 18 represents over 100 pieces of black and colored Silk Velvets at the following low rates:
- 10 pcs at 90c; worth $1.
- 10 pcs at 1; worth $1 35.
- 15 pcs at $1 25; worth $1 50.
- 12 pcs at $1 40; worth $1 75.
- 10 pcs at $1 75, $1 85, $2, $2 25, $2 50 and up to $3; fully 35 per cent under value.

In the above are many lengths ranging from 1 to 3 yards; fully 35 per cent less than actual value. Never before have such bargains been offered at the opening of the season.

The Patent Trawl-Net Has Done Its Work in the CALICO DEPARTMENT.

Note the Offerings.

- 50 pcs good dark calico, dress styles, at 4c a yard; reduced from 6 1/4c.
- 800 pcs Fancy Calico, good styles and fast colors, at 5c; reduced from 8 1/2c.
- 50 pcs Oil-color Washington Calico at 5c; reduced from 7c.
- 500 pcs assorted wide Percale dress styles and perfectly fast colors at 5 1/2c; reduced from 10c.
- 600 pcs Turkey-red Cambrics and Pacific Dress Ginghams, dark colors, at 7 1/2c; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 1,000 inch extra heavy Shirting Percales, best goods made, at 10c a yard; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 500 pcs Standard Dress Ginghams, fast colors and good styles, at 6 1/4c a yard; reduced from 10c.
- 600 pcs Dress Ginghams, fast styles, at 6 1/4c; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 1,200 pcs Lancaster Seersucker at 8 1/2c a yard; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 2,000 pcs good, strong, durable cheviot at 7 1/2c; reduced from 10c.
- 1,000 pcs double cable-cord Shirting Cheviot, fast colors, at 10c; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 1,000 pcs Printed Indian Cheviot, extra soft finish and choice patterns, at 12 1/2c; reduced from 15c.
- 1,000 pcs Domestic Gingham at 10c a yard; reduced from 12 1/2c.
- 1,000 pcs Domestic Gingham at 10c a yard; reduced from 12 1/2c.

The Patent Trawl Net Has Done Well in DRESS GOODS,

And that Early in the Season. Just note the prices in the following lots, just received:
- 2 cases Sumatra Bunting, 36in, well worth 25c.
- 2 cases Colored Brilliantines, 42in, cost the importer 45c.
- 1 case Cayuga Cheviot Suitings, 25c; sold elsewhere at 40c.
- 1 case Imperial Satin Soleil, 35c; cheap at 50c.
- 2 pcs Poncee Tinsel Cheese, 36c; would be good value at 50c.
- 1 case Satin Moire Stripes for overdress and trimming, 44c; well worth 60c.
- 2 pcs French Cashmeres in all the new autumn shades, 44c; sold elsewhere at 60c.
- 2 pcs French Cashmeres in camel's hair effects, the new dress goods, 44c.
- 1 case French All-Wool Lincoln Cloths, the most popular goods in the market, 60c; sold elsewhere at 75c.
- 1 case 44 inch All-Wool French Serges for traveling purposes, 50c; cheap at 80c.
- 1 case 44 inch Chevoit Suitings, 55c; would be good value at 75c.
- 2 pcs 44 inch French Tricot Cloths, in the new shades, 65c; cost to land 75c.
- 1 case Cashmere Silk and Wool Drap de Paris, $1 50; sold elsewhere at $2.
- 1 case 44 inch Elegant Persian Combination Suitings, the richest goods on the market, ranging from $3 to $5 per dress.

Big Fish in FLANNEL DEPARTMENT.

The Trawl-Net Has Hauled in Great Bargains in Flannels. Note the Prices.
- 1,000 pcs heavy plaid shrunk Flannels at 4c; cheap at 6c.
- 500 pcs extra heavy Flannels, cheviot styles, at 45c; worth 60c.
- 1,000 pcs Plaid Suiting Flannels, in the newest shades, at 50c; worth 75c.
- 1,000 pcs Navy Blue Twilled Flannels, 25c and 30c; worth 35c and 45c.
- 1,000 pcs Navy Blue Filled Flannels at 25c, 40c and 50c; worth 35c, 50c and 75c.
- 1,000 pcs Navy Blue Twilled Western Flannels, very heavy, at 35c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c and 85c.
- 1,000 pcs Dark Gray Twilled Flannels at 12 1/2c; worth 15c.
- 1,000 pcs Union Gray Twilled Flannel at 15c; worth 17c.
- 1,000 pcs Union Gray Twilled Flannel at 20c; worth 25c.
- 1,000 pcs Union Gray Twilled Flannel, extra heavy, at 25c; worth 30c and 35c.
- 1,000 pcs Mixed Gray Twilled Flannel, heavy, at 30c; worth 40c.
- 1,000 pcs Mixed Gray Twilled Flannel, heavy, at 45c; worth 60c.
- 1,000 pcs Mixed Gray Twilled Flannel, extra fine, worth 65c.
- 50 pcs all-wool Plain Red Flannel at 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c; very cheap.
- 100 pcs plain red flan Medicated Flannel at 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c and 75c; a bargain.
- 4 pcs red Twilled Flannel at 20c.
- 2 bales red Twilled Medicated Flannel, heavy and shrunk at 45c, 50c and 60c.
- 10 pcs 5/4 red Shaker Flannels at 50c; worth 60c.
- 10 pcs 4-4 red shaker Flannels, fine and heavy, at 75c.
- 5 pcs 4-4 red shaker Flannels, extra weight and shrunk at 85c, $1 and $1 25.
- 3/4 white Domet Flannels at 12 1/2c, 15c, 17 1/2c and 20c.
- 3/4 white Domet Flannels fine, at 25c, 30c and 35c.
- 3/4 white all-wool Flannels at 20c, 25c an 30c.
- 7/4 and 4-4 white all-wool Saxony Flannels, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1.
- 7/4 wool Shaker Flannels at 25c, 45c, 50c, 60c and 75c.
- 4-4 white Shaker Flannels at 50c, 60c, 75c, $1 and $1 25.
- Embroidered white Flannels from 75c, 85c, $1, $1 10, $1 15 $1 25, up to $4.
- Embroidered red, gray and navy blue Flannel at $1, $1 25, $1 35, $1 50 and $ 75.
- Opera Flannels in 50 different shades at 35c, 45c, 50c and 60c.

FELT SKIRTS.
- 10 doz gray Felt Skirts at 70c; were sold at $1.
- 5 doz colored Felt Skirts at $1 15; were sold at $1 35 and $1 50.
- 10 dozen spring colored Skirts at $1 to close; worth $1 80 and $1 50.

New Goods Per Underground Railroad.

BLACK GOODS BELOW PAR.
- 50 pcs American Cashmeres, 24 inches, at 12 1/2c: cheap at 20c.
- 60 pcs Black Cnuddah Cloth, 24 inches, at 20c; worth 30c.
- 40 pcs Black Australian Crepe, 24 inches, at 15c; good value at 25c.
- 60 pcs All-Wool Black Mohair, 24 inches, at 30c; sold elsewhere at 40c.
- 75 pcs Black Cashmere, 38 inches, at 50c; worth 65c.
- 80 pcs Lupin's All-Wool Black Cashmere, 40 inches, at 65c; regular price 85c.
- 65 pcs Lupin's All-Wool Black Cashmere, 40 inches, at 75c; former price 90c.
- 70 pcs Lupin's All-Wool Black Cashmere, 40 inches, at 85c; worth $1.
- 50 pcs 48-inch All-Wool Black Cashmere at $1; good value at $ 25.
- 2,000 remnants of Courtaud's English Crepes at 30 per cent less than regular prices.

Big Haul in Towels, Damasks, Quilts, Napkins, Etc.

THE CHEAPEST LOTS YET!!
- 200 dozen Checked Linen Glass Towels at 2 1/2c each; worth 25c.
- 250 dozen bleached Damask Towels at 12 1/2c; worth 17 1/2c.
- 100 dozen Loom Huck Towels, very fine, at 17 1/2c; worth 25c.
- 20 pieces Turkey Red Table Damask at 55c per yard; worth 70c.
- 35 pieces 62-inch Bleached All Linen Table Damask at 45c per yard; worth 65c.
- 4 cases 11-4 White Crochet Quilts at $1 10 each; worth $1 75.
- 3 cases 11-4 White Crochet Quilts at $1 25 each; worth $1 65.
- 40 pieces 6-inch Loom Damask Table Linen at 40c; worth 50c.
- 15 pieces 80-inch Cream Damask at 55c per yard; worth 75c.
- 150 dozen 5/8 size White Linen Napkins at 75c per doz; worth $1.
- 75 dozen 5/8 White Linen Napkins at $1 per dozen; worth $1 25.
- 2 cases 11-4 White Marseilles Quilts (fine) at $2 25; worth $3.
- 2 cases 11-4 White Marseilles Quilts (very heavy) at $3 each; worth $4 25.
- 150 dozen extra fine Cream Damask Towels, assorted borders, at 35c; worth 50c.
- 75 dozen large size striped Turkish Bath Towels at 20c each; worth 30c.

A Few More Heavy Hauls in DOMESTICS

Just Received by Underground Railroad.
- 5 bales 3/4 fine Unbleached Muslin at 4c; sold elsewhere at 6c.
- 5 bales 4-4 fine Unbleached Muslin at 6 1/4c; sold elsewhere at 7 1/2c.
- 5 bales 4-4 heavy Unbleached Sheeting at 7 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 9c.
- 3 bales 4-4 extra fine Unbleached Muslin at 7 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 9c.
- 3 cases 4-4 extra heavy Bleached Muslin at 6 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 7 1/2c.
- 5 cases 4-4 soft finish Bleached Muslin at 7 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 9c.
- 5 cases 4-4 Lonsdale manufacture Bleached Muslin at 8 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 10c.
- 3 cases 10-4 fine Unbleached Sheeting at 18 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 22 1/2c.
- 3 cases 10-4 heavy, fine Unbleached Sheeting at 20c; sold elsewhere at 25c.
- 3 cases 7-4 Pepperell Unbleached, 5 to 15-yd lengths, at 15c; sold elsewhere at 20c.
- 3 cases 8-4 Pepperell Unbleached, 5 to 15-yd lengths, 17 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 22 1/2c.
- 5 cases 9-4 Pepperell Unbleached, 5 to 15-yd lengths, 20c; sold elsewhere at 25c.
- 5 cases 10-4 Peppere l Unbleached, 5 to 15-yd lengths, 22 1/2c; sold elsewhere at 27 1/2c.

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

For the Price of the Material. No Charge for Making.
- Ladies' Skirts with cambric ruffle, headed with tucks, good muslin, full made, only 50c; sold elsewhere for 75c.
- Skirts with deep cambric ruffle, tucks in and above ruffle, "Princess back," $1.
- Skirts with deep Hamburg ruffle, three clusters of tucks, $1 25 and $1 50.
- Skirts handsomely trimmed with lace, from $1 85 to $3 50.
- Skirt with very deep Hamburg ruffle, headed with tucks, from $1 75 to $6 50.
- Chemises with tucked and embroidered bosom, 50c.
- Chemises handsomely trimmed with three insertions and tucked edge, round neck and sleeves, 75c and $1.
- Chemise, square necked, trimmed with Hamburg edge and inserting, $1 and $1 25.
- Chemises handsomely trimmed with three insertings in bosom, edge around neck and sleeves, $1 50 to $2 50; also Chemises trimmed with lace and Swiss insertion.
- Ladies' Night-gowns, tucked and embroidered yoke, 60c and $1.
- Night-Gowns, tucked and embroidered, with tucks and insertings in yoke, $1 25 and $1 50.
- Night-Gowns, tucked and embroidered all the way down front, from $1 75 to $5.
- Ladies' Drawers in great variety from 50c to $2.

Corsets below Par.
- 25 doz Corsets with double busk and side steels, in white and colored, 50c.
- 50 doz 50-bone Corsets, long-waisted and well finished; double busk and side steels, in white and drab, 75c.
- French woven Corsets and white and drab, with side steel, for $1.
- Spoon-Busk Corsets, with side lace and double side steels, white and drab, for $1.
- Thomson's glove-fitting Corsets, well boned, embroidered bust, for $1.
- Unbreakable Hip Corsets, with double bones crossing the hip, made of heavy sateen, for $1 25.
- Warner's Health Corsets, with patent bust and shoulder straps, for $1 25.
- Warner's Coraline Corset, made of Tampico bone, an unbreakable material, comfortable and good fitting; always been sold for $2; cut down to $1 50.
- Extra long Abdominal Corsets, with side lace and heavy bones, for $1 75.
- 30-Bone French woven Corsets, with spoon steel and spring steel crossing the bust, white and drab, for $1 75.
- Long waisted French woven Corsets, 5-hook, spoon busk, side-laced with rubber, white and drab, for $2.
- 600 H bone Corsets, silk-flossed top and bottom, for $2 25.
- Hercules Supporting Corsets, spoon-busk and side-lace, cut down from $3 to $2 40.
- The French C. P. Imported Corsets in fancy shades for $2 75.

For Best Goods and Lowest Prices You May Always Rely on

The Popular and Progressive One-Price Cash House of

D. Crawford & Co

Fifth St. and Franklin Ave.

You Can Get $2.00 Worth of Goods FOR ONE DOLLAR CASH! AT LEUBRIES GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

Of FULTON, ADAMS & CO. $40.000 stock of Dry Goods, House Furnishing Goods, Calicoes, Blankets, Comforts, Jeans, Cassimeres, Flannels, Laces, Embroideries, Gents' Furnishing, Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Notions, Fancy Goods, Satins, Silks, Millinery, Ladies' Suits, Linens, Towels, Cloaks, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Two Sheets of Music for 5c. Sold the World Over for 5c a Sheet.

THESE BARGAINS TO BE HAD ONLY AT

LEUBRIES, Leaders and Makers of Low Prices,

705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 Franklin Avenue.

EVERYBODY

IN NEED OF

CARPETINGS

From the commonest to the finest made, will find our stock complete at popular prices. Inspection invited.

COON, BECK & MARSHALL CARPET CO.

509 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

College of the Christian Brothers,

Easton Avenue and King's Highway, St. Louis.

The President and Faculty of the College of the Christian Brothers, St. Louis, beg leave to state that owing to the removal to the spacious and elegant new College, situated at Cote Brilliante, they will only be ready for the reception of students on MONDAY, THE SECOND OF OCTOBER.

The Christian Brothers have neglected nothing to make their institution complete in every particular. The building, which was erected to meet all the requirements of a boarding-school, is furnished with all the modern improvements. The grounds are extensive, affording pupils every facility for the enjoyment of invigorating exercise.

Situated four miles west of the St. Louis Court House, the location is one of the most healthy, in a city noted for the salubrity of its climate, and the beauty of its suburbs.

Every facility is afforded for easy access to the College from the city. The Franklin Avenue Street Car Line passes the main entrance. The Olive Street Car Line connects with the Narrow Gauge road, which has a station at the corner of Union avenue. The Wabash Railway stops at the Forest Park station, which is only a short distance from the new building.

Parents desiring any particulars are requested to correspond with the President,

BRO. JAMES, F. S. C.,

At the Old College, Eighth and Cerre Streets, St. Louis, Mo.

MELLIER'S RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared by Graduates in Pharmacy. | Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc.

FINE OLD WHISKIES AND CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION FOR FAMILY USE.

709 AND 711 WASHINGTON AVE.

J. C. KIRKBRIDE'S DRUG STORE,

3500 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squibb's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.

A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.

Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

ICE CREAM!

For the best and purest in the City; for the largest quantity in the shortest time and fairest prices, go to

Bowman & Co.'s

818 AND 820 MORGAN ST.

EUROPEAN STEAMERS.

HAMBURG LINE.

For England, France and Germany.

GELLERT.....August 31 | SUEVIA.....September 7
ILLESIA.....September 2 | ALLEMANIA...Sept. 8
WIELAND.....Sept 14

Steamers marked "a" call direct to Hamburg without stopping either Plymouth or Cherbourg with the exception of Steamer Silesia, which will also take cabin passengers (no distinction being made between first and second cabins) at the rate of $80.

C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agts., 61 Broadway, New York.

Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank, J. P. White & Co., M. Jacoby.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles are the Best in the World.

There are now over One Hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading Carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

SEE HOW

NOW RECEIVING!

FALL GOODS.

Mound City,

411 N. Fourth St.

Kittredge & Pettes

Beethoven Conservatory of Music,

1603 OLIVE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1871. A. Waldauer, Director. Will be opened on Monday next, September 4, for instruction in all branches of musical education, with a faculty of first-class professional musicians. Terms moderate.

Last Edition.

A HORROR OF HORRORS.

Details of the Murder of the Joyce Family in Ireland.

A Frightful Butchery Perpetrated by Midnight Assassins.

Dogs Eating the Corpses—Michael Joyce's Dying Moments—A Bloody Crime Unparalleled for Brutality.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The particulars of the murder of the Joyce family in Ireland are at hand, giving the most graphic account of that horrible affair. It appears the Joyce family retired to bed at their usual hour, John Joyce and his wife sleeping on a miserable little bed composed of rags and straw, and placed in a slight recess in the wall, a few feet from the door, on the left hand side as the cabin is entered. The rest of the family slept on one bed, a wretched couch in the inner apartment, the old woman and one of her grandsons lying with their heads toward the little window, and Margaret and her other brother lying in a contrary direction. By this means it was sought to enable four occupants of one bed to find room on a couch which was so small that it had even to be lengthened by the placing of a barrel, end uppermost, at the foot of the bed. Nothing occurred to disturb the repose of the sleepers till about 1 o'clock in the morning, when, as Michael related with his dying breath, he heard shots. The door was taken off its hinges and

A NUMBER OF ARMED ASSASSINS

poured into the cabin. The father was shot on the floor, having sprung out of bed. The wife was bludgeoned to death, and then the inner room was entered. The feeble old grandmother was attacked and her skull was crushed by a rain of blows which left the bone, blood and brain one red mass of pulp. Micheal was shot in the head and stomach. His sister was struck on the head by a blow which left her a corpse, and Patrick, the younger child, was badly beaten over the head and face with a stick.

TO DO THEIR HELLISH WORK

with greater certainty and more dispatch the murderers lighted the room with a blazing piece of bog deal. Having completed their bloody and cruel murders, they departed, disappearing in the darkness from the scene where they had wrought such inhuman slaughter. Michael, wounded fatally and his bowels protruding through the bullet rent in the stomach, crawled out of the bed in which lay the corpses of his grandmother and his sister and went to the kitchen for a drink of water to quench the burning thirst that parched his lips and added so greatly to the agony he endured. He found his father

LYING DEAD ON THE FLOOR

and his step-mother dying in her bed. Terrified and faint, afraid to return to that horrible bed reeking with gore and ghastly with its dead that he had left in the inner room, trembling with dread to remain by the naked corpse of his father, feeling the pangs of death himself, he crept in by the side of his father's wife. She lay moaning, but, though her head and face had been beaten into a bloody mass, she did not die till some time subsequently. When the officers arrived at the house they beheld a sight

OF THE MOST TERRIBLE CHARACTER.

Two dogs were in the bed where the bodies of the grandmother and granddaughter were lying, and they had eaten all the flesh off the left arm of the old woman, which was hanging over the bedside. The police endeavored to drive away the animals, which were a sort of sheep dogs, but they had the greatest difficulty in doing so. The dogs ran under the bed, evidently reluctant to leave the horrible feast of human flesh. When at length they were driven away they are said to have become mad and were destroyed by the inhabitants of the place.

Joyce and his family were murdered in their own house near Congin, County Galway, on the night of the 17th of August. It is believed in the locality that the Joyces gave information relative to the murder of the bailiffs of Lord Ardilloun, whose bodies were found bound together in Lake Cong.

The Northwest Crops.

CHICAGO, September 4.—Railroad officials who have made trips of observation from Chicago over their lines into the Northwest and Southwest nearly all concur in their glowing descriptions of the crops—their size, quality and good condition. There is not one unfavorable report. The observations of these officials are usually reliable, for business reasons, and their experience is so great that subsequent developments usually bear out their predictions. Agreeing as they do with the special and press dispatches, except as to a few isolated localities, the significance and importance of their reports become more striking and conclusive.

ANTI-PROHIBITION MOB.

A City Marshal's House Fired and the Officer Beaten by a Mob.

CINCINNATI, September 4.—Mt. Vernon, Ind., has been threatened with a mob growing out of the effort to close the saloons on Sunday, and at 1 o'clock yesterday morning the residence of John Paul, City Marshal, was fired by the mob and burned to the ground. The Deputy City Marshal was terribly beaten by a gang of roughs. The telegraph and telephone lines were guarded to prevent communication with the neighboring towns.

ALTON'S SENSATION.

A Woman Criminally Assaulted by Five Men—Two Arrests.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, ILL., September 4.—Two men named Bob Mooney and Mike Whalen were arrested here to-day on the charge of assaulting a woman named Catharine Volz, of St. Louis. The woman, who is a peddler of light household articles, arrived here Saturday night, and, as she alleges, was decoyed by Mooney and Whalen to a place where she was criminally outraged by the two, and three others whose names she does not know. On her complaint Mooney and Whalen were arrested and are now in jail awaiting an examination. None of the others charged with the act have been arrested.

DUEL ON THE TAPIS.

Chalmers to Fight His Congressional Opponent—A Joint Debate the Cause.

CINCINNATI, September 24.—The Times-Star special from Memphis, Tenn., says a duel is imminent between Gen. Chalmers and Van H. Manning, candidates for Congress. Both spoke at Holly Springs in joint debate. Manning spoke last and made a scathing review of Chalmers record. Both remained at Holly Springs Sunday, with messengers passing back and forth, Chalmers demanding a full retraction. Thos. Harris represented Chalmers, Edward Watson was Manning's friend. Rumor of a duel gains credit from the fact that both failed to appear at the place appointed for to-day's debate.

FIGHT ON AN EXCURSION.

Row Between Roughs and Deck Hands in which Two Men are Killed.

ELIZABETH, N. J., September 4.—The Singer Rifle and Literary Association gave an excursion yesterday, and on returning a row took place between the deck hands of the barges and the roughs on deck. The deck hands fired fifteen or twenty shots, instantly killing Thomas Nickerson, a bystander, and Richard Burke, who had been on the excursion.

Unsuccessful Strike.

BOSTON, MASS., September 4.—A decided change in the attitude of the longshoremen's strike occurred this morning. The longshoremen who had been employed on the Cunard wharves to the number of forty gave up the strike and tendered their services to the company at the old prices. In the meantime officers of the company who went to the "P" wharf to bring that usual complement of men over in the tug-boat found in addition to 100 regular men more than 100 others, chiefly colored, waiting to be engaged. Many of them were from Baltimore who had experience as longshoremen. The Chandler engaged as many as they required and sent about 100 to Warren and other companies, where they probably will be needed, owing to unexpected arrivals. The party of Boston strikers who went to East Boston to verify the report that the Cunard men had returned to work expressed indignation at their course, and declared that the Boston society would fight the battle for living wages independent of East Boston.

The Nickel-Plate Railway.

CHICAGO, September 4.—A New York special says the Nickel Plate Railway management have decided on an aggressive policy against the Lake Shore, and will demand of it a good share of the Buffalo and Chicago traffic. If not granted war will be waged. Indications are for a lively fight and break in passenger and freight rates. The Saney syndicate give out that this course will be pursued.

Drowned in a Lake.

HANOVER, N. H., September 4.—A messenger from Post Mills, Vt., says that Dr. A. A. Dickey, of Worcester, Mass., and Dr. John Marshall, of Lyme, Mass., were drowned in Fairlee Lake yesterday afternoon. Just how it happened is not known. When last seen they were driving a pair of horses on the beach, and soon after the horses and carriage were found floating in the water.

Hockett Discharged

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BELLEVILLE, ILL., September 4.—Master Mechanic Hockett, who was committed to jail after the investigation of the accident on the Pittsburg Road, near Belleville, was taken into court this morning on a writ of habeas corpus and discharged, the evidence being insufficient to hold him.

The First Bale.

MEMPHIS, September 4.—The first new bale of cotton, received Saturday night and sold at auction at noon, realized 26c a pound. It was purchased by the Pioneer Cotton Mills, of this city. The bale weighed 456 pounds and classed middling.

Struck by Lightning.

CINCINNATI, September 4.—A South Bend, Ind., special says the barn of J. F. Studebaker, at Sunnyside, was struck by lightning first evening and destroyed. Loss $15,000; insurance $9,500.

The French Cable.

PLYMOUTH, September 4.—The Telegraph Construction Company's steamer Scotia sailed hence yesterday to make renewed efforts to repair the French cable.

Widow Brown's Fund.

CHICAGO, September 4.—About $1,000 are raised for Mrs. John Brown. It is believed it will swell to $1,500 in the city.

COLD-BLOODED CONSPIRACY.

All the Europeans in Alexandria to be Massacred.

The Plot Discovered by the Police —The Greeks Mixed Up in It.

Arabi's Bedouins Harassing the English —The Egyptian Forces in Strong Position—Wolseley Reinforced.

ALEXANDRIA, September 4.—The Khedive has issued a decree forbidding the importation of petroleum into Egypt.

STRENGTHENING WOLSELEY'S FORCES.

LONDON, September 3.—The Times says: "Though Gen. Wolseley does not require a third division, the Government is determined to strengthen his hands by sending three battalions of infantry, so Gen. Wood may be set free without leaving a garrison of less than 5,000 men at Alexandria. Reserve depots of 250 men for each of the regiments which are at the front with Gen. Wolseley will also be formed at Alexandria and a large depot of a thousand reserve men is to be formed to replace these as they are drafted to the front to supply casualties. The general result of these measures will be that Gen. Wolsely will have 22,000 men on the main line of operations besides a garrison at Alexandria and the Indian contingent."

A TERRIBLE PLOT.

ALEXANDRIA, September 4.—Great uneasiness is felt in consequence of the arrest of a native spy, carrying a letter addressed to Antonio Paulo, the Greek Consular Agent at Siout, who is staying here. Paulo has been arrested. It is rumored the police have discovered the ramifications of a conspiracy in which several Greeks are implicated, the object being the massacre of the Europeans in Alexandria in the event of the British troops being seriously engaged at Ramleh.

WORRYING WOLSELEY.

KASSASSIN, September 4.—The enemy keeps close watch all about our camp. Numerous Bedouin horsemen are prowling in this vicinity, rendering it unsafe to venture far out. Last night a vidette of the Life Guards was killed. His body was recovered and found to be mutilated. Arabi Pasha has an excellent position here. He is in direct communication by rail with Zagazig and Salhirjet, and water for his forces is brought up by rail and canal. His active cavalry succeed in masking his movements and keeping them secret.

SIDELING THE REBEL LINES

ALEXANDRIA, September 4.—The man-of-war Monitaur is shelling the rebel lines because of threatening demonstrations made by the enemy from Mandaria.

EFFECT OF THE WAR.

NEW YORK, September 4.—A special cable dispatch says: The number of vessels passing through the Suez Canal in July was 155 and the tolls $645,000. In July of last year there were 227 and the tolls were $800,000. The difference shows the effect of the Anglo-Egyptian war.

The Morning Budget.

LONDON, September 4.—Gen. Wolseley is preparing to advance, but has not yet named the time. De Lesseps has been interviewed at Paris, and he declares that all Egypt is with Arabi, and that the fight will be long and stubborn, the outcome of which can not be told yet. De Lesseps says that Arabi never put a price on his head, and that the latter's strength and prospects have been misrepresented considerably. The Khedive has given permission to cut the dike at Meks and inundate Lake Maeotis to prevent an attack from that side. The English are suffering terribly from the heat and attacks of dysentery. Mahmoud Fehmy is kept in a wretched room. His guards gave him only sea-water to drink on the first day, saying, 'You tried to make us drink seawater by stopping the Sweetwater Canal.'"

It is now known that there are seven distinct lines of defense between Arabi's front and Damanhour, and that it will be necessary to prepare for a scientific and methodical advance and to attack him in force. The fire of the English infantry in the last engagement indicted very little damage. The Martini-Henry rifles which the English use are likely to become useless under hard usage.

Arabi's Army.

The Politische Correspondenz thus describes the component parts of the Egyptian army: "It consists, first, of fellahs who have property; secondly, of fellahs who have no property, and, thirdly, of negroes. The fellahs who have property are ruled by the thought of a speedy return home. Arabi and his colleagues promised to dismiss them as long ago as the 1st of February, 1880, and ever since desertions have increased surprisingly. The deserters are brought back by force and in chains, but as the authorities dare not punish them they soon desert again. They assert that Arabi and his companies would never have become what they are without their (the fellahs') help, and are allowed to entertain this belief as a means of keeping them faithful. For more than a year they have been very irregular in exercising, and many persons wonder that they are still allowed to keep guard. The fellahs without property, on the contrary, never desert. They have become accustomed to garrison life. Those who can read and write, and who are not above twenty or thirty years of age, become gendarmes or policemen; the rest remain in the army, and when it is absolutely necessary to reform them they are sent to the coast forts or into the capitals of the provinces. This class may be considered the most solid portion of the Egyptian army. But it is doubtful whether they will remain faithful to Arabi Pasha unless he can make them believe that he is acting under the Khedive's orders. It is certain that many would be inclined to leave if they did not fear losing their living. These, however, are the minority. Lastly, the negroes are slaves from the Soudan, gathered from various points, and were mostly taken from slaveholders and put into the army when Ismail Pasha made the treaty with England to abolish slavery. To these negroes the Khedive is an impersonal being, and they attach themselves to their officers, from whom they would not be easily separated. They are savages who do not fear death, although they are somewhat offended by the fire in Cairo. When their officers desire that the negroes should accomplish some movement they provide them lavishly with buzza, a kind of beer, and thus intoxicated the savages would easily kill the Khedive while invoking his name or allow themselves to be hewn to pieces for his sake, according to the orders they received. They are all married, and their wives, who have a great influence over them, follow them to the field. They know the discipline, and would, should their wives be in danger, disobey all orders. The mass of the Egyptian army, however, consists of the fellahs. There are very few Turks and Tscherkesses among the higher grades of officers. All the others are Egyptian parvenus, who have worked their way up from the pike."

A Photographer's Suicide.

TOLEDO, O., September 4.—This morning about 9 o'clock A. C. North, a leading photographer of this city, was found dead in his room adjoining his gallery in the Hall block. He had shot himself in the side of the head with a revolver, the bullet passing through the top of his skull. There is no assigned cause for the act. Deceased was 45 years of age, married, possessed of a good business, and had accumulated considerable property. He usually appeared in the best of spirits.

Minnesota Fair.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., September 4.—The Fifth Annual Exhibition of the Minnesota Mechanical and Agricultural Association opened to-day. The weather is beautiful and the display in all the departments fine. Twenty thousand people are in attendance.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Continuance of the Star Route Trial.

Folger's Candidacy in New York—The President's Movements—Political News.

Star Route Trial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 4.—This morning Henkle, of the counsel for the defense in the Star Route trial, resumed his address to the jury.

Henkle called attention to the fact that Postmaster-General Key had been called by the defense to prove that the police of the department had been to expedite the service.

The Court—And it was ruled out by the court.

Henkle—And it was ruled out by the court.

Court (sternly)—And the court will arrest your course of remarks on that subject.

Henkle—I was not going to say what the Postmaster-General said.

The Court (interrupting)—You have no right to say what he said.

Henkle—I was going simply to say that we proposed to ask him what his police was, and whether those orders did not conform to his policy, and that the court would not allow the question to be put. Was there any harm in that, your Honor?

The Court—What right have you to talk on that subject?

Henkle—Have I not the right to say what we, by order of the court, could not do? Have I not the right to say that your Honor ruled that the question of policy was not in the case.

The Court—I do not know whether I said it on that occasion. I did say that we were not engaged in any question of policy, but that we were trying a flagrant consolracy.

Henkle—And may I not say that?

The Court—Now I shall not interfere with the rights of counsel in addressing the jury, or with the rights of the jury, but when the court has ruled upon any question, I think it is not asking too much of counsel to yield to the court.

Henkle—I beg your Honor's pardon. If the court understands me to mean to override your Honor's decision, I take it all back. I never intended it.

The Court—I am not talking about intention. I am talking about the effect of your argument.

Tariff Commission.

CINCINNATI, O., September 4.—The Tariff Commission arrived here Saturday from Indianapolis and began to hold their session in the afternoon. To-day Messrs. Sampson, Tempest, Scott, representatives of an Eastern factory here, made arguments in favor of imposing higher rates of duty on imported pottery. They represented that the existing rates are entirely inadequate, labor being the chief part of the cost of production, say over 90 per cent, and it costing more than double here what it costs in England. They recommended a mixed specific and ad valorem with additional protection. With a feeling of security, manufacture of the ware would be so improved that the product would be cheapened. Without it they would be driven to the wall.

Folger's Candidacy.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 4.—The Herald this morning virtually admits that Folger will be the Republican candidate for Governor in this State, and says that "his candidacy has in the main the advantages we saw in the nomination of Wadsworth."

The President.

NEWPORT, September 4.—The President's yacht is anchored in the East River. He did not continue East after leaving here Saturday night.

The Three Per Cents.

WASHINGTON, September 4.—The first of the new three per cent bonds were issued from the Treasury this afternoon.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, September 4.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, fair weather, variable winds shifting to northerly, higher barometer, stationary or lower temperature. For the Lower Lake Region, fair weather, westerly winds, higher barometer, stationary or lower temperature. For the Upper Lake Region, fair weather, westerly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valley, fair weather, variable winds, falling barometer, stationary or higher temperature.

Troy vs. Detroit.

DETROIT, September 4.—The postponed game between Troy and Detroit was played this morning. Score—Detroit 6, Troy 4.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A hand-car, near Edwardsburg, on the Michigan Central, was struck last night by a working train. James Johnson, of Canada, and John Goar, of Detroit, were instantly killed, and Benj. Belemy, of Canada, fatally injured. A fourth man jumped in time to escape. It is reported that the men were intoxicated.

Boiler Explosion.

CINCINNATI, September 4.—The boiler in the rolling mill of Swift and Harper at Riverside, Ohio, near this city, exploded this morning. Five or six persons were more or less injured. None were killed outright.

A Big Fire.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 4.—A Chico special says the Chico Hotel, Armory Hall and a few small cottages burned yesterday. Loss about $80,000.

A BRIDGE BREAKS,

And the Czar of Russia has a Narrow Escape.

Was it a Nihilist?—Terrible Railroad Accident.

Fifty Persons Killed and Many Injured—Anti-Religious Riots in France—Serrano's Declaration in Spain—Foreign News.

Germany.

CARLSRUHE, September 4.—A train of cars running between Freiburg and Colmar left the rails near Hugstetter. Fifty persons were killed and many injured.

There were 1,200 persons on the train. Nineteen carriages were shattered. The accident was caused by a telegraph pole which had been struck by lightning and fell across the track.

THE DETAILS.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 4.—A special cable says: The latest reports from the scene of the railroad disaster state that twenty cars were completely smashed and the scene of the catastrophe strewn with the bodies of the victims. So far fifty-four bodies have been found in the ruins, and the number of wounded will reach eighty-six. Later investigation will, it is feared, swell the list of casualties. Several bodies have been recovered headless, and many with the limbs cut off. A large number of physicians were soon upon the scene. It is reported several of the victims are prominent citizens of Vienna. As Freiburg is one of the old cathedral towns of Germany, it is very likely the wrecked train had a number of tourists on board.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, September 4.—A woman died of injuries received in the charge made by the military Saturday. One of the soldiers is arrested. At a meeting of the Town Council the Lord Mayor stated he had abstained from enrolling Special Constables, as requested by the Lord Lieutenant, because he did not think it was desirable to accept the services of strangers. He had since offered Earl Spencer the services of the tradesmen of the various localities, but had received a reply that the authorities themselves had obtained a sufficient number of Special Constables. He stated specials were now on duty and the police will be reserved for the night.

Spain.

MADRID, September 4.—Marshal Serrano has declared he would consent to become Prime Minister to King Alfonso in the event of Senor Sagastas failing to carry out the promised Radical reforms. Marshal Serrano believes it possible to bring over to the dynasty the most important groups of the Democracy if the King assents to the re-establishment of the Democratic Constitution voted in 1869.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 4.—At the conclusion of the army maneuvers at Ishara, a bridge constructed by the military across a ravine, fell directly after the Emperor and Empress had passed over it. The Minister of War was slightly injured.

France.

PARIS, September 4.—Anti-religious disturbances similar to those at Monticeau les Mines have broken out near the towns of Monlucon and Commentry. Eight crosses were torn down and destroyed.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, September 4.—English agents have arrived at Odessa to purchase 28,000 head of sheep and cattle for the troops in Egypt. Two hundred head died en route last week from the heat.

Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 4.—Gen. Wallace, United States Minister, will dine with the Sultan this evening.

POLITICAL POINTS,

Senator Vest—Lieut.-Gov. Campbell—Personal Paragraphs and Gossip.

Lieut.-Gov. R. A. Campbell returned this morning from Jefferson City and reports that Gov. Crittenden has resumed his executive duties. The Lieutenant-Governor says it is believed an assured fact that the four young men from the capital, Kaiser, Howes, Riley and Davis, have been appointed clerks in Recorder Hoblitzelle's office. The appointment of young Kaiser was a bait to Maj. Kaiser, the Republican proprietor of the Madison Hotel, who so roundly and unstintedly abused the Governor for refusing to pay his gubernatorial board bill at the State Convention which nominated his Excellency. The appointment of Riley was at the instigation of Judge John W. Henry, who once procured the position of assistant librarian of the Supreme Court for the same gentleman. Riley's father is also a rampant Republican. The remaining two young men obtained appointments by reason of their ability as clerks and the number and influence of their Democratic friends.

The prominent Democrats who were invited to attend the meeting of the Ninth Congressional District Democratic Committee last Saturday are trying to solve the mystery of their sudden ejectment from the committee-room. The first member to appear at the meeting was George Knapp, who immediately entered into a consultation with Chairman Wilkerson, which did not cease until order was called. The chairman then stated that he had received a petition for the appointment of a certain gentleman to fill the vacancy from the First Ward; as for himself he did not doubt the power of the committee to fill its own vacancies, but he was informed that there would be opposition to the gentleman recommended, and rather than have any controversy he would agree to refer the matter to the people and have the vacancy filled by a special election. Everybody knew that "the gentleman recommended" was Hon. D. H. Armstrong, and that the opposition came from Geo. Knapp. About this time Col. Knapp nodded significantly to a member of the committee, who moved to go into executive session, and the visiting statesmen were summarily bounced. Afterwards it was ascertained that the committee had ordered primaries to be held next Saturday evening in the First, Second, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards, for the election of committeemen. The policy of a postponement of the general primaries to nominate a candidate for Congress was adhered to, as the committee will not meet again until the 14th of September. In the meantime the candidates are wondering whether the Knapps have found a candidate to run in on the home stretch.

Senator George G. Vest appeared in the corridor of the Lacleds this morning. He was clad in a new suit of black broadcloth, a broad-brimmed black felt hat, and tight-fitting boots that amply showed his small feet. His dress-coat was buttoned tightly around him, and his spotless white shirt was partially covered by a broad purple necktie, contrasting strangely with his florid complexion and red mustache. The Senator is here consulting with Chairman O'Day as to the route of his campaign.

The Secretary of the Greenback State Central Committee returned this morning from Independence, Mo., where the Convention of the Fifth District was held on Saturday. He says the convention adjourned sine die without making any nomination, for the express purpose of giving John T. Crisp an open field, and the Republicans are expected to follow suit. This will make the contest between Crisp and Graves.

It is Col. Mack J. Leaming who is a candidate for Senatorial honors in the Jefferson City district on the Republican ticket, and not S. W. Cox, Mayor of the capital. Col. Leaming is the Prosecuting Attorney of Cole county and Assistant U. S. District Attorney, and is a son-in-law of ex-Mayor Davison. He has a strong following in the district.

Mr. James M. Proctor, Stwitzler Democrat and Prohibitionist, in the recent primary election in Boone county defeated the straight-out Bourbon Democrat, Capt. James Kreisley, for the Legislature, two to one. This is the first time since the war that the Switzler Democracy got on top in this county, and now only by the aid of Prohibition.

Ex-State Auditor Halliday addressed an open letter to Judge Sherwood before the late Democratic State Convention, and spoke of him as the able, fearless and impartial Judge. It is now a surprise to many of the Judge's friends to learn that Halliday, although a delegate to the convention, did not vote for Sherwood.

Hon. J. Ed. Jones is nominated by the Democrats for the Legislature in Clinton county. Col. John M. Michael refuses to support him until he pledges himself to vote to submit the Prohibition question to the people. This Mr. Jones refuses to do.

Mr. E. P. Baldwin, of Hickory, nominated by the Democrats for the State Senate in the Twentieth district, is a Prohibitionist. His Radical opponent, Rev. G. W. Watson, is of the same stripe. The district is Republican.

The furniture for the new headquarters of the Democratic State Central Committee at 208 North Sixth street was moved in this morning, and Secretary Mayo now holds the fort.

THE OLD OPERA-HOUSE SUIT.

John G. Priest Declines to be Sworn —His Commitment Asked.

Some time since John G. Priest brought suit against Charles P. Chouteau and A. B. Wakefield, as trustee of Mrs. Wakefield, to recover $6,000 on account of their partnership liability in De Bar's Opera-house. Mr. Priest at one time held a note, secured by a second deed of trust on the old Theatre Comique, for $10,000 loaned to Ben De Bar. Shortly before De Bar's death Priest released the deed of trust, received $4,000 in cash and accepted a deed for De Bar's leasehold interest in the Opera-house. After the death of Ben De Bar a sale took place under this deed, and Fred R. Priest, a son of John G., was the purchaser. By order of the Probate Court another sale of the Opera-house partnership property took place and John W. Norton became the purchaser. Fred Priest instituted suit in ejectment and was defeated in the lower courts. John G. Priest in the suit pending seeks to obtain the balance of his $10 000 loan to De Bar on the ground that Ben De Bar was authorized by his partners to pledge the credit of the concern, and in that way the deed for the Opera-house leasehold interest came into Priest's hands and was accepted by him in place of the Theatre Comique deed. Chas. P. Chouteau engaged Samuel Hermann to defend, and this morning John G. Priest was summoned to appear before Notary Frank Valle for depositions. At the hour appointed Mr. Priest came in accompanied by A. J. P. Garesche, Sr. A writ of attachment had previously been issued for him. He declined to be sworn. The notary was asked to commit him. Some warm words ensued. The notary took time to consider the matter.

UGLY CUTTING AFFRAY.

A Negro Stabbed Several Times on the Levee.

Albert Cravens, a colored roustabout about 40 years of age, is lying at the City Hospital in a very precarious condition from three knife wounds, while the police are on the look-out for the negro that used the knife. Cravens was on the levee at the Anchor Line's wharfboats about 7 o'clock this morning, when he became involved in a dispute with another negro, whom he only knew by the name of "Frank." The trouble was a settlement of an old grudge, and "Frank," as a forcible argument, used a dirk knife, inflicting an ugly gash along the left side of the head, extending from the hair to the cheek bone, another from the eye to the chin, severing both lips and finishing his work by driving the blade into the right breast inflicting a wound which may prove fatal. "Frank" beat a hasty retreat along the levee and has as yet eluded the police. Cravens wandered up to Sixth and Chestnut streets, where he sank exhausted to the pavement from loss of blood, and was found by Officer Young and sent to the hospital.

A CONGRESS BRUTE.

A Negro Arrested for the Assault on a Florissant Lady.

George Prentiss, a colored laborer at Florissant, was arrested yesterday by Constable Aubuchon on suspicion for a dastardly assault upon a young married lady, Mrs. Dubroy, wife of the baggagemaster of the Narrow Gauge Railroad. The lady was proceeding homeward in the neighborhood of the Florissant depot after the arrival of the last train from town on Saturday evening, when she was assaulted in a most brutal manner by a colored man, who had concealed himself in the ticket near a street-crossing. Her cries were heard a block away, and the brute escaped before assistance came. Prentiss, the man arrested, stoutly denied the assault, but he was seen around the depot before the train came in. He has served a term for grand larceny and bears a bad reputation generally. He was placed in the lock-up and carefully guarded yesterday, and this morning was removed to Clayton Jail. It was not considered advisable to remove him yesterday, for great excitement prevailed in the neighborhood and there was every prospect of lynching.

A Minister's Reward.

The congregation of Wesley Chapel (colored) are feeling very well for they have succeeded in paying off the whole debt on the chapel. This evening they will have a little jollification. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Hughes, will be presented with an elegant gold-headed cane, the handle being splendidly carved and inscribed, "To J. W. Hughes, from the Ladies of Wesley Chapel." In addition, the pastor will be presented with a sufficient number of railroad tickets to make a trip to the East and return, and will go off followed by the good wishes of his little flock.

A LITTLE ROW

In the Criminal Court Over the Acting Circuit Attorneyship.

Harris' Friends Object to Normile Filling the Position—The Judge Holds Out for the Colonel.

A sort of suppressed storm passed over the Criminal Court to-day when Judge Laughlin took the bench for the first time since summer adjournment. The trouble has been brewing for days and scarcely reached its climax to-day. The history of it briefly told is as follows: When Circuit Attorney Harris was stricken down with sickness last winter it was in the middle of exciting times, when the gamblers had caused war and promised more of it. Judge Laughlin called in Col. James C. Normile to take the helm, which he did, taking the salary also. The trouble arose concerning the last mentioned. Mr. Harris was not wealthy in this world's goods, and after a lingering illness, with a family dependent on him, he was in want of the salary attached to the office. Several prominent lawyers volunteered to fill the place, allowing the Circuit Attorney to draw the salary, and this was made known to Normile. Normile resigned in July, allowing Harris to draw the salary for the month. As the opening of court approached, Mr. Harris wrote to Judge Laughlin asking him to appoint Mr. Charles T. Noland Acting Circuit Attorney until his complete recuperation. He also wrote Mr. Noland a letter. The latter waited on Judge Laughlin, and was surprised to hear that his Honor had promised the place to Col. Normile. Mr. Noland called Judge Laughlin's attention to the fact that Mr. Harris was really wanting the money. The interview ended, and the matter went over until to-day, when Mr. Noland appeared before the bar and made application to be appointed Acting Circuit Attorney. He showed Mr. Harris' letter and made reference to the interview. To this Judge Laughlin replied: "Col. Normile accepted the position under peculiar circumstances and at my personal solicitation. When he resigned I requested him to be here to hold the office so long as I might need him. As a matter of fact I feel under certain personal obligations to Col. Normile, and while I prefer and intend to appoint you if Col. Normile does not accept, if you make application in this way I will refuse."

Mr. Noland—In this matter I am urged on by a sense of duty to Mr. Harris, and I desire to know just what your Honor intends to do, so that I can notify Mr. Harris, and if I am not acceptable to your Honor he can make some other selection. Mr. Harris is in need of the salary, and Col. Normile will not take the position without drawing the salary. I make this application through no disrespect to the counsel.

Judge Laughlin—I can see it in no other way. The law says, in language so plain that there is no mistaking it, that the Judge shall appoint regardless of the salary or condition of the incumbent. I would like to see Mr. Harris get the salary, but the Circuit Attorney's position is even suggest a name.

Noland—This is the cold right or duty given by the law, but there is or should be a certain courtesy between officials of a court. You are under promise to Col. Normile for certain personal favors. Now, Col. Normile is not here and apparently does not intend to accept the position.

Laughlin—If you desire to make application, I suppose I will grant you leave. The matter could be laid over, but let it be filed.

Noland—I don't see the necessity of filing a written application?

Laughlin—I want to know, are you pressing the application.

Noland—Not for myself, but for Mr. Harris I do. I don't want him to have even the responsibility of this day's work on his shoulders.

Laughlin—I will remove that responsibility. Let the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney act.

This settled the dispute and the proceedings began.

The true inwardness did not come to the surface. When Mr. Harris was taken sick Judge Laughlin considered that in accepting the appointment Normile did him a favor, as he believes he was there under a heavy fire from the Circuit Attorney's office. Whatever the explanation is, Judge Laughlin is determined to appoint Normile until Harris returns.

The Death Roll.

The following burial permits were issued to-day:

Nannie Aschner, 55 years, 2407 Buel street, cancer of the liver.

Annie Betzler, 16 years, 1800 Park avenue, diphtheria.

Mary Ellen Ryan, 4 years, 917 North Twentieth street.

Mary Johnson, 19 days, Jackson and Schirmer streets, inanition.

Mary M. E. Bonguer, 2 months, 823 North Fifteenth street, congenital debility.

Bridget McGhee, 7 days, northeast corner of Second and Howard streets, convulsions.

Rosa Raeder, 74 years, hydrothorax.

Louisa Kaufmas, 22 years, Female Hospital, typho-malarial fever.

Augusta Lippman, 52 years, 925 Webster street, apoplexy.

Katie McDonald, 1 year, Cheltenham, cholera infantum.

Nicholas John Rektinger, 17 years, 2835 Dickson street, scarlatina.

Josephine Overatreet, 12 years, 1242 South Third street, scrofula.

Robie Burns, 1 year, 527 Trudeau street, tubercular meningitis.

Dennis Sullivan, 2 years, 2354 Papin street, scarlatina.

Effie Nazel, 23 days, Cora avenue and Natural Bridge Road, pulmonary congestion.

Anna Woiff, 2 years, 1807 North Main street, entero-colitis.

Lucy Martin, 1 year, Gano avenue, entero-colitis.

Mamie Carr, 3 years, 1865½ North Second street, marasmus.

John Maddox, 18 months. 1438 North Seventh street, meningitis.

John William Boggemann, 16 years, 423 South Fifteenth street, typhoid fever.

John Hollywood, 22 years, City Hospital, consumption.

John Smarr, 20 years, City Hospital, typho-malarial fever.

Clemens Osterried, 63 years, City Hospital, acute dysentery.

Horman Potman, 38 years, City Hospital, typho-malarial fever.

Edward Guffin, 3 months, East St. Louis, Ill., morpamus.

Thomas Johnson, 35 years, East St. Louis, Ill., congestive chill.

Ella Miller, colored, 21 days, Lawrence county, Ill., follicular stomamatitis.

Ida Maria Wil, 2 years, 1721 Rosatti street, meningitis.

Josephine Gralchen, 8 months, 1241 South Third street, marasmus.

Dana's Assignment.

A deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors was executed to-day by Lyman O. Dana to Edward J. Connor. The estate consists of a stock of stoves, ranges, heaters, fixtures, etc., valued at $5,000.

The School Opening.

The Superintendent of Public Schools was very busy this morning on matters connected with the school openings. While the enrollment lists were not received sufficient proofs were received that the attendance is very large. Wayman Crow, Everett and the Cheltenham schools, not being finished, are not yet opened for scholars. The new rule requiring children to attend the school in their district resulted in over one hundred pupils applying for permission to attend other schools. In cases where good reasons were given the Superintendent granted the requests. The colored schools were all opened and are well attended, and the kindergarten in Colored School No. 1, located on Lucas avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, will soon be opened.

In consequence of the absence of teachers who were sick or out of the city eleven substitutes or assigned teachers were sent out by the Superintendent to different schools.

Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted this morning: James H. Williams and Ann Shannon, William P. O'Brien and Margaret Powers, August Buesse and Paulina Thiele, William McCollum Delphey and Maggie E. Murray, George C. Wagner and Gertrude Becker, Otto Siemon and Auguste Meyer, Henry Rosenthal and Anna M. Boedeker, Henry Heenikes and Louisa Baides, Frank Masek and Ann Suda, Herbert W. Turner and Mamie J. Carlin, Lorenzo E. Anderson and Viola C. Glisim, Thomas A. Gambill and Pokey Mosley, Ben A. Johnson and Rosa Corcoran.

New Cotton.

A bale of new cotton received to-day, by Millsaps, Magee & Co., from M. Rosenbaum, of Bonham, Texas, sold to W. L. Black at 15c a pound. This was the first bale from Hope county, Texas.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Compton Laurels defeated the Salinas yesterday on the latter's ground back of Lafayette Park by the score of 17 to 5.

ALEX. SCOTT, charged with assaulting H. Ray with intent to kill, was bound over in the sum of $500 in the Court of Criminal Correction.

THE game played Sunday morning between the Locust and Charter Oak Base Ball Clubs resulted in a victory for the Charter Oaks by the score of 10 to 4.

ALPHA and Irving Councils, Legion of Honor, will have a base-ball match on Wednesday, at Sportsmen's Park. Game will be called at 3:30 p. m.

THE artesian well at the new college of the Christian Brothers, Union avenue and St. Charles rock road, which is now sunk to a depth of 500 feet, will be tested on next Wednesday morning.

THE match game of base ball which was played at Sportsmen's Park on yesterday morning between the "Famous" and the Brandt nines was won by the former by a score of 20 to 6.

FRANK DARRITH with his wife and four little children, living near the track of the Wabash Railroad, between Lebeaume and Webster streets are sick and in very destitute circumstances.

EVIDENCE of increased business is furnished by the Post-office return of the mail deposited at the receiving boxes on Saturday, as follows: Letters, 1,202 pounds weight; circulars, 1,481 pounds; cards, 98 pounds.

LIEUT. KEPPLER of the Armory Police station, Chicago, was in the city to-day after Jack Cox, captured by Hennessy and Herbert a few days since. Cox is a skillful burglar, and will be taken to Chicago to answer a charge.

AT 10:30 o'clock yesterday an alarm of fire was turned from box 415. A small fire was discovered in a two-story brick dwelling on the east side of Fourth street, between Schirmer and Franklin. It was extinguished with a loss of $5,

THE Humane Society officers yesterday visited the brick yards on Jefferson avenue and Chippewa street, and ordered two horses to the stables which were badly galled. They were driven by Jack Patterson and Eli Smouther.

JOHN BOWERS and Adam Bowers quarreled yesterday at No. 3336 Lemp avenue. John hammered his opinions into Adam's head with a beer-glass. A warrant for assault and battery was this morning sworn out by Adam in the Court of Criminal Correction.

DETECTIVES HENNESSY and Herbert arrested Charles Ellis this morning at Doc. Morris' fence house on Almond street. He is a hard case and was in jail several times. Morris, the proprietor of the fence, is a fine-looking man and has not the manner of the tough that he really is.

THIS morning a warrant for grand larceny was sworn out before the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of the Court of Criminal Correction against William Latkee and William Fidler. On August 27 they stole a silver watch and gold chain from John Kendall, the yard-master of the Iron Mountain Railroad. The two men were put in jail.

YESTERDAY evening as John Nole was driving to his home on Pacific street and Summit avenue he collided with George Frank, who was driving a horse and buggy when the two vehicles met on Lacleds and Grand avenues. Nole's outfit was upset and he was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining several cuts about the head. An ambulance was called and the injured man taken home.

CITY PERSONALS.

John T. McEunis, of the Chicago Times, is in the city.

Col. Dinges, advance agent of Forepaugh's Circus, arrived in town to-day.

Wyman McCarthy, general Western agent of the Baltimore and Ohio is in the city.

Thos. McGill, general western agent of the Central Railroad, of Georgia, is in the city.

H. W. Chandler and family have returned from a visit to the Northern summer resorts.

C. D. Wingfield and M. Dahlgren returned this morning from a pleasure trip to Chicago.

Major Will Reed, the well-known society gentleman, has been seriously ill at Milwaukee.

W. Duncan, general freight agent of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway, has returned from his Eastern trip.

Coal Oil Inspector Joseph H. McEntire and family returned from the Eastern watering places on Saturday evening.

Capt. Wade has been very ill for three weeks past at Bass Rock House, Cape Ann, with typhoid malarial fever.

George H. Morgan, Secretary of the Merchent's Exchange, has returned with his family from a month's visit to the East.

Mr. Alex. O'Bradley, of New York, who is stopping at the Lindell, was yesterday the recipient of a fine floral tribute. It was presented to him at dinner, and Mr. O'Bradley was the envy of every person in the dining-room.

Manager Charles A. Spalding arrived in the city this morning from Saugerties, on the Hudson, accompanied by J. R. Emmet and wife. The veteran manager is bronzed and more healthful than ever, and the new cares and responsibilities incident to matrimony do not seem to have added any greater burden. He finds the work on the Olympic progressing satisfactorily, and everything will be completed in time for the opening next Monday. Mr. Spalding says the outlook for the season is magnificent, both financially and in point of attractions, and will be characterized by prosperity throughout. Mrs. Spalding remains in the East for the present.

CITY HALL NOTES.

City Comptroller Adreon returned from a two weeks' visit to Milwaukee.

The Recorder of Voters to-day appointed Daniel M. Houg as Deputy Recorder of Voters for the Twenty-fourth Ward in place of Thomas Curry, resigned.

Receipts at the City Treasury to-day are: From the President of the Board of Public Improvements, $103 10; from the City Collector, $12,137 91; from the Adreon scales, $8 20, and from the Recorder of Deeds, $91 85.

AN INCREASING EVIL.

Fully Five Hundred Habitual Opium Smokers Frequenting the Dens Daily.

An Ordinance to be Drafted Against the Sale—A New Character, the Opium Vender — Some Startling Facts.

Since the extent of opium smoking in St. Louis was shown in the POST-DISPATCH, the police have turned their attention to the evil. There are now over fifty Chinese laundries in the city and at almost any of these the opium "fiend" can "hit the pipe" on forming the acquaintance of the proprietor and tendering the necessary "two bittee" which secures a dram of opium. The number of laundries and opium dens have increased wonderfully during the last two years. Although the gentlemen of the Young Men's Christian Association, whose meeting, most of the Chinamen attend, have made every effort to induce them to desist from selling the drowsy drug, they have been unable to effect a change. The fear of police interference only has prevented them from opening public places. Two Chinamen, Cloe and Ambre, have opened regular dens on the south side of the alley between Seventh and Eighth and Walnut and Market streets, while two others receive as much profit from smoking attachments to their laundries as from their washboards. Speaking on the subject to-day,

CHIEF CAMPBELL

said: "As the matter stands now, we have no ordinances on the books under which we can prosecute cases if we make them. There is no difficulty in making the cases, as the officers on the beats on which they are situated are in and out at all hours. We can rush in on them and arrest them not any more than we could go into a private residence and take a man and his family out. As it was reported that Police Commissioner Kinkead intended introducing a resolution in the board of Police Commissioners recommending the draft of an ordinance to the Municipal Assembly making the above a misdemeanor punishable by a fine, that gentleman was called on.

"No," said Mr. Kinkead, "there is no law prohibiting this now, but there probably will be."

"Have these Chinamen been reported for any other offenses?"

"Not through the department. It has been reported that some of these proprietors of places where opium is smoked have been guilty of serious offense against the laws, but although the report is not made by the officers, the cases will be thoroughly investigated by the department."

The matter referred to by Mr. Kinkead is very serious one if it based on fact. It is charged that the proprietors of some of the opium dens are accustomed to

ENTICE LITTLE GIRLS INTO THEIR PLACES with promises of candies and sweets, and then, inducing them to smoke the pipe, which renders them almost unconscious, being unaccustomed to the influence of the drug.

Among the demi-monde the habit of smoking opium is spreading with rapidity. One Chinaman with an eye to business has made arrangements to visit several of the houses on certain afternoons, carrying with him several pipes, a lamp and a supply of opium, charging for his own services in cooking the "opium" preparatory to smoking. On two days of the week he visits the house and is taken to one of the rooms at the top of the house, where the inmates congregate, each carrying a pillow, which is deposited on the floor around the lump. In this way the weary hours of the cyprian's life are spent. An upper room is generally used, as the odor of the pipe permeates the building where it is smoked, and can be identified easily by any one who has ever smoked or visited a den. The habit has found especial favor among some of the fast young men about town, who can be found at the "joint," bunked with Ella, Cris Fi, Hop Skid, Chau Lee and the other Chinese attendants of the place. This place alone has over 200 frequenters. Among the other dens are 817 Market and Seventh and Pine. In the laundries and dens the police calculate that fully 500 persons are supplied with opium daily. The Board of Police Commissioners will probably take the subject up for consideration at the meeting on next Tuesday.

DIED ON A BOAT.

Sudden Death of Dr. McMillan, Father of Mrs. Geo. Allen.

The Chicago Times of Saturday contains the following dispatch:

BOSTON, September 2.—A private letter from Nantucket states that a gentleman whose name is not given, who is said to be well known in the Western States, a connection by marriage of the late Congressman Thomas Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., has been spending a few weeks at Nantucket, accompanied by his family. Wednesday he joined a fishing party, and while on the excursion had a violent attack of seasickness, which passed into convulsions, in which the unfortunate man quickly expired. His family were at the landing when the party returned, and were horrified at receiving the dead body of the husband and father who had left them in perfect health a few hours before.

The gentleman referred to in the above was Rev. Dr. McMillan, a prominent Presbyterian clergyman of Philadelphia. He was the father of the wife of Mr. George W. Allen, of this city. Rev. Dr. McMillan had been visiting his daughter and son-in-law, at Nantucket, where Mr. Allen has a summer residence. On the afternoon of last Wednesday Mr. Allen, accompanied by his father-in-law and several ladies and gentlemen, went out boat-riding and blue-fishing. Before they had gone very far Dr. McMillan was seized with convulsions and died in the boat. The cause of death was heart disease, from which the deceased had been a sufferer for some time. His daughter was with him at the time of death. On the following day the body was taken to Philadelphia, several of the members of the family accompanying it. Dr. McMillan was at one time a resident of Pittsburg, and was well known in church circles throughout the country. The body was interred at Philadelphia, and the members of the family who accompanied it have returned to Nantucket.

Religious Notes.

The various preachers held their first meeting this morning after the summer vacation. The meetings were informal and the regular meetings will commence next Monday.

Bishop Bowman preached yesterday in the Union Church. This was his first sermon since his recent illness. In the evening the Central and Union churches held a joint service and the Bishop gave an account of his travels in China and Japan.

Rev. John Wilson, of Leadville, Col., is in the city.

Rev. Peter Acres, the veteran minister, preached yesterday at Jacksonville, Ill., on the Centenary Church. It was the occasion of his 94th birthday.

The Rabbi, N. Noah, of N. Y., is in the city. He attended the Methodist ministers

EASING EVIL.

ired Habitual Opium
Character, the
requenting the
s Daily.

e Drafted Against the
Character, the
ender—Some
g Facts.

opium smoking in St.
the POST-DISPATCH, the
heir attention to the evil.
fifty Chinese laundries in
t any of these the opium
pipe" on forming the
proprietor and tendering
ditee" which secures the
er of laundries and opium
wonderfully during the
though the gentlemen of
Christian Association,
of the Chinamen at
ry effort to induce them
selling the drowsy
been unable to
the fear of police inter-
vented them from open-
wo Chinamen, Cloe and
ed regular dens on the
y between Seventh and
t and Market streets
give as much profit from
s to their laundries as
rds. Speaking on this

CAMPBELL
er stands now, we have
books under which
f we make them. There
king the cases, as the off
which they are situated
all hours. We can't
and arrest them now,
could go into a private
man and his family out;
that Police Commissioner
troducing a resolution in
Commissioners recom-
an ordinance to the Mu-
king the above a misde-
le by a fine, that
t on.
thstead, "there is no law
ow, but there probably

amen been reported for
department. It has been
these proprietors of
m is smoked have been
ense against the laws, but
ce on the beat in the
ill be thoroughly investi-
ment."
ed to by Mr. Kinkead is a
f based on fact. It is
prietors of some of the
stomed to
ISE INTO THEIR PLACES
dles and sweets, and
to smoke the pipe, which
t unconscious, being un-
influence of the drug.
monde the habit of smok-
ding with rapidity. One
ve to business has made
several of the houses on
carrying with him several
supply of opium, charg-
ices in cooking the "op"
ing. On two days of the
ouse and is taken to one
top of the house, where
egate, each carrying a pi-
posited on the floor
In this way the weary
prian's ire are spent
enerally used, as the odor
es the building where it
be identified easily by
r smoked or visited a den.
ng men about town, and
ong men about town, and
"joint," bunked with Ed
d, Chau Lee and the oth-
nts of the place. This
over 200 fre-
the other dens
Seventh and Pine. In
dens the police calculate
sons are supplied with
Board of Police Commis-
ly take the subject up for
e meeting on next Tues-

ON A BOAT.

Dr McMillan, Fathe
Geo. Allen.
s of Saturday contained
ch:
r 2.—A private letter from
that a gentleman,
iven, but who is said to
he Western States, a con-
of the late Congressman
st. Louis, Mo., has been
ks at Nantucket, accompa-
Wednesday he joined a
while on the Connecticut
seasickness, which passed
in which the unfortunate
t. His family were at the
party returned, and were
ng the dead body of the
who had left them in per-
urs before.
ferred to in the above wa
Millan, a prominent
gyman of Philadelphia,
of the wife of Mr. George
city. Rev. Dr. McMillan
is daughter and son-in-
where Mr. Allen has a
On the afternoon of last
ien, accompanied by his
several ladies and gentle-
t-riding and blue-fishing.
ne very far Dr. McMillan
pulsions and died in the
death was heart disease,
ssed had been a sufferer
daughter was with him
. On the following day
to Philadelphia, several
ne family accompanying it.
at one time a resident of
s well known in clerical
the country. The body
Philadelphia, and the mem-
who accompanied it have
set.

lous Notes.
hers held their first meet-
er the summer vacation.
informal and the regular
ence next Monday.
preached yesterday in the
his was his first sermon
ness. In the evening the
churches held a joint ser-
p gave an account of his
Japan.
of Leadville, Col., is in

e, the veteran minister,
at Jacksonville, Ill., is
rch. It was the occasion

ah, of N. Y., is in the city.
Methodist ministers' meet-
He proposes to organize
ew language.
ard of Missions meet to-
in the rooms of the Pres-

on preached yesterday at
Church, which is without

of Belleville; Rev. D. T
and Rev. A. J. Fassett, o
ended the Baptist meet-

ENGLISH SOCIETY.

The Shams and Miseries of High Fashionable Life.

London Letter to New York Sun.

Next to being seen everywhere in London from May to July inclusively, the most imperative thing is to be seen out of it after Goodwood. Then a general stampede begins and the exodus is carried out with far more celerity and despatch than was brought to bear on the embarkation of troops for Alexandria, or to speak more correctly, on the sending off of transports, which, on arriving, were sometimes found to have transported nothing. Suit, with all this haste, this vying to be the first to start, we never forget to have our movements heralded, first as about to begin, then as having gone. We give minute itineraries to the journals, from the two acknowledged organs of Society—not neglecting the Morning Post or Court Circular—down to such small multipieces as the Referee and the Sporting Times, which will carry the important notices as to our whereabouts to the low tap-room or fifth-rate eating house. We may not, and we actually do not, always get to the places we have indicated; but we choose them with a keen eye to the dictates of fashion, and the newspaper paragraph conveys the additional fact to the genius the impress the audience.

Item, it is gratifying to learn that the Duke and Duchess of Malborough leave Blenheim to visit the Duke and Duchess of Roxburghe in Scotland; that another duke will entertain but a small family party till the beginning of September, and contemplates entertaining at Cannes; while Lord Dalhousie is ordered to Homburg, and cannot do the honors of Brechin Castle to any guests whatever.—which immediately stamps both Cannes and Homburg as the places where fashion, nay royalty should congregate. One young married couple, feeling most unes the first flush of happiness, and one other duke form the people that, more courageous or more patriotic than the peers, they will visit their tenantry in much disturbed Ireland. A little further down the page, we see that Lady C. takes her lovely daughters to visit Lord X., and that the honorable Frederick Z is among the guests. This is an approved and ingenious method of proclaiming that the Misses C. are beautiful, and that the Honorable Frederick is expected to propose to one of them. Read on: "Mr. B. is about to cruise with his yacht in the Mediterranean." Down it proceed again: "Mr. B. has been severely hit on Newmarket and is rather under a cloud but he can't have been so roughly handled after all, if he takes to yachting; and see here, he has Lady M., Mrs. W., and ever so many tip-top swells among his guests for the cruise."

After the list of the high-born ones is finished off with nice graduation of titles and rank, as if they were seat down to dinner by an experienced master of ceremonies, there crop up promiscuously in the same column the misters and mistresses, the reverends, the doctors, and the professors, who, forsooth, must also tell the world what they are doing in the society at Wasnington. The wives and daughters of the Senators and Judges put their heads together and voted the fashion vulgar and unbecoming. Since then there has been a decided reaction against it everywhere; and, although it is adhered to by some, the more dignified and sensible of those who give tone to society throughout the country have gone back to nearly the full dress of the previous order. At the same time the stiff rule having once been broken, there is more independence than formerly in attire on ceremonial occasions, and people of standing are allowed without severe criticism to consult their own tastes and preferences as to style and detail.

Tom Paine's Grave.

New York Cor. Cincinnati Gazette.

Driving through the village of New Rochelle lately, I observed that the Tom Paine monument was very much marred by relic hunters, who have chipped off pieces from every side. Many suppose that this monument mark Paine's grave, but this is not the case. He was buried there, but his bones were carried to England ten years after his death (1819) by William Cobbett, who intended to hold a grand funeral. The plan met no encouragement, and the result was that the box containing the bones was left in a custom house shop, and no one knows what became of them. This resurrection inspired Byron to such a degree as to produce his well known epigram.

The history of this monument is as follows: Paine owned a farm at New Rochelle (the gift of the Government), but passed his days in this city in a rather miserable condition. After his death his remains were conveyed to the farm, where they lay ten years and were then removed by Cobbett. There was a small circle of admirers of Paine in this city, and in 1839 they erected this monument, placing it over the empty grave. The deception thus practiced has led memorial hunters into an error, since they imagine this to be the place of interment. The Tom Paine clique has given place to the Ingersoll admirers, but they will eventually prove equally as evanescent. It may be observed that only one person on record was ever named after Tom Paine. This was a son of Robert Treat Paine (signer of the Declaration of Independence), born amid the excitement of "the time that tried men's souls." His father, out of admiration of the author of the "Crisis" and "Common Sense," called the child Thomas, thus making him Thomas Paine, Jr. This did very well until the "Age of Reason" appeared, which rendered its author infamous. "Thomas Paine, Jr." then became disgusted with his title, and at his request the Legislature of Massachusetts allowed him to take the name of his father. Robert Treat Paine, Jr., (as he now became) was the author of the favorite song "Adams and Liberty," for which he received $750. He married an actress (Miss Bake), and became an attache of the theater, being the first American of social rank that identified himself with the histrionic profession.

A Barrel of Diamonds.

Saratoga Letter to Baltimore sun.

The question as to where all the diamonds in this country come from is a very pertinent one. I verily believe that at Cape May, Long Branch, Newport and Saratoga I have seen this season enough diamonds to fill a barrel. It is a rare exception not to meet a woman who has not diamonds somewhere on her person, and the majority have them distributed wherever it is possible to find a lodging-place. I would not be surprised if the next move is to bore holes in their noses to stick them in. The young lady at Long Branch who expressed so much disgust to me because some man not having provided properly in diamonds probably considers it is entire good taste for her own sex to do the same, but it is not most certainly to the extent to which many of them carry it.

At a table just opposite to me to-day four dowagers sat at breakfast. Like all dowagers nowadays, these ladies had an excess of tendency to embonpoint about them, but they were all of extremely short stature. Each was dressed in white, with most elaborate and gaudy trimmings, and each evidently was undertaking to outshine the other in the display of diamonds. Their ear-rings were enormous, two of the sets being composed of cut-glass diamond necklaces hung around their necks with long pendants; great diamond pins nestled on their expansive bosoms and their fingers were almost hidden with sparkling, glittering rings. Had it been en regle to come into the room bareheaded I make no doubt they would have had diamond rings on their toes. Those four ladies were evidently conscious pride in their baubles, which were far more than a king's ransom, and yet they were only enhancing their own shabbiness.

At another table close to them sat a younger lady with her husband, who had earrings, finger rings, bracelets, brooches, pins, tiara and necklace, all of diamonds, with a few pearls and lizards fastened in her back hair. This lady is said to be the possessor of more costly diamonds than any other woman in the United States. She wears them constantly on her person, because she is afraid to trust them out of her sight.

Marine bangles worn by the ladies at Newport have loosters, turtle and various fish hanging from them. They are ugly enough to make old Neptune shudder.

The new shade of royal cardinal promises to be a leading color this fall.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

☞ Pleasant to the taste, efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

☞ FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

☞ KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As marvellous in results as the Compound.

☞ Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

☞ LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

Try Our
WANT
COLUMNS,
Twenty Words for
TEN
CENTS.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S
INFALLIBLE
Yeast Powder
THE ORIGINAL!
NOT ADULTERATED
NOT EXTENDED.

PERFECTLY PURE,
and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

M. M. BUCK & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.
209 N. Third St., St. Louis.
TOOLS

ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB

How Turkish Houris and Parisian Ladies Preserve Their Beauty.

Returning from the Orient, we offer to the ladies of America the most jealously guarded secret of the Turkish harems. We refer to THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB, or Serays, which brightens the eyes and preserves the beauty and freshness of youth to an advanced age, covering the complexion of all blemishes, such as Pimples, Wrinkles, Sallowness, Freckles, etc., and giving it the transparency and love liness of the rose.

Face powders and lotions are injurious, and give an artificial appearance to the skin, while this herb is taken internally, is perfectly harmless, acting as a restorative and tonic, and gives that crowning glory to beauty, a skin of oriental softness and transcendental purity and beauty. Price $1 00; Six Packages for $5.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MEYER BROS. & Co., 6 N. second st., and RICHARDSON & CO., 704 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo., Wholesale Agents. Sent by mail on addressing J. A. GREENE 4 N. Tenth st., St. Louis, Mo.

SSS
CURES SYPHILIS IN ANY STAGE; CATARRH! ECZEMA! OLD SORES! PIMPLES! OR ANY SKIN DISEASES!
CURES SKIN DISEASES! SCROFULA! AND Mercurial or Syph'lit'c RHEUMATISM!
Cure when HOT SPRINGS Fail.
MALVERN, ARK., May 2 1881.
We have cases in our town who lived at Hot Springs and were finally cured with S. S. S.
McCAMMON & MURRY.
If you doubt, come to see us, and we will CURE YOU or charge nothing. Write for particulars, and a copy of the little book. (Free.)
$1,000 Reward will be paid to any chemist who will find, on analysis of 100 bottles S. S. S., one particle of Mercury, Iodide Potassium, or any mineral substance.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
Price: Small size, $1; large size, $1 75 per bottle.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.,
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show. All old regulars know Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones. Boils, Impurities and Blood Poisoning. Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases arising from overworked brain. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet free. Medicine sent by mail or express. Cure guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.
MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES. FINE PLATES.
If you doubt, send for it. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not; way Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. The unmarried or contemplating marriage should read it, then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail, in money or postage.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and storerooms for rent, lease; sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate
519 Walnut st. Office bet. 5th and 6th.

CHAS. A. DRACH & CO.,
Electrotypers and Stereotypers,
COR. FOURTH AND PINE STS.,
(Globe-Democrat Building), ST. LOUIS, MO

DR. WOOD—Thirty years practice. Experience Cures all CHRONIC DISEASES of male or female, no matter how SERIOUS or long standing in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; business confidential. Office private. No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 6 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber goods best in market.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June term, 1882. Wednesday, June 28, 1882.

Charles F. Claflin surviving partner, suing on behalf of the partnership of Claflin & Thayer,
vs.
M. H. Moody.
No. 58,488.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in the State of Missouri so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of four hundred and ninety 0-100 dollars, on account of goods sold and delivered to defendant by plaintiff at defendant's special instance and request; and that his property has been attached; and unless he appear at the office of this court in the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this 5th day of July, 1882.

SEAL } CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
61R

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, June Term, 1882. Wednesday, August 2, 1882.

Augustus N. Eddy et al.
vs.
M. H. Moody.
No. 59,072.
Attachment.

It appearing to the court from the Sheriff's return on the summons issued herein that the defendant cannot be found, and the court being satisfied that process cannot be served upon said defendant, therefore, on motion of plaintiffs by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of 132.90 dollars on account of goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to him by plaintiffs between the 14th day of March, 1881, and the 14th day of May, 1882, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday in October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 3d day of August 1882.

SEAL } CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
60R

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE OF Ellen Crowley, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Ellen Crowley,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of July, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned or allow the same within one year after the date of this notice or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of August 1882.

JOHN ASJ ROWE,
Administrator of the estate of Ellen Crowley, deceased. 1T

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF LEASEHOLD ESTATE.—In order to pay debts owing by the estate of Edward Bell, deceased, I will on SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1882, at 12 o'clock m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri sell to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain leasehold estate held by said estate in a lot of ground in block 5, said estate being a lot of ground fronting 25 feet on Lami street, and extending back between parallel lines 150 feet, and being the same property leased by Edward Bell to Thomas Lamb, by lease dated the 1st day of May, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, Missouri, in book 553, page 241, for the term of ten years from the 1st day of May, 1877, at the yearly rental of $360 per annum; lease terminates April 30th, 1887. Purchaser will be required to assume the lease of the saw or other buildings of brick erected on said lot. For further particulars apply to the administrator, No. 405 Dillon street, St. Louis, Mo.

SAMUEL N. HOLLIDAY,
Administrator with will annexed of the estate of John S. M. Cowie, deceased.
St. Louis, August 31, 1882. 56T

No. 14,393 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Milton Carper, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Milton Carper,

deceased, and that I did so on the 1st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,392 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Elizabeth Dakers, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Elizabeth Deakers,

deceased, and that I did so on the 2d day of August, 1882 for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,414 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John H. McAlpine deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John H. McAlpine,

deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,424 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Harriet Matthael, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Henrietta Matthael,

deceased, and that I did so on the 24th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut st.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 31T

No. 14,422 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Elizabeth Deakers, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Elizabeth Deakers,

deceased, and that I did so on the 2d day of August, 1882 for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street second floor.
St. Louis, Mo. August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,441 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John H. McAlpine deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John H. McAlpine,

deceased, and that I did so on the 14th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,406 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of James McDowell, deceased. Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

McDowell,

deceased, and that I did so on the 9th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,420 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Barbara Kaeppler, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Barbara Kaeppler,

deceased, and that I did so on the 21st day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,416 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Jacob Conrad, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Jacob Conrad,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,391 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Peter Dickinson, Sr., deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Peter Dickinson, Sr.,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 11th day of August, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1882.

THOMAS METCALFE,
Administrator of the estate of Peter Dickinson, Sr., deceased. 34T

No. 14,416 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Jacob Conrad, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Jacob Conrad,

deceased, and that I did so on the 15th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year from the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis. Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,491 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of John McMahan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John McMahan,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 7th day of August, A. D. 1882.

HENRY MORMANN,
Executor of the estate of Karolina Weidner, deceased. 29T

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF HENRY BOERS, DECEASED.—Henry Boers committed suicide in St. Louis county, Mo., on or about the 20th day of April, 1860. He was about sixty years old, five feet six inches high, heavy set and large-boned, weighed about 175 pounds, had on the occasion of his death a new hat, full round face and large beard, very much preserved. The color of his eyes was different, one being dark, the other light.

He came to St. Louis from Germany about 1857, and this worked as a day laborer, but for twenty-five years before his death he was a plasterer. He left an estate valued at $6,561 81, consisting of personal property appraised at $84 00, and real estate at $6,477 81, each 1st 61.

For further particulars apply at my office or to the attorneys for the estate.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis, Office 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

No. 14,423 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of L. A. Welch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

L. A. Welch,

deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of August, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis, Office, 615 Chestnut street, second floor.
St. Louis, Mo., August 28, 1882. 29T

ESTATE of Karolina Weidner, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Karolina Weidner,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the third day of August, A. D. 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 3d day of August, A. D. 1882.

HENRY MORMANN,
Executor of the estate of Karolina Weidner, deceased. 29T

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS the South St. Louis Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Missouri, in conformity with a resolution of the Board of Directors and under authority granted by a meeting of stockholders, as it does fully appear by said proceedings, one dated October 8, 1879, and the other dated November 20, 1878, and recorded in book 520, page 410, and the other one dated October 20, 1878, and recorded in book 491, page 206, of the St. Louis City Records, by its president and secretary, and with the corporate seal attached, did convey to the undersigned, William C. Lange, by the aforesaid deeds, the following described property, etc., to-wit:

All and singular the right and privileges and franchises belonging to or hereafter to be acquired by the South St. Louis Railway Company, under the laws of the State of Missouri and the ordinances of the city of St. Louis also its tracks of railway now laid down or hereafter to be laid down in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and all iron or steel rails, materials, passenger cars, rolling stock, live stock, horses, mules, harness, engines, machinery, and all personal property and appurtenances of said railway of whatsoever description, now owned or hereafter to be acquired by said South St. Louis Railway Company; also all real estate, whether held in fee or less tenure, within the city of St. Louis as now established by law, or hereafter to be acquired by said Railway Company, and particularly one certain leasehold property now owned and described as follows, to-wit:

The west half of block number fifty-nine (59), according to survey number three (3), of former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3134, of the city of St. Louis, containing one hundred (100) feet on east line of second street, running east of equal width 137 feet and 6 inches in depth to an alley 20 feet wide, which runs from north to south of Pestalozzi street, south by Davis street, east by said alley and west by Second street, together with all and singular the buildings, shops, stables, carpenter's mills and offices now erected or which may hereafter be erected on any of said tracts of land or any leased premises.

Which deed of trust was made in trust to secure the payment of one hundred and sixty (160) bonds of five hundred dollars each, which bonds, represented by coupons bearing date of July 1st, 1878, are coupons for interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, bonds being dated October 1st, 1878, and coupons being payable semi-annually. And whereas coupons of said bonds have become due and remain due and unpaid. Now, at the request of the holders of these bonds and coupons secured thereon from the 30th day of May, 1877; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said bonds and coupons and pursuant to the conditions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on

MONDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purposes of said trust, proceed to sell the above described property, together with all rights and franchises thereto belonging, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said bonds and coupons and the expenses of executing the same.

WILLIAM C. LANGE,
Trustee.

The attention of bidders is called to a certain agreement between the south St. Louis Railway Company, William C. Lange, representing the bondholders, and Theodore Fischenbeck, dated December 15, 1881, and recorded in book 672, page 173, of the St. Louis Records; five thousand dollars to be paid in cash down at the Court-house, for a bid of said property, and balance to be paid three days after the sale, when the deed will be delivered.

WILLIAM C. LANGE.
7T

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the principal note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Hugh H. Skinner and wife, dated the 22d day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 854, page 464, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust contained, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: Real estate situate, lying and being in the State of Missouri, and in the city of St. Louis, and known as being lot number 1029 of the City of St. Louis, according to a plat of which addition is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, said lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Thomas street and extending southwardly of that width one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches, more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by said Thomas street, east by lot No. 46 of said block, south by said alley and west by lot No. 44 in said block, on which lot is situated a two-story brick dwelling house.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN,
September 1, 1882. Trustee.
79T

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife, and Bernard Goldschmidt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acting therein under a special instrument in writing to him signified over her signature thereto attached, by their certain deed of trust, with power of sale, dated the 9th day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for Jefferson county, Missouri, in book 8, at pages 589, 590 and 591, did convey to the undersigned, Louis Ottenad, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying and situate in Jefferson county, Missouri, to-wit: The west half of lot number (6) of the fractional southwest quarter, and the west half of lot number five (5) of the northeast quarter of section number four (4), in township number thirty-nine (39), of range number nine (9) east, containing one hundred acres, it being the same one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land which the said Bernard Goldschmidt, as trustee of said Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, acquired of Edward C. McNulty and wife by deed dated the 6th day of May, A. D. 1864, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said Jefferson county, in book K, pages 574, 575 and 576; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made to secure the payment of seven certain promissory negotiable notes, bearing even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described, made by said George M. Fichtenkam and Elizabeth A. Fichtenkam, his wife. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note or any of the interest secured by said deed, for the sum of $4,000, payable three years after date, and the same remains wholly unpaid. Now, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described property, together with all rights and franchises thereto belonging, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said notes and the expenses of executing the same.

WILLIAM C. LANGE,
Trustee.

The attention of bidders is called to a certain agreement between the south St. Louis Railway Company, William C. Lange, representing the bondholders, and Theodore Fischenbeck, dated December 15, 1881, and recorded in book 672, page 173, of the St. Louis Records; five thousand dollars to be paid in cash down at the Court-house, for a bid of said property, and balance to be paid three days after the sale, when the deed

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

Telephone Offices of the Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid-day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. GEIBLER, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. JONES & CO., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
OTTO D'AMOUR, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers Street.
JNO. W. O'BRIEN, Druggist, 1737 Cass Avenue.
J. W. TOMFOHRDE, Pharmacist, Eighteenth and Benton Streets.
WM. R. GRANT, Druggist, 3342 Olive Street.
H. F. A. SPILKER, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. GOOD, Druggist, 2848 Olive Street.
GEO. WEINSBERG, Apothecary, Marion and Menard Streets.
THOS. S. GLENN, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
CHAS. GULATH, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
ADOLPH PFEIFFER, Druggist, Broadway an Salisbury Streets.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Business Department	358
Editorial Rooms	501

☞ *This paper has on each day of publication a circulation within the city twice as large as that of any other paper published in St. Louis. Our books are open and all advertisers are specially invited to examine them.*

WE feel authorized to say that the war in Egypt will not be closed up entirely by the 15th inst.

THE New York *Herald* has dropped WADSWORTH and is now booming FOLGER for the New York Governorship. How shifting are the sands along the seashore!

OF course Mr. GOULD will turn his attention to journalism in Missouri now that he has swallowed up nearly all the railroads in the State. He will need protection.

IT is in order now for the *Republican* to again raise its worshipful yawp in praise of that industrious citizen JAY GOULD. He has just achieved another Missouri railroad.

SENATOR Brealey is in the city. If he hasn't called at the *Republican* office to pay his respects and do homage to the great Democratic Sachems down there he is a dead man politically.

IF it is true, as reported, that 20,000 horsemen are trotting from Tripoli to join the army of ARABI, the sooner Gen. WOLSELY winds up his Egyptian picnic the better it will be for him and the Household Guards.

THERE is to be a State election in Arkansas to-day. The Republicans, knowing that defeat is inevitable, have prepared a story about bulldozing, dishonest counting, etc., which has been sent over the country in advance of their calamity.

THERE is talk of bringing out ex-Senator PHELAN to contest with the Hon. JOHN O'NEIL the privilege of representing the Eighth District in Congress. This would hardly be fair to O'NEILL, who has established a sort of mechanic's lien on the district.

IT would simplify matters very much here in Missouri if the Republican National Committee, through its Secretary, Mr. DORSEY, would send out a circular declaring that the policy which Mr. FILLEY is laboring so hard to enforce meets the approval of the Administration.

THERE is no railway competition in Missouri now. JAY GOULD sits on his throne like a king and dictates freight rates, regulating the value of our markets and making all productive property subservient to his will. How kings in Europe possess such power over the industries of the people.

THERE is no doubt about it, JAY GOULD is not only a Gluttonous Potentate but a Soulless Monopolist of the most gigantic pattern. He is the *beau ideal* of the human cormorant so graphically depicted by Col. BURNES, of St. Joseph, in his opening address to the voters of the Fourth District.

A NEW Democratic daily newspaper is to be started in Cincinnati in opposition to the *Enquirer*, which is supposed to be a little soft in its Democracy. The new company has a capital of $200,000, and the gentlemen composing it represent seven millions of dollars. Ex.-Gov. UNDERWOOD, of Kentucky, is at the head of the enterprise.

THE *Globe-Democrat*, weary of the "bulldozing" and the "outraging" of FILLEY and his wicked followers, has sent a deputation of gory reporters to Arkansas to dish up the scenes of horror which are to be enacted, per programme, at the election there to-day. The contest with the FILLEY-stines has filled the sanguinary editor of the *G.-D* with a desire to once more flap the bloody shirt.

IT is announced now that Gen. WOLSELEY'S position at Kassassin is very strong, and the hope is expressed that ARABI will try his strength against it. This doesn't sound well, coming from the headquarters of an army which was promising to take the offensive the other day. Another dispatch says that ARABI is well fortified; that his army seems to have regained confidence, and that it will be necessary to prepare for "a scientific and methodical advance" in force against him. As a matter of fact, the English army in Egypt is in a bad way. Unless WOLSELEY can break ARABI'S army with one crushing blow and force his way to the Nile, his position in the desert, where water is scarce and of bad quality, must become critical indeed. The diseases incident to tropical heat and camp diet are making savage inroads upon his men, and every week of delay means distress and loss of prestige for him. It is suspected in military quarters that the Indian contingent is being brought up by way of the Red Sea to Suez to operate by way of the old Cairo and Suez post route and take the enemy in flank and rear. The perfect control which the British commander has over the telegraph would enable him to keep such a movement from the knowledge of the outside wyrld. The delay at Kassassin is doubtless caused by the necessity for co-operation with the army from India.

INSATIATE JAY GOULD.

The purchase of the control of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad by GOULD'S syndicate raises the very serious question whether there is any great interest in Missouri that is not completely at the mercy of this insatiate man's power. He and his friends, RUSSELL SAGE and SYDNEY DILLON, besides controlling the Union Pacific and its branches, west of us, and great trunk lines east of us, and the telegraph system of the Union, upon which the press and public opinion are so dependent, have within the last two years entered Missouri and acquired a control over her transportation, her industrial interests and her mineral wealth which places the whole State at their feet.

They control the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, 719 miles; capital, $26,000,000; the Wabash, 874 miles; capital, $42,000,000; the Missouri Pacific, 522 miles, capital $30,000,000; the St. Louis and San Francisco, 408 miles, cost $42,000,000; the M., K. and T., 247 miles, worth $12,000,000; and the Hannibal and St. Joseph, 292 miles, cost $13,800,000; the St. Louis bridge, the St. Louis tunnel, the bridges at St. Charles, Kansas City and St. Joseph. These lines, some of them built to compete with the others, are now all pooled under one control, which means no competition and absolute command over the transportation of nearly all the products of the State. How such power may be wielded is seen in the fact that this acquisition was followed by the acquisition of controlling interests in stock yards, in the great iron and steel manufacturing companies, in the Mississippi Barge Line, in mining property, especially the coal fields of Western Missouri, which are being all gobbled up by GOULD and his associates because they are dependent on him for the transportation of their output. He thus controls over $120,000,000 worth of property in this State, which virtually controls everything else, and makes him the arbiter of business competitions between men and localities, and to a great extent the arbiter between parties and political aspirants.

How he will use this vast power through his grand army of employes in this State may be inferred from his own recent statement that his pigeon-holes were full of letters from politicians and eminent men suing for his favor. "I take little interest in politics," said he, "and when I am forced to do so, it is because I must protect the enterprises in which I am embarked and the interests of the stockholders embarked with me." How he protects the latter is told in thousands of squeezing and fleecing operations by which his control of so many lines has enabled him to grew fabulously rich on the ruin of tens of thousands of capitalists and the plunder of millions of producers. His attorneys and dependents figure in every primary and are on hand to play his quiet game in every convention. His secret influence over State officers and Legislatures lurks in the background of every public question. What feudal Baron of old ever wielded a power so mighty and far-reaching? It is charged that he controls our Supreme Court nominations, and we have seen a startling manifestation of his might in the nomination of his West Missouri Lieutenant, Col. JAMES N. BURNES, for Congress in the St. Joseph District. Our Governor is known to be his friend and ally, and the time is rapidly approaching, no doubt, when the road to every form of political advancement in Missouri will lie through the favor of JAY GOULD.

Do the people of Missouri realize how thoroughly their institutions and their systems are menaced by the erection of this vast fabric of One-man Power in their midst?

WHY IT WILL FAIL.

The Utah Commission has changed its mind and concluded that, in spite of the Territorial statutes, it is authorized to purge the registration lists for the fall election, by striking therefrom all men and women who will not come forward and take a test-oath declaring that they are not bigamists, nor polygamists, nor cohabiting with persons of the opposite sex in any relation forbidden by the statutes of the United States. To conduct this expurgatory disfranchisement, however, they have appointed Mormon registering officers in eight of the twenty-four counties, apostate Mormons in nine, and Gentiles in seven. The Mormon hierarchy, with its authority to bind and loose, has issued a proclamation commanding the faithful to "guard well our franchise, in one unbroken phalanx maintain and sustain our political status, and operate together in defense of what few liberties are left us." It is clear that this arrangement will disfranchise only the few notorious polygamists whose guilt can be established by Gentile testimony, and that people familiar with Utah were right in predicting that Mr. EDMUNDS' ballot-box crusade against the "twin relic" would result in a fiasco.

The danger is that this failure will render the Mormons more united and obstinate in the defense of their peculiar institution, more confident that God will defeat and rebuke its enemies. The Mormons who really violate the law by maintaining expensive harems are comparatively few. The disfranchisement of every one of them would not overthrow Mormon ascendency at the ballot-box in Utah. But all the Mormons of Utah regard polygamy as ordained of God, and its incorporation into their religious faith and practice as sanctified by direct revelation from Him. Hence a test-oath for the disfranchisement of polygamists is regarded by the Mormons as one of those religious tests forbidden by the Constitution, and their casuistry teaches them that an oath unlawfully imposed is void in law and morals, and that false swearing in self-defense, and in defense of one's religious and political rights, is not sinful, but justifiable when the necessity is imposed by lawless power. It was by this sort of casuistry that Delegate CANNON justified himself and was justified by all Mormons in taking the oath to uphold and obey the Constitution and laws of the United States, while he at the same time continued his polygamous practices in open violation of those laws and of his oath. He and the people of his religious faith regarded the law against polygamy as "a law respecting an establishment of religion," and therefore unconstitutional, void, and entitled to no obedience or respect. Of course, they were wrong, but we have to recognize facts, and the most important fact in this Utah problem is that, in every law against polygamy, we really are legislating against the religious teachings, the religious faith and practice of one of the most fanatical and one of the most powerfully organized churches the world ever saw. It is gathering the vigorous but ignorant poor of all the civilized and Christian nations of the earth into a wondrously prosperous hive of industry, where all of their material interests and human passions are inseparably bound up with the spiritual and temporal authority of a priesthood, and are artfully blended into a faith as unquestioning, enduring and aggressive as ever that of Islam was.

It is worse than folly to attempt to overthrow the authority and reform the practices of such an organization as this by merely disfranchising a few of the most prosperous and influential members. This only rallies the entire membership to their support and supplies the martyr "seed" so highly prized by religious propaganda in all ages and countries. Test oaths are odious, and disfranchisement for an avowed political object has never been popular or permanently effectual in this country. A reform which cannot be effected without it is regarded as impracticable or as undesirable on such terms. The great body of the Confederate soldiers had no slave property, and in their hearts regretted the existence of the institution, but they fought and suffered like heroes in defense of what they had been taught to regard as their neighbors' rights tyrannically assailed. The non-polygamous Mormons, the great mass of the Utah people, will, no doubt, show a similar spirit, and petty, unavailing but aggravating crusades, of the EDMUNDS bill kind, are the very things to work them up to it. Between moral suasion or religious conversion and the suppression of polygamy by the most vigorous exercise of the Government's power there is no middle ground remedy for the evil. If we cannot leave its cure to time and social influences, we must make the punishment of polygamy severe and certain by taking the enforcement of the law against it entirely out of Mormon hands and entrusting it to United States officers and judges, authorized to convict and punish without the intervention of Mormon juries or ballot boxes.

BOURBONS WHO FORGIVE.

Col. JEEMES N. BURNES is working things smoothly and beautifully in the Fourth District. When the Democratic nomination for Congress was yielded up to him without a struggle, as if it had been a stack of county bonds, or county railroad stock, or a St. Joseph bridge, or something of that sort, it was still feared that, though no organized revolt ensued, a flood of recollections would sweep over the Platte Purchase with force sufficient to wipe out the small Democratic majority of only 600 over the combined opposition. But combination against a "bar'l" judiciously handled is impossible, and all the subsequent proceedings have vindicated the wisdom of nominating him to redeem the district for the Democrats.

Col. BURNES is a gentleman who, like his business associate JAY GOULD, has always taken "a broad business view" of political affairs, and has never seriously concerned himself in elections, except when he meant business. In the rude exigencies of business he has been long accustomed to cultivate the amenities which join their tendrils and mingle their bloom across the garden wall of party politics. In fact, he is about as much at home in one garden as another, and is in the habit of maintaining close business relations and taking sweet, familiar counsel with the principal gardeners on both sides of the fence. Wherefore it begins to appear that his personal magnetism is wielding a very perceptible influence over the management of both the party organizations that were expected to combine their forces against him. Indeed, it seems that he might be the standard-bearer of each one of them also, but for his own objection to the expensiveness and "bad form" of being "like CERBERUS, three gentlemen at once." So the contest is being arranged by the high contracting parties upon the basis of that harmonious disagreement which is next most conducive to the election of Col. BURNES.

By uniting on the Hon. NICHOLAS FORD, the Republicans and Greenbackers jointly elected him two years ago, when the district was more Democratic than as now constituted. But questions of precedence, then disregarded as of no consequence between the allied forces, are now made to assume a momentous importance and are treated as sufficiently vital to prevent a union on FORD against BURNES. The Republican managers notified all concerned that they must have a nominee of their own this time, who should not come to their convention with an accepted Greenback nomination already in his pocket. The Greenback Convention was therefore hurried up in the interest of Col. BURNES, the nomination was tendered to Mr. FORD, and when he declined it, as the circumstances compelled him to do, Mr. NATHANIEL SISSON was trotted out as the Greenback nominee. There is a suspicion that SISSON may withdraw if the Republicans nominate FORD, but Col. BURNES, in his heroic opposition to "gluttonous potentates and soulless monopolies," is liberal with his means, and a Greenback politician may prove as weak as another in resisting the temptation of a light and lucrative employment as a third candidate for Congress during the dull fall months.

The probable election of Col. BURNES under these circumstances will suggest a train of pleasing and edifying reflections to Republicans of a philosophic turn. It will teach them that the alleged Bourbons of Missouri are amazingly ready to forget and forgive disagreeable things, and that the alleged "Bourbon prejudice" of the Missouri Democrats is so faded away that, when properly handled, it is really no bar to the restoration of our State Government to the hands of those who were the chief advisers and beneficiaries of the much denounced "robberies, excesses and outrages of Radical rule under the administrations of FLETCHER and McCLURG." After leading Border Ruffian raids into Kansas and making the first and bitterest secession speech that was ever heard in Platte county, Col. BURNES returned from riding with Gen. PRICE'S Confederates and began to canter over the Platte Purchase with JENNISON'S Jayhawkers, making speeches occasionally which JENNISON pronounced so cruelly loyal that even he could not indorse them. In the dark days when huge bonded debts were being imposed on disfranchised tax-payers, Col. BURNES' loyalty was very profitable to him, and his genius taught the registering officers to disqualify tax-payers wanting to vote by making them answer on oath the question, "How did you feel when you heard the news from Bull Run?" He was Gov. FLETCHER'S most influential adviser in Western Missouri, and if the Democrats of the Platte Purchase can poll their full vote for Col. BURNES, we can't see why ex-Gov. FLETCHER may not reasonably hope to be the next Democratic nominee for Governor of Missouri.

SECTION 17 of Article 12 of the Constitution of Missouri, reads as follows:

"No railroad, or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers or managers of any railroad corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property or franchises of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the works or franchises of, or in any way control any railroad corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line; nor shall any officer of such railroad corporation act as an officer of any other railroad corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line. The question whether railroads are parallel or competing lines shall, when demanded, be decided by a jury, as in other civil issues."

This is found verbatim also in the Revised Statutes. It is plain that the framers of the Constitution and statutes of Missouri intended to forbid and prevent the very thing which Mr. JAY GOULD and his associates are doing. What steps have been taken by the State officers to bring this matter before the courts? We see that parallel and competing lines, or lines which have been competing lines, are subjected to the control of a joint ownership which puts competition out of the question except when it is resorted to for the purpose of playing the lines alternately against each other in aid of stock-jobbing speculations. Is it not about time to ascertain whether the law can be evaded in this manner? If it reaches Mr. GOULD it must be enforced.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR was evidently not cut out for a seafaring life. He is "bad luck" to water craft. Last spring he started down the Potomac on BENNETT'S yacht to get a bit of fresh air. The vessel went aground the first evening out and the party was compelled to return. Last Friday he started out of Newport harbor on his borrowed Government vessel, the Dispatch, and in less than no time the Robesonian hulk was fast aground on a sand bar and his "Excellency" had to be set ashore again in a much depressed state of mind. Mr. ARTHUR should stick to dry land and confine himself exclusively to the Ship of State.

A DISPATCH from the seat of war says that the Foot Guards are not wearing their bearskin caps in Egypt, having replaced them with a light felt helmet. This shows that the British War Department is improving. The head-gear of the Foot Guards is not well adapted to tropical campaigning. It is as clumsy as a flour barrel and as hot as a bake-oven, but it is surprising that the authorities made the discovery in time to find a substitute for it the first month of the war.

THE municipal government of St. Louis costs over $2,200,000 per annum, and the city is not very well governed either. The fact is, we will take a contract to govern it a good deal better for half the money.—[Kansas City Journal.

If you can't manage a city any better than you manage a newspaper, you would be very expensive to our tax-payers at $2 50 per annum.

MAHONE, of Virginia, who is working in the interest of Repudiation and Republicanism, claims the right to levy political tribute upon every Virginian employed in the departments in Washington. Public Printer ROUNDS takes the ground that his clerks, having been plundered by JAY HUBBELL, are not bound to pay an extra tax to State committees, and he declares that he will not remove those who refuse to be bled further. Of course MAHONE is furious, and he intends to know at once whether he has the support and good will of the Administration. The spectacle is a nice one.

IT will be observed that the *Republican*, since the middle of last week, has been absolutely devoid of Humor—jokeless, so to speak. The fact that sporadic Humor of a delicately phosphorescent character has illumined the editorial page of the paper since 1809 has caused this sudden cessation to be noted and commented on in literary circles. It seems that the readers of the *Republican*—those who enjoy Attic wit—have been indebted for many years to Mr. CHAS. GALLAGHER, the veteran night clerk in the office, for such paragraphs of an editorial character as passed for jokes and flippant comments on current events. Mr. GALLAGHER goes on duty at 6 o'clock in the evening and retires from his desk at 6 in the morning. His business is to take in the obituary announcements of such persons as die late at night. This is a lugubrious calling for a man who is imbued with such a sense of rollicking humor as Mr. GALLAGHER possesses. As is well known, the pages of the *Republican* are closed up and prepared for the stereotypers about 12 o'clock at night. During the interim of three or four hours before they are stereotyped and sent to the press-room they are in charge of Mr. GALLAGHER. It is a theory of Mr. G. that a joke now and then helps wonderfully to keep up a paper. It has been his custom to slip quietly into the composing-room after the printers leave, unlock the editorial form and slip in a funny paragraph of his own composition. He has been carrying this on for years without detection. But the joke on the POST-DISPATCH which he invented last week was so atrociously bad that a row was raised about it, and the janitor, who was suspected, gave Mr. GALLAGHER away. Now the pages of the paper are kept where he cannot gain access, and it will be many a day before the readers of the *Republican* encounter another editorial joke.

PERSONAL.

—Sadie West, of Iowa, has recovered $150 damages of a man who paid ten cents to kiss her at a church fair and scratched her nose.

—Anna Dickinson says she will wear no diamonds until she can buy the real ones. This gives the other girls with their $3 brilliants the bulge on her.

—A Memphis witness was paralyzed while lying in court, but some other disease than paralysis will have to come along if perjury is to be scared much.

—Mr. Gladstone is described "as speaking with the clear voice of his younger days." This is evidently a pointer for persons who forget to "shut that door."

—Marriott Brosius is running for Congress in Pennsylvania, and Harrison Phœbus is running for Congress in Virginia. This is a pleasing variation from the statesman who parts his name in the middle.

—Winslow, the Boston forger, is editing a paper at Buenos Ayres, and from the way he prates about honor and honesty, no one would imagine that he would pass a counterfeit bill on his own grandmother.

—In Geneseo, N. Y., there are 207 unmarried women of marriageable age, and but fifty-five unmarried men. With these tremendous odds against them, it is no wonder that the fifty-five grow timid and stand aloof.

—It now seems that Mr. Herbert Spencer is not constantly attended while in this country by Professors Youmans and Fiske, but is traveling incognito among the mountains, avoiding all sorts and sizes of domestic and foreign philosophers, and trying to get a little quiet, fresh air and sweet sleep once more, and that is better.

—Dom Pedro, Emperor of Brazil, cares nothing for splendor. He rides in an ordinary black coach, usually drawn by six mules, and followed by twelve cavalrymen, mostly negroes, whose discipline is not too strict to permit them to smoke cigarettes while escorting his Majesty. The coachman and footmen are shabby in worn suits and silver lace. The Emperor wears the plainest of black clothes, and is very courteous to all who approach him. He has aged rapidly since his visit to the United States, six years ago.

Southern Missouri Lands.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., September 3, 1882

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of yesterday I notice a communication signed "A Granger," inquiring for information in reference to land in Shannon county in this State, and the construction of the Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis Railroad in that direction, etc. Having recently made a trip through that portion of the State and along the line of railroad in question, I can speak from actual knowledge. In the first place I will state that the railroad in question is now completed and in operation forty miles east of this place, and the grading, with the exception of about two weeks' work, is completed to Cabul in Texas county, seventy-six miles east of Springfield, being the point on the map of the State designated Cedar Bluff. A topographical survey from Salem has been quite recently made to that place by the St. Louis, Salem and Little Rock Railroad Company; another from Mineral Point, on the Iron Mountain Railroad, has been made to the same place by the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Ozark Railroad Company, and still another to Poplar Bluffs by the K. C., S. & M. R. R. Co. Two of these railroads, at least, will be built at an early day. Cabul is about twenty miles on the line of Shannon county. Emigration is pouring in to that section of the state, and I consider the future of Texas and Shannon counties as very promising indeed. The country is well-watered, with rich valley land, while the uplands are covered with splendid timber, with little underbrush, affording fine pasturage for sheep and cattle. The streams abound with fish, and the climate is all that could be desired. OZARK.

Not in the Toils of Gould.

CARTHAGE, MO., September 1, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In commenting on a special from Pittsburg, Crawford county, Kansas, I notice you speak of the San Francisco Railway as a Gould line. The business community at Pittsburg look upon the completion of the proposed Gould Line from Nevada to Pittsburg as delivery from evil as against the San Francisco Railway. Pittsburg contains four zinc smelters, and within six months from date will produce more zinc spelter than any other town in the United States. Mr. C. Wood Davis, the president of the Pittsburg Coal Company, is a daily reader of your paper like myself, but I have specially called his attention to your publication and asked him to give the credit for the outrages commented on to the party property entitled thereto, i. e., C. W. Rogers, and not Gould. Respectfully, R. G. ROMBAUER.

As to a Voter's Home.

ST. LOUIS, September 4, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you you please inform me whether a man votes from his family residence or from the place in which he sleeps. Answer and oblige FIRE DEPARTMENT.

[A man must register and vote in the ward in which his legal residence is claimed. He may eat in one ward, sleep in another and have his washing done in another, but he must consistently claim a home somewhere, and that home is likely to be where he sleeps and keeps his wardrobe.—ED. P.-D.]

Overlooked by Leathers.

ST. LOUIS, September 3, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Capt. Tom Leathers does not seem to have noted all the terrible perils we are in for from the dreadful jetties that Eads has put in at the mouth of the Mississippi river; for who knows, if Eads is permitted to go on, that he may not only overflood the country every year with so much water that boats cannot run, but he may even raise the river at its mouth so that it will run back this way and empty into Lake Michigan for the benefit of Chicago? I say, we must sound the danger signal at once and blow all our whistles. A BOATMAN.

Points About Marriage.

ST. LOUIS, September 4, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you kindly inform me through the columns of your paper whether a marriage is still legal if, at the time it took place, a wrong age was given by either of the parties concerned. T. W. D.

[A marriage of that kind holds good unless there has been a flagrant fraud. The responsibility rests with the divine or official who performs the ceremony.—ED. P.-D.]

A Fair Show Demanded.

ST. LOUIS, MO., September 3.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Could you tell me why gentlemen are going to be excluded as spectators from the aquatic races for ladies Saturday next at the Natatorium? Ladies had no objection to pay the entrance fee in order to enjoy the last exciting contest between gentlemen. Let us give a chance to the boys. One of your admirers and A "NAIAD."

A Simple Proposition.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Heretofore Jay Gould has come in contact only with politicians. It would now seem that the people of New York are about to tackle him. The riot cannot come too soon. If the people fail to dispose of Mr. Gould, Mr. Gould will not fail to dispose of them.

May Have to Support Him.

From the Brunswick Brunswicker.

The Missouri Republican seems to fear that Hon. Charles F. Johnson will have some influence in shaping the course of the Democratic party. It should not talk so, as it may have him to swallow as the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1884.

The Right Name for 'Em.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star.

Gladstone has two wars on hand—a war of conquest in Egypt and a war of repression in Ireland. Both are unjustifiable and infamous.

A Difference of Opinion.

From the New York World.

The Albany Times inquires: "Has Gov. Cornell a future?" The Bible says yes; Col. Bob Ingersoll says no.

PREFERRED CREDITORS.

Judge Thayer's Hands Tied by Order of the Court Above Him.

Col. Crawford appeared this morning in chambers of the Court of Appeals before Judge Lewis and Thompson, seeking a writ of prohibition on Judge Thayer. G. H. Greve, for whom the attorney appeared, was one of the creditors of the St. Louis Furniture Company. A judgment had been confessed by the latter in favor of the Geo. A. Rubelmann Hardware Company; execution and sale followed and some of the creditors of the Furniture Company objected to the preference. Col. Crawford went to Judge Thayer in chambers with a petition for injunction and obtained an order enjoining the Sheriff from paying over the money, $5,050 to the Rubelmann Hardware Company. The preferred creditor then applied for a modification of the order or vacation thereof. Judge Thayer took the motion under advisement until to-day and overruled Col. Crawford's motion to dismiss it. The Circuit Judge took the ground that he had jurisdiction in vacation to modify or vacate an order made in chambers. To prevent any action in that regard the writ of prohibition was applied for and the Judges of the Court above granted a writ returnable in October. This will have the effect of staying the hands of all parties until the courts are in regular session again.

Denison's Docket.

There were forty-four cases on Denison's docket to-day. The heaviest fine was $200, against Thomas Gracy, for an indecent act. Not being able to pay it, he went to the Workhouse.

John Murphy was fined $5 for disturbing the peace of Mrs. Agnes Patterson, and also $5 for resisting Officer Krumwede when he went to arrest him on Eighth and Carr streets. Murphy was standing in front of Mrs. Patterson's door swearing and making a loud noise.

Andy Cloyd, colored, was fined $15 for interfering with Police Officer Taylor. Officer Taylor attempted to arrest him with a lot of glassware, but he fought the officer all the way to the Central Station.

Julius Vogel was fined $25 for carrying a revolver and $10 for fast driving in a buggy. Officer Weldon arrested Vogel on Third and Washington avenue as he was coming off the west end of the bridge. Vogel had been locked up all night and was very elegantly attired.

The balance of the docket was principally common disturbers of the peace and drunks.

This Morning's Fire.

This morning at 2:30 o'clock Officer Dowling discovered smoke issuing from the cigar and tobacco store of Sigmund Hurwitz, No. 707 North Sixth street. The officer examined the building, and found the shop back of the store full of smoke and flames. He turned on an alarm from box 14 corner Sixth and Christy avenue. The Fire Department responded promptly and extinguished the flames; loss $75; insured for $1,210. The upper stories of the building are occupied by families with small children.

The Peck-Chouteau Suit.

Depositions in the Peck-Chouteau Vulcan trust bond suit were to have been resumed this morning at the office of Jesse B. Woodward before Notary Renshaw. Some of the parties gathered at the appointed hour, but it was found that the witnesses were not in the city, and adjournment was taken until Tuesday, September 12. The examination of Daniel R. Garrison will be taken up that day. Chas. H. Peck, the plaintiff, is absent from town at this time.

A Kindergarten Contract.

Miss Minnie A. Henley, one of the kindergarten assistants of the Stoddard School, made a contract with Mr. Jones, supply agent of the Public Schools, on the 7th of July last, to crochet eight gross, 1,152, of No. 20 ruler-balls for the kindergarten work. The balls were made of six colors, entirely by hand, and were delivered this morning to Mr. Jones. This is the quickest work of the kind on record.

The Bicyclists.

The 108-mile bicycle ride to Washington, Mo., and return, by the "toughs" of the Missouri Bicycle Club, was not accomplished on account of the bad condition of the roads between here and Washington. The party did not reach their destination until about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and, realizing that they could not return to the city before midnight by way of their bicycles, they enjoyed themselves about the town and took the evening train for St. Louis.

ON THE RIALTO.

A Panic and Collapse in Corn, followed by a Recovery.

Prejudice Against St. Louis Inspection—Items From the Floor.

Any one going on 'Change this morning would have thought a political ward meeting was being held at the head of the stairs from the deafening howling that came floating down the grand stairway. The crowd of speculators assembled early, and the first few that gathered commenced at once to sell corn down. As the crowd swelled in numbers the yelling became louder, until just before the doors opened the uproar was something horrible. It was a selling crowd, and the way they jumped onto corn was shoved and hammered it down in price reminded one forcibly of the terrible panic in wheat last spring. By the time Jimmy Newell threw the doors open to admit the members to the floor the price had been forced down fully 2c a bushel. The pit was soon filled to overflowing with operators and interested spectators. There was no checking the decline. Every one wanted to sell, either to put out fresh lines in anticipation of still further declines or to get rid of corn that they were so unfortunate as to have bought. A few, a very few cautious ones were buying in sales they made last week, but buyers were as one in twenty. By 9:30 o'clock October corn had sold from 64½c to 63c, November from 66½c to 65¼c, year from 53¾c to 52½c and May at 50⅝c, this decline in November and year being 3¾c from the latest sales made on the floor Saturday. The bright, warm weather, so favorable to the growing crop of corn, was the chief cause for the break, it starting the selling craze that was helped along by Chicago and other markets letting go all holds and dropping heavily. Subsequently there was some recovery, as a great many shorts rushed in to cover their sales made at higher prices, and the demand developed from this source steadied the market and then sent prices up considerably. There was no real strength to the market, however, and the bears stood around ready to pounce on a weak spot. This weak spot soon showed up with a break coming in over the wires from Chicago, and then away the market went down again. It was a field day for the bears and they reaped a rich harvest.

NOTES.

A splendid sample of corn raised in Jefferson County, Mo., was shown on the floor to-day as corn that will be fit to put upon the market in October.

Corn has been going down hill so rapidly that Ben Barnes had to buy Scott's Chief from J. C. MacGinnitie in order to keep up with the procession. The price paid for the horse was $1,200, which Barnes immediately proceeded to scalp out of year corn.

The heavy decline in corn did not catch any St. Louis houses on the wrong side enough to hurt them. About all of them were in good shape to jump onto the short side when prices commenced to break, and nearly all the buyers of late have been parties who were covering short sales of corn.

Mr. F. S. Gibbs, representing a New York commission house, bears testimony to the prejudice that is felt in New York against St. Louis inspection of grain. He says his house and others have positively refused to purchase wheat in this market on New York weights and St. Louis inspection—but why?

While the country shipper of grain is howling against St. Louis on this question of short weights and inspection, and filling daily letters to their St. Louis commission men with complaints against this market, the country papers throughout the State maintain complete silence on the subject. If the country wants State inspection and a warehouse law at St. Louis, why don't their papers take this matter up and bring it before their legislators?

The Exchange floor is beginning once more to fill up with outsiders and presents now something of the appearance it did last year when speculation in wheat and corn was rampant. The heavy drop in corn is drawing in country dealers, and city speculators who have been holding off for so long are coming once more to the front. And the commission merchant and broker can't conceal the joy they feel at the way commissions are rolling up.

R. C. Greer, who has been out through the West on a trip of inspection, has returned in a most enthusiastic frame of mind as to the condition and prospects of corn. He says that the crop is simply elegant in Missouri and Kansas, and will surprise any one who sees it by its abundance and forward condition. The Nebraska crop will be doubled. All the people are bearish and want to sell short. They are willing to contract at 30 cents in cribs. He also says that not a third of the wheat has come forward to market.

Messrs. Dreyfus & Roth lately offered a lot of wheat to a London firm at 43s 3d for prompt shipment per steamer to London direct. In answer they were informed that No. 2 red winter wheat had sold on same terms at 42s. They have also received a letter from this London firm, Allatine Bros., in which was stated that United Kingdom buyers were prejudiced against St. Louis. They say, "St. Louis wheat is not all like here, and it is very difficult to make any sales in it, as the condition is feared; moreover, buyers will not buy on through bills lading, as they fear the goods will be blocked between St. Louis and New Orleans."

A sample of the barge of wheat over which there was trouble last week, the shipper refusing to receive the grain as No. 2 red, owing to sprouted grain, and appealing to the inspection committee of the Exchange, but this committee passing the wheat as a "choice No. 2 red," was sent to the New York Grain Inspector, this sample being taken from the St. Louis inspectors sample. A telegram was received this morning from Dreyfus & Roth, of New York, by Mr. Louis Roth, which said: "Just seen sample at Annex of your inspected barge. Decision of committee perfectly outrageous. Appeal the case. If impossible, withdraw from St. Louis Exchange and come to New York. Can not possibly do business in such a market."

The following railroad and fast freight line agents have united in a statement that cars have been abundant for Eastern shipment, proving that the delay in getting grain away from this market to the East is not caused by a scarcity of rolling stock: C. S. Freeborn, agent Union Line; A. S. Durbrow, of the Erie and N. S. Despatch; J. H. Cogswell, of the Hoosac Tunnel Line; W. W. Hill, of the Erie and Pacific Despatch; J. S. Luke, of the C. & A. Road; A. E. Peters, of the White Line; N. J. Goil, of the Red Line; I. V. W. Butcher, Jr., of the National Despatch and Grand Trunk Railway; I. L. Thomas, of the B. & O. Road; D. W. Carlisle, of the I. & St. L. Road; F. L. Morrell, of the Blue Line; Fred. Williamson, of the Empire Line; H. W. Hibbard, of the Vandalia; Robert Andrews, of the Wabash; R. J. Bromwell, of the Ohio and Mississippi.

A Marriage Aid Company.

The Mutual Marriage Aid Association of New Orleans is endeavoring to do business in this State under the charitable clause of the insurance law. This company, with several of its class, has been in the courts a number of times, and it has always been adjudged contrary to the interests of the people. It should be remembered that all these so-called benevolent companies are liable to prosecution for doing business in this State, and are usually mere pretexts for securing the initiation fees and primary assessments. The Insurance Department cautions all people against to meet

RAILROAD MONOPOLIES.

A Specimen of How These Corporations Freeze out Establishments.

The St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad and the Pittsburg (Kas.) Coal Mines—A Story Business Men Should Read.

Mr. C. Wood Davis, of the Pittsburg Coal Company, Pittsburg, Kansas, has sent the following story of the attempt of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad to force him to sell out. It illustrates the spirit and methods of the management of the great monopoly corporations of the present day and is well worth perusal by all readers. Mr. Davis writes as follows:

My attention has been called to your remarks in issue of August 31 upon the subject matter of a special from this place. All you say in relation to the attempt on the part of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway management to suppress and bankrupt the Pittsburg Coal Company is literally true, but the mines were never closed, although operated under very great difficulties and disadvantages growing out of the outrageous discriminations practiced against the coal company by the general manager of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway. This error as to the closing of the mines would not in itself be of sufficient importance to necessitate a correction, but you have fallen into an error which I think does, as such correction will show most clearly whose are the acts which at all competing points on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway are driving the trade away from St. Louis.

This freezing-out process began when Capt. C. W. Rogers, general manager of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, opened negotiations for the purchase of the property of the Oswego Coal Company and has continued, with an intensity varying as C. W. Rogers' courage went up or down, reaching its worst soon after the general manager secured a control of that company's property and organized the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, which company (through its parent, the general manager) is making frantic and brazen attempts to monopolize the trade in coal, stove, sand, lime, hay, etc., on all the lines of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company. To enable them to effect this monopoly General Manager Rogers gives this (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company rates on these articles which (to different points) are from one-fourth to two-thirds less than the rates he forces their competitors to pay.

The proposition to buy the property of the Pittsburg Coal Company did not come from Gould or from his agents, but direct from C. W. Rogers, and was made solely in the interest of the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company.

Certainly in this matter Gould is wholly blameless, and I am credibly informed that wherever his operations have tended to depreciate the value of investments in coal works he has invariably offered a fair price for the property, while in this case C. W. Rogers, after deliberately trying to destroy its value to all but the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, attempted to confiscate our property and business.

In our matter Gould and Rogers are certainly at variance, and I am informed they are as to the details of operating the 'Frisco road. It is absolutely certain that Gould has no direct interest in the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, and is about to build a connecting line into the coal field from Nevada, Mo.

I cannot better show the impelling motives of C. W. Rogers and his mode of procedure than by quoting one or two of his letters and some comments thereon, both of which are excerpts from a complete statement of these matters which I am now preparing for the purpose of laying before the directors and stockholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, and possibly before the next Legislature of the State of Kansas. The first direct proposition to get us out of the business was made by C. W. Rogers in his letter of February 9, 1882, of which the following is a copy:

St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, office of the Second Vice-President and General Manager, ST. LOUIS, Mo., February 9, 1882.—C. Wood Davis, President Pittsburg Coal Company, Pittsburg, Kas.: DEAR SIR—I will pass through Pittsburg about 12 o'clock on Monday next, and would be glad to have you join me at Pittsburg and go to Girard and back to Pittsburg. If we can buy your coal at a low price I think we may possibly make a deal on that basis. As long as you continue shipping coal it has a demoralizing effect on the trade and renders the coal business unprofitable to a certain extent to the Rogers Coal Company. Respectfully,

C. W. ROGERS,
Second Vice-Pres't and Gen. Manager.

"Up to this time the Pittsburg Coal Company had not contemplated 'a deal,' nor were we desirous of making a deal on any basis, and could, with the utmost propriety, have told C. W. Rogers that if he and the railroad company would attend strictly to their functions as common carriers and keep hands off the coal business it would take care of itself, and its unprofitableness would not then be a source of annoyance to the second vice-president and general manager, who certainly had ample and legitimate employment for all the abilities with which nature had endowed him in taking care that the business of the San Francisco Railway Company was not 'rendered unprofitable to certain extent.'"

"You will observe that Capt. Rogers does not sign this letter as a member or official of the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, but as the second vice-president and general manager of a great railway company, yet one fails to see by what right a corporation, created solely for the purpose of serving the public as a common carrier, dabbles in mercantile pursuits and becomes, by its own unlawful acts, the self-favored competitor of those whom it was created to serve and from whom it derives all its revenues, but against whom it discriminates in order that its officers may enrich themselves and the favored few who constantly pander to the inordinate greed and vanity of the vice-president and general manager.

However, I did, as requested, meet Capt. Rogers, and discovered that he desired to buy our entire property and business, and, at his urgent request, did submit a written proposition for its sale, realizing most clearly how uncomfortable his control of your railway had enabled him to make it for us and firmly believing it to be his intention to make our position still more intolerable if we refused to sell our property to him, although we were very reluctant to sell ourselves out of business, and still more reluctant to be forced to sell by such disreputable acts on the part of the man in control of your railway.

"This proposition was to sell all our property at its actual cost and ten per cent additional for the use of our capital and personal services, in developing the mines and business. Since its purchase property of this character had advanced fully 50 per cent. and although it was worth very much more than we asked for it we deemed this the easiest way out of the clutches of this most treacherous and unscrupulous man, as we had no outlet for the products of our mines save over the railway owned by you and controlled by him.

"On February 25th, C. W. Rogers answered as follows:

St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, Office of the Second-Vice President and General Manager, ST. LOUIS, MO., February 25, 1882.—C. Wood Davis, President Pittsburg Coal Company: DEAR SIR—Your propositions to sell your property were duly received. From what I know and can learn I think you value your property too high and you do not care to sell the same for what it is actually worth. If I am in error and you are desirous of selling the property for its actual value I will send out a man who is a judge of such property and we will then have a basis of value from a disinterested party. Respectfully yours,

C. W. ROGERS,
Second Vice-Prest. and Genl. Manager.

"To this I made verbal reply that there was no objection to any one making an examination and valuation of the property, but in no event should we sell except at our own valuation.

"This was followed, late in March, by Capt. Rogers sending out E. J. Crandall, president of the Abbey Coal Company, and one of the best informed coal operators in the West, who, on thorough examination, found the property in excellent condition and worth all that was asked for it. At the same time Mr. Crandall made an examination of the property of the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, and I am informed by one of the general manager's officials that he (Mr. Crandall) reported to Capt. Rogers that our property was not only worth more than we asked for it, but was really worth twice as much as the property of the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company, which had cost twice over the price put upon the property of the Pittsburg Coal Company.

"Capt. Rogers having determined, however, that we should surrender our property to him at his price, or be utterly ruined, made no response to Mr. Crandall's report, except to cause the freight department to transmit the following letter:

St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, Office of the General Freight Agent, ST. LOUIS, April 4, 1882.—Pittsburg Coal Company, Pittsburg, Kansas: GENTLEMEN—I beg to advise you that on and after Saturday, 8th instant, all rates at present in effect on coal from Pittsburg or Carbon to points on our line, or other lines reached by this road, will be withdrawn, and full tariff rates will be charged on and after that date. Please be governed accordingly.

Yours truly,
T. E. CASSIDY, G. F. A.

"While this letter apparently cuts off all special rates on coal, in fact it was intended to and did apply only to the rates of the Pittsburg Coal Company, as the coal shipped by the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company continued to be billed at the same rate as before, which (notwithstanding C. W. Rogers' many fair promises of impartiality in that respect) had always been much lower than the rates charged the Pittsburg Coal Company.

"As a commentary upon this act of your general manager, allow me to place in juxtaposition the rates now paid by the two coal companies doing business over your railway, and inquire what action you propose to take to remove this most grievous wrong—a wrong not only to the Pittsburg Coal Company and every consumer of coal on your lines, but a wrong as well to each and every holder of a share of the capital stock of your company.

Name of Station.	Tariff rates per car paid by the Pittsburg Coal Company.	Special rates per car paid by the (C. W.) Rogers C. Co	Difference.
Carthage	$14 00	$10 50	$3 50
Cherryv'e	17 50	10 00	7 50
Galena...	14 00	6 00	8 00
Girard...	8 00	3 00	5 00
Joplin....	14 00	6 00	8 00
Springf'd	20 00	12 50	7 50
Webb C'y	14 00	6 00	8 00
Wichita..	29 00	21 00	8 00

"In the above exhibit only the names of stations are given to which large shipments of coal are made, and yet to these eight stations the Pittsburg Coal Company are, by C. W. Rogers, forced to pay on an average $7 more per car-load of twelve tons than do their competitors. But this is not all, the discrimination practiced, as your company, through its general manager, pays to the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company a rebate of $3 per car for each and every car of coal shipped by that company to points on the main line of your railway, so that, in fact, the discrimination in favor of the (C. W.) Rogers Coal Company is fully ten (10) dollars per car.

"When it is remembered that $50 is a very large profit on a car of coal, the outrageous character and gross injustice of these acts of discrimination are most apparent."

These are but a few of the innumerable acts of a like character which have a tendency to drive business from this line and to lines leading elsewhere than to St. Louis. Thus is the business of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway and the city of St. Louis being made ducks and drakes by this man Rogers

Great Reduction for Thirty Days.

The best Cabinet Photographs, formerly eight dollars, I will now make for five dollars per dozen. A. J. FOX, 916 Olive st.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Elections To-Morrow—A Curious Accident to a Transit Employe—Other Items.

The election for Judge and Clerk of the City Court takes place to-morrow, and is causing more excitement than any event in the city for years. J. Freeles, M. Millard, W. Launtz, G. Brackett and E. R. Davis are the candidates for the Judgeship, but the probabilities are that half the number will withdraw to-day, providing a winter's supply of food is guaranteed by the parties in whose favor the withdrawals will be made. The city court has been sadly neglected for years past and has become an expensive luxury from which the taxpayers derived no benefit. The fight for the clerkship is even more bitter than for judge, the aspirants being Victor Wittig, Forence P. Sullivan and Thomas Hanufan. Politics will not be taken into consideration, each man making the race on his own respective popularity. The vote cast is expected to be the largest ever polled in East St. Louis and the prospects of encounters at the polls were never more favorable.

The City Clerk's collections for license during last month amouts to $1,216 75.

J. L. Devenvolker, while working on the foundation of the new Cotton Compress Works, had the thumb of his left hand amputated by a piece of falling timber.

Henry Fitzgerald met with a peculiar and probably fatal accident Saturday night. Mr. Fitzgerald has been in the employ of the Tunnel Company for some time past, and during his sleep brooded over the numerous fatal accidents to his fellow-workmen. His mind became so agitated over imaginary approaching danger that he jumped from bed and rushed out of the room, tumbling over the porch to the ground, a distance of fifteen feet. Dr. Winto was summoned, and found three of Fitzgerald's ribs broken, besides sustaining severe internal injuries. His condition this morning is little improved, and his chances for recovery are very slender.

School Bags and Lunch Boxes
Very cheap at Simmons Hardware Co.

BELLEVILLE.

The Coal Miners Demand Increased Wages—Work Stopped—News Notes.

Mr. Ferris is accused of beating his wife, the matter was ventilated in 'Squire Guentz Court this evening and the usual fine assessed for indulging in such amusements.

Robert Halbert, the attorney for Ed. Hacket, who is now in jail for complicity in the death of engineer J. D. Ensmyer and Jule Barnuckol, the fireman, has applied for a writ of habeas corpus. The witnesses are being examined and arguments made before Judge Casey.

The Turners, contrary to expectations, did not parade with music yesterday, but assembled at the City Park and indulged in the exercise of their craft, after which a ball was given, which was largely attended.

The miners working in the Enterprise, Star, Moore and Rogers mines at Duquoin, held a meeting Saturday evening and decided to ask a raise of from 2½ to 3 cents per bushel, which the operators refused to give. The miners decided not to work, which stops all the mines on the prairie except St. Johns.

To-morrow the Democratic Convention will meet at Duquoin to nominate a candidate to fill the position of Clerk of the Appellate Court, vice J. Q. Thorman, deceased.

CARPETINGS

We have received during the past thirty days all the New and Choice styles of WILTON, AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE, BRUSSELS and INGRAIN CARPETS, designed and produced for the Fall of 1882, and are now offering a variety of patterns in all the newest and prettiest shades of color, which cannot be excelled.

We invite an inspection of our goods by all persons interested in NEW AND BEAUTIFUL CARPETINGS.

We make no deviation in prices, and can therefore guarantee the VERY LOWEST FIGURES TO ALL BUYERS.

J. KENNARD & SONS,

420 AND 422 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

MISSOURI'S BOSS.

Jay Gould the Political Master in the State.

His Acquisition of the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad.

His Immense Possessions—He Controls $120,000,000 Capital and an Army of 42,000 Employes in Missouri.

The rumor which was circulated on Saturday that Jay Gould had secured control of the Hannibal and St. Jo Road has been confirmed. The purchase was made directly by a number of men who have long been identified with the management of the Wabash and Union Pacific systems. Among them are Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Sidney Dillon, Frederick L. Ames and Washington E. Connor, Gould's principal broker. This syndicate bought at 42 cents nearly the whole of the common stock of the Hannibal and St. Joe Road, which, according to the last annual report, amounted to 91,687 shares. It is certain that they purchased at least 90,000 shares. The whole amount of the preferred stock is only $5,083,024, so that the Gould syndicate have secured enough to give them absolute control. The negotiations were conducted by a well known firm of brokers, the head of which brought matters to a close on Saturday, by threatening to put the large amount of Hannibal and St. Joe stock held by these brokers on the market. It was known that the house was carrying at least 18,000 shares of stock. Some of the other brokers had expressed an unwillingness to sell until it became certain that this large block of stock would be offered on Monday. Frightened by this threat, they changed their tune and the negotiations were closed without delay. The sellers were mostly those who had been holding the stock for the last year, carrying it for the account of John R. Duff, of Boston. Duff has held on very tightly. The "corner" which has developed in Hannibal and St. Joe stock, a year ago, was his work. In one day the price jumped up from 96 to 131, and on the next to 200. Wall street discovered, with great surprise, that the head of the pool which ran the corner was a young man named Duff, who was comparatively unknown. He had inherited from his father, who died some years before, a fortune of between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000. The elder Duff had made his money in railroad construction, and it was mainly through his influence that the Hannibal and St. Joe was built. The corner attracted great attention, especially as it was the first known since the "Northwest" corner nine years before. The price was held up to 200 until most of the settlements were made. Jim Keene was caught by it and settled all his short contracts at 180. A. L. Hopkins was also nipped. He carried the matter to the courts, but a private settlement was made and the lawsuit was dropped. Russell Sage was said to be one of the victims, but this he denied. As a result of the corner Duff secured most of the common stock of the road, which has since been carried for him by John Bloodgood & Co., Mark, Strong & Co., W. T. Hatch & Sons, and Stout & Co., of New York, and J. T. Bates & Co., of Boston. All of these firms have assented to Saturday's sale with the exception of Hatch & Sons, the senior partner of which is on his way from Europe. All of them have lost by the transaction, because it is understood that the price at which they were forced to sell is less than that advanced to Duff a year ago, and in addition they lose their interest on the advances for a year. No firm, it is said, will lose more than $30,000. Duff would not talk about his losses, but said he had not failed. The stock, which his creditors sold at 42 on Saturday, cost him 75 on an average, which would make his loss somewhere near $3,000,000. What will be done with the stock is not yet known, but it is understood the change of management will begin this week or next.

MISSOURI'S BOSS.

This purchase gives Gould another hold on Missouri, which is already entirely within his grasp. He now absolutely controls the Missouri Pacific, the Hannibal and St. Joe, and the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroads, and is heavily in on the Wabash and the St. Louis and San Francisco. It is impossible to get at his interest in the latter roads, but it is heavy enough to bring about his election as a director of each one of them. The bridge is also controlled by him, being leased to the Missouri Pacific and the Wabash lines for a period of ninety-nine years. The Tunnel Company, with a stock of $25,500,000, is also in his hands. He is absolute owner of the Union Depot. He is a heavy stockholder in the St. Louis Ore and Steel Company, which is a consolidation of the Vulcan Steel Company, the Pilot Knob Iron Company and the Grand Tower Mining and Transportation Company, the consolidation being brought about by Gould's announcement that he was about to locate steel works here. On this news becoming public, the local iron and steel companies mentioned hastened to offer him terms and to put their concerns at his disposal, stating that they could not compete with Gould. He is a large stockholder in the National Stock Yards. He has a big share in the capital of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, which owns the Life Insurance Building, corner of Sixth and Locust streets. More than a year ago Gould got hold of the river interests. He succeeded in purchasing most of the Henry Lourey Line and soon afterward consolidated it with the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, Jay Gould holding a large share of the consolidated stock In the Western Union Telegraph Company he is deeply interested, being able to show, one time lately, $23,000,000 worth of stock which he held in that concern. Lastly, he owns Elevator "B," on the river front, and has also secured a membership in the Cotton Exchange. The extent of his strength and influence has been before detailed in the POST-DISPATCH, and can be seen at a glance. Gould now controls at least $120,000,000 of corporation capital and 42,000 employes. He holds in his power nearly every railroad that is important as a feeder to the great cities of the State He has Missouri in such a way that practically he can do with her what he pleases.

WHAT JOHN O'DAY SAYS.

Col. John O'Day, attorney of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad, was found at the Laclede Hotel to-day and questioned concerning Jay Gould's railway possessions in Missouri. The reporter inquired:

"Mr. O'Day, how is it that Mr. Gould is permitted to violate the Constitution of this State in controlling parallel and competing line?"

"Section 136 of the Constitution has been misconstrued by those who are not lawyers. It prohibits a man from being an officer in parallel or competing lines, but Mr. Gould is an officer of only one road. There is nothing prohibiting a man from being a stockholder in all the roads of this State at the same time."

"But the Constitution forbids the control of two parallel or competing lines by the same corporation, and if Mr. Gould obtains a majority of the stock of these roads, he is certainly controlling them all?"

"Not necessarily. I said that one might purchase stock in every road in Missouri—in fact, a majority of the stock—but he may not be able to vote it. That is the difference. There is nothing prohibiting me from the purchase of stock in all these railroads if I choose to put it in my pocket and hold it individually."

"Is not Mr. Gould open to criticism, at least, for this evasion of the State laws?"

"By no means, and I should not like to see him attacked, though I do not presume it would hurt him or would cause any ill-feeling upon his part. The fact is that since he obtained an interest in the Missouri roads the people have had the benefit of cheaper and safer transportation."

Mr. O'Day failed to see where Mr. Gould had violated the Constitution or laws in the purchase of controlling interests in the competing and parallel railway lines of the State.

THE PRICE PAID.

NEW YORK, September 4.—In the Hannibal & St. Joe stocks common sold at 47. There have been no recent sales of late, but large blocks of it were, it is said, hypothecated with money lenders at 40 to 42, which are the figures given as the price at which the 90,000 shares owned by John R. Duff of Boston were sold to the Gould, Sage, Dillon, Ames, Conner syndicate. This may be said to be the sequel of the corner in the stock of last year when the price was run above 200.

THE NEW FILLING for decayed teeth; superior to gold; looks better; lasts better; never discolors; comfortable. H. S. Chase, 919 Olive, 2d floor.

A Husband's Spree.

Frederic Fortmeyer, a tailor living at No. 2617 St. Louis avenue, has been on a terrible spree lately and is making matters as disagreeable as possible for his family and neighbors. He came home yesterday in a drunken state and proceeded to smash up everything he could lay his hands on, and when his wife and son endeavored to prevent him from doing any more damage, he undertook to beat them and threatened to shoot them. His wife is in fear for her life, and this morning swore out a warrant against her belligerent husband before Justice McCann.

Carriages! Carriages!

Retiring from the carriage business, I shall offer my large and varied stock of fine carriages, comprising five-glass landaus, full-head landaus, Berlin coaches, landaulettes, coupelettes, coupes, broughams, wagonettes, rockalettes, half-top cabriolets, T-carts, barouches, surreys, phaetons, elliptic-spring and side-bar buggies, one elegant hearse, at greatly reduced prices, and rare bargains. Parties in search of vehicles will consult their interest by calling to see my stock and be convinced that this is a rare chance to buy a fine carriage cheap. THEO. SALORGNE.

My factory, three stories, 96x150, for rent. Apply to Salorgne, 2117 Morgan.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Rev. H. S. Williams of the North Presbyterian church, returned home to-day, from his summer vacation.

Mr. Wm. Waggoner has been appointed watchman of the Social Turner Hall, Thirteenth and Monroe streets.

The fires were started in the St. Louis and Lindell Glass Works at midnight, and this morning they resumed with a force of 300 men each.

Last night John Lynch, residing at No. 2609 Broadway, became involved in a difficulty with his wife and cut her over the right eye with a knife. She is not serious.

The repairs on the Everett School will not be completed until October 1. The pupils of this school will be accommodated at the Bates, O'Fallon and Douglas Schools.

Owing to the death of E. C. Curtis, the stove works of M. & E. C. Curtis are shut down until an invoice and appraisement are had and the old partnership affairs are settled up, when the works will resume operations again.

ST. LOUIS, September 4, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—I desire to extend my sincere thanks to E. L. Adreon, Esq., Judge Jos. G. Lodge, Mr. Lippman and others of my neighbors for their kindness in allaying the fears of the members of my family upon the occasion of the fire last night at my residence, during my absence. THEO. PULLIS.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

DeLesseps and the Panama Canal Undertaking.

Our Imports and Exports—The Yellow Fever Scare in Texas—Capitol Gossip.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, September 4.—M. De Lesseps' recent agitation touching the Suez Canal, in which he announced that England could not take possession of it except over the dead bodies of himself and his son, adds some interest to a statement which has just been given the public by the State Department in its annual publication of the year's correspondence. A letter from the American representative at Bogota, Mr. Dichman, conveys an account of an interview of M. De Lesseps with the Colombian representative in Paris, as reported by that gentleman to his home Government. It was upon the question of the Panama Canal and the American policy toward it, which latter he insisted was very unjust and unwise. He said that there remained to Colombia but one of two courses, either to make with all European Powers treaties similar to that made with the United States, or to annul that made with the United States, if she would avoid complications. "Diplomacy," he said, "has never served but to recognize accomplished facts. The sword or genius opens a highway according to its mode, without caring for discussion; diplomacy comes after to say that it was well done. * * * This (referring to Columbia) is the open territory of a sister nation, of which other nations can not possess themselves without violating the law of nations, nor without a struggle long and tenacious. The Colombians have, as I, Spanish blood in their veins, and the last one will die rather than consent to this spoliation." Then with an outburst of enthusiasm he added: "As for me I would be honored to crown my career by being killed there, defending with arms in my hands the independenceand integrity of Colombia. The canal will be built and itsneutrality be preserved."

OUR IMPORTS.

The Treasury Department furnishes a statement of imports and exports during the past year which shows the imports of coffee into the United States during the year ending June 30 to have been 450,000,000 pounds, or an average of 9 pounds to each inhabitant. It is valued at $46,000,000, while the coffee imports of last year were a trifle less in pounds, but valued at $10,000,000 more. In tea the amount imported was 78,000,000 pounds, so that the average American citizen appears to consume about nine pounds of coffee yearly and less than half a pound of tea. Of chicory over 4,000,000 pounds were brought in, and of cocoa 11,000,000 pounds. Of barley the imports for the year were 12,000,000 bushels, of China ware $22,000,000, or about fifty cents "all round." Of sugar and molasses the total was about $100,000,000 worth, or $2 worth apiece, which at retail in its refined State probably doubled or trebled the importers' valuation. Of silk goods about $40,000,000, which doubtless nearly doubled in cost before reaching the consumer. Railroad iron fell off nearly 100,000,000 pounds, and $1,500,000 as compared with last year.

EXPORTS.

Among the exports for the year were: Cotton manufactured, about $200,000,000; wheat, $113,000,000; hog products, $83,000,000; tobacco, $20,000,000; ice, $150,000. There is evidently little call for American hemp abroad, as the exports for the year are only reported at $127.

NO YELLOW FEVER.

There is some suspicion that the yellow fever in Texas is about as likely to surpass the $100,000 appropriated as is the $100,000 likely to suppress it. The expenses of the work at Brownsville and vicinity are running up to over $500 a day, as the pay for the cordon alone, and some people are bad enough to intimate that a little affair which is bringing $600 to $750 per day into the State is not likely to end very suddenly. One gentleman who has watched it very closely said to me to-day: "There's something about that yellow fever there that I don't understand. They keep on reporting forty and fifty new cases daily, and yet the number of deaths is remarkably small. They do not average three a day. I don't understand it, unless the scheme is to bring in all the funds into the State as far as possible."

CADY'S COURT.

The Humane Society's Work—Petty Offenders Tried.

Quite an amount of business was disposed of by Judge Cady in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day, but it was mostly of a trivial character. The Humane Society officers have been indefatigable in their efforts to prevent the abusing of animals by various means. The society has met with much opposition, but nevertheless seems at the present time to be ahead in the battle. Owners of galled horses and mules have proven particularly obstinate, and after having been arrested and fined have driven the same animals again. Henry Mueller, of No. 521 Victor street, one of the heaviest draymen in the city, for the past three or four months has persisted in openly violating the law in this connection. Ben Zanders, a driver in Mueller's employ, has twice been arrested and fined for driving a badly galled team of mules. Many complaints have been made against Mueller by persons witnessing the animals suffering, and they have been taken heed of. A short time ago Officer Holmes arrested Henry Puttings, one of Mueller's drivers, for driving the same team that Zanders had, and John Henson for mistreating a horse. The cases came up in court to-day and at Mueller's suggestion the two men pleaded guilty and paid fines. This was in consequence of a preconcerted arrangement between the officers and the offenders. Thus one of the most incorrigible of the Humane Society's foes has weakened by promising not to use disabled animals.

Charles Saunders, the man held for grand larceny, and who is also wanted in Greenville, Illinois, for burning his brother-in-law's house, was examined on the former charge and bound over to the next grand jury in the sum of $800.

A few days ago Charles Peterson was arrested for stealing brasses from the journals of cars on the Iron Mountain Railroad. He was tried to-day and given a year's sentence to the Work-house.

George Wilson, a young fellow, was examined on the charge of petit larceny and found guilty. Twenty days in the Work-house was allotted to him.

THE JAIL.

Inmates of this City Institution During the Month of August.

Jailor Ryan to-day submitted his report to Mayor Ewing for the month of August. The work is carefully prepared by Charley Wells, the Deputy Jailor. On the 1st of August there were 170 prisoners on hand. There were 1213 committed during the month; total during the month 291. There were 133 prisoners discharged, making 158 on hand September 1. Of those committed during the month, 114 were males and 7 females; of those discharged 126 were males and 7 females; of those committed 98 were white and 28 colored. There were on hand September 1, 100 white males, 47 colored males, 6 white females and 5 colored females. Forty-four of those committed were married and 77 single. Those born in the United States were 92, Ireland 10, Germany 11, Switzerland 3, Canada 2, England 2 and Sweden 1. The prisoner's ages range from 10 to 61. Of the number incarcerated 57 rest under charges of petty larceny, 17 for grand larceny, 2 for murder and 11 for assault to kill. The average number of prisoners confined each day of the month was 159⅝, and the average cost of keeping each was 45⅜ cents.

A Widowed Mother's Appeal.

An application for a writ of habeas corpus was made this morning in chambers to Judge Thayer in behalf of Mrs. Hermann, a widow. It appears that some time since Silvie Hermann, a little four-year-old girl, daughter of the petitioner was placed in the care and custody of John H. and Margaret Blackmer, residing at 1805 Linn street. The mother recently sought to recover the child for the purpose of rearing it herself. The Blackmers, however, declined to give the little girl up; hence the appeal to court for a writ compelling them to do so. Judge Thayer granted a writ, returnable to-morrow morning, when the child will be produced and the custodians will be heard.

AT 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, as car No. 14 of the Fifth Street Railroad was crossing the track at Fifth and Pine one of the mules slipped and fell. The car ran on to it and severely cut one of the animal's legs.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

"PRESERVE AND REGULATE, NOT DESTROY," IS A SOUND MOTTO IN MEDICATION AS WELL AS STATESMANSHIP. PRESERVE THE VIGOR OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS AND REGULATE THE SECRETIONS WITH TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, AND YOU CURE DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT BY A PROCESS IN HARMONY WITH THE LAWS OF NATURE. VIOLENT MEDICINES HAVE HAD THEIR DAY; THEY DEVITALIZE THE SYSTEM. REASON AS WELL AS THE STOMACH REJECTS THEM. RELY ON THIS EXHILARATING SPECIFIC.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TRY OUR
WANT
COLUMNS,
Twenty Words for
TEN
CENTS.

HOTELS.

"THE SOUTHERN,"
On Walnut, Elm, Fourth and Fifth Streets.
NEW AND THOROUGHLY FIREPROOF
Kept on the American or European plan. Elegant Restaurant on Fourth street. Special advantages to Commercial men. Conducted by the Southern Hotel Company.
CHAS. P. WARNER, General Manager.

JOHN C. HALL & CO. FIRE INSURANCE MARINE ST. LOUIS Established 1875

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S. AN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION
EVERY EVENING.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEES.
Robert G. Morris' new Comedy-Drama,
THE IRISH-AMERICAN
Exquisite Irish melodies. Stirring dances. The best Piper in Ireland imported especially for this piece, and a company of comedians.
Sunday, September 10—Kirnfly Brothers—BLACK CROOK.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Every evening at 8. Matinees at 2.
NICK ROBERTS'
HUMPTY DUMPTY CARNIVAL.
3 CLOWNS. 3
SUNDAY EVENING, September 10, GUS WILLIAMS in his successful Drama,
ONE OF THE FINEST.
A Popular Scale of Prices.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Engagement of the Popular Favorite,
MILTON NOBLES,
Assisted by the Gifted Comedienne and Vocalist
DOLLIE NOBLES,
And a Strong Supporting Company.
Sunday, September 3, until further notice—"THE PHŒNIX."
Thursday—INTERVIEWS.
Sunday, September 10—A MAN OF THE PEOPLE.
Monday, Sept. 11—CALLENDER'S MINSTRELS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE NEW OLYMPIC THEATER
Will open for the regular season, 1882 and 1883, Monday, September 11.
J. K. EMMET,
In his new play, entitled
FRITZ WITH THE GYPSIES.
Sale of seats commences Thursday, September 7, at 9 a. m.

THE PICKWICK.
Monday, September 4, and until further notice
THE UNRIVALED
NEW YORK IDEAL COMIC OPERA CO.
In Gilbert & Sullivan's Masterpiece, the
PIRATES OF PENZANCE.
With grand cast and new scenery. Admission 50c. Seats at Balmer & Weber's, 311 N. 6th st.

BASE BALL.
ST. LOUIS VS. CINCINNATI,
Tuesday, September 5,
At Sportsmen's Park, Grand Avenue.
GAME AT 3:30 P. M. ADMISSION 25c.
VEHICLES 25c EXTRA.

CREVE COEUR LAKE.
Sunday round trip tickets, 60c; week days, 75c. Music always on hand. Trains leave on Sundays 8:10 a. m., 1:30 and 6:15 p. m.

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Comp'y, packers

DIED.
BERGMAN—September 4, of typhoid fever, LIZZIE, daughter of William and Louisa Bergman, aged 14 years and 11 months.
Funeral Tuesday, September 5, at 2 o'clock, from residence 1318, Monroe street.
San Francisco papers please copy.
GILLIGAN—Sunday, September 3, MARY ELIZABETH GILLIGAN, daughter of Mrs. Ellen Gilligan, aged 8 years.
Funeral will take place from family residence, 1221 Walnut street, Tuesday afternoon, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited.
REKINGER—Sunday morning at 2:30 o'clock, NICHOLAS J. REKINGER, aged 17 years and 9 months.
Funeral Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, from residence, 2235 Dixon street, to Calvary Cemetery.
Vicksburg papers please copy.
TUHILL—Died at her residence, Bailey's Creek, Osage county, Mo., August 30, at 1 p. m., MARY, beloved wife of Patrick Tuhill, a native of Limerick, Ireland. ALICE, JOHN, PATSY, Children.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
Notice to the Stockholders of the Koch & Schilling Brewing Co.
An election of directors will be held at the office of the company on
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1882,
From 9 o'clock a. m. until 12 m.
C. F. SCHNEIDER, Secretary.

SCHOOLS.
ST. LOUIS COLLEGE OF MUSIC
NOW OPEN.
R. Goldbeck, Director. 2936 Washington ave.
Missouri School of Mines and Metallurgy,
ROLLA, PHELPS COUNTY, MO.
Courses of study for civil and mine engineers complete; equipment excellent; Professors specialists. Twelfth session begins September 19, 1882. TOTAL EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR NOT OVER $300. Send to Secretary for catalogue.
E. W. DOUTHAT, A. M., Director.

A HOODLUM GANG.

The Billy and Revolver Used in a Butchertown Saloon.

The Place Attacked and the Proprietor Captured and Maltreated—Alex. Garesche's Escape — A Sunday-Night Suburban Row.

Steve Rayne's saloon, on the St. Charles rock road and Bellegrade avenue, was the scene of a serious affray between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning, in which a revolver, a "billy" and a knife played a conspicuous part, and accomplished some effective work. Alex. J. Garesche and John Dieble were returning from town about half-past one, and, finding the saloon open, hitched their horse outside and entered. The saloon was crowded with Butchertown thugs, all under the influence of liquor and desirous of indulging in a fracas. Mr. Garesche invited the crowd to the bar, but before the drinks were served one of the roughs left the saloon and possessed himself of Mr. Garesche's buggy-whip, unhitched the horse and started him away. The noise attracted the attention of Mr. Dieble, who rushed out and captured the horse before he could run away. A dispute arose between Dieble and the rough, which was partially quelled before the buggy whip was missed. The quarrel was again renewed and the whip finally found. Mr. Garesche expressed his opinion in uncomplimentary terms of the party or parties that stole his whip, and attempted to cause his horse to run away. The gang became thoroughly excited and made several unsuccessful attempts to reach Mr. Garesche, but the active interference of the proprietor of the saloon prevented a collision. The invitation to drink was renewed, and the trouble apparently smoothed over, but the roughs refused to imbibe with a man who they claimed cast reflections on their honesty. Finding their efforts to pacify the roughs unsuccessful and apologies unavailing, Garesche and his companion were about to leave the saloon, but were met at the door by D. Colligan, a cattle driver and the leader of the worst gang in the western suburbs, who immediately assaulted Garesche, remarking that he took that whip and could lick the man that owned it. A scuffle ensued in which Garesche was thrown to the floor and kicked a few times before gaining his feet. Mr. Dieble and a young man named Eskan went to the assistance of Mr. Garesche, but were surrounded by the whole gang, who seemed waiting for the opportunity. Mr. Rayne jumped from behind the counter, and by a judicious use of a "billy" scattered the crowd and rescued the three young men, who immediately left in their buggy. During the melee some one used a knife, slashing Matt Brown across the hand and inflicting cuts on the barkeeper and a few more of the gang, but inflicting no serious wound. The roughs were mad at the escape of their victims, and holding Mr. Rayne responsible, determined to vent their wrath on him. An attack was made on the saloon, Rayne captured and pulled out on the pavement and kicked most unmercifully by the enraged roughs, but not before several of them were felled by blows from his bulky. Rayne finally escaped bleeding and terribly bruised about the head and body, and securely bolted the doors. A consultation was held outside and another attack made upon the door, which for a short time resisted their efforts. Mr. Rayne warned the roughians to desist, but to no avail. The door was finally broken in, and as the gang rushed in Rayne leveled his revolver at the crowd and fired three times. A hasty retreat followed of all except a young man named William Bagley, who was unable to leave the premises, from the fact that his body stopped two of the bullets, one entering the left arm, the other the right side. Bagley was taken to his home, close by, and medical aid summoned, and his injuries thought to be necessarily fatal, but a second examination this morning showed them to be in no way dangerous. Mr. Rayne was seen this morning and expressed sorrow that the whole crowd was not killed, but denies that he did the shooting.

TRY OUR
WANT
COLUMNS,
Twenty Words for
TEN
CENTS.
Telephone Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geissler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1727 Cass Avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton st.
Wm. B. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
B. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet Ave.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—

Business Department	558.
Editorial Rooms	501.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A LADY wants a business; $400. Ad. C. 95. this office. m3

A RELIABLE business man, with some capital, can fill a good position with the Western Wine Co., 308 N. 12th st., near Olive. m25

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

BUY THE WHITE. (At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the New Stewart. Valuable present. See advertisement local.

FOR SALE—A stock of marble and granite monuments and head stones, reduced 25 per cent below cost. Sale only a few days only. Call at 7th and Salisbury's yards for great bargains. m4

FOR SALE—A very desirable drug store, doing an excellent business; reasons for selling death of the proprietor. For particulars, address R. C. Schum, S. W. cor. Fifth and Market, St. Louis.

PERSONAL

Advertisements of a purely personal nature inserted under head of "Personal" at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter accompanied by money may be sent through mail

IF Elmyra Fitzgerald will send address to No 3315 N. 16th st she will have lady friend call on her. Sparta, Ill. ml

MOURNING: I wrote you while absent. Why do you not write? Visiting to me this silence on your part is unexplainable. I must see you soon. Please make appointment. Colors. ml

PERSONAL—A respectable widow desires the acquaintance of a widower or bachelor of means, not under 40. Ad O 27, this office. ml

PERSONAL—Mart: I returned on Friday and expected you last evening. Did you receive my note. Write me same address, 16th ml

PERSONAL—Ethie: Am so sorry that I had to disappointment; write you fully. Will. ml

PERSONAL—Baldy: Will be at ma ine at same place Wednesday, with my friend; bring him with you. mi

PERSONAL—L. 42: Answer to yours at this office. Direct same place as before. ml

PERSONAL—Will the lady dressed in black, except gloves, who noticed gentleman behind her at Fair Grounds, yesterday, communicate with Z. 85, this office. ml

RATHSKELLER Monday. Lafayette Park Thursday, Olive Street Saturday; may meet again if you send your address to N 66, this office. tl

YOUNG d. desires the acquaintance of a gentleman who will assist her financially. Ad. A. 45, this office. ml

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A LADY cut off both breasts in the act of addressing M. B. Barnett, 303 Locust st

ALL cast off clothing bought by N. Jacobs, 303 Locust st. Address postal card 174

ALBUMS 50c WEEK (Ingalls', 813 Market. Bibles, Clocks and Albums.

812 CHESTNUT ST.—Board and lodging $3 50 per week; day board $2 75 per week.

CALIFORNIA ports, cherries, Angelica and brandies retailed at wholesale prices at Bieger's, 5th and Market.

FINE laundering, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work. 20c per dozen. 609 Pine st., 312 Locust st. 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

LARGEST variety in sheet-music; price 8c, and 6c per copy. New music every week. Send or catalogue to E. T. Jett, book seller and music dealer, 304 Olive st. 74

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritual medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide; for business 1413 Morgan st. 38

OUR family supply depot for fine wines, whiskies and brandies is the most complete west of New York; prices strictly wholesale. The Bieger Distilling Co. 5th and Market.

SCHOOLBOOKS—Largest stock of new and second-hand ones; old ones bought or exchanged. Piper's bookstore, 703 Olive.

THE copying house at 823 N. Fourth street will remove Sept. 1st to cor. Fourth and Morgan sts. Great bargains can be had in oil paintings, engravings, pictures frames, etc., for previous to removal.

WANTED—Attractions for Kentsville Fair, five days, commencing Tuesday, October 3. Apply to Wm. E. Hill, president Kentsville, Mo. 1

THEATRIC L.

ONE hundred young ladies at once for Kiefer's "Bank Crook." Advance sale door 9 o'clock. Pope's Theatre, Joseph R. Pope, sole manager.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BUY THE WHITE. (At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the New Stewart. Valuable present. See advertisement local.

$350 WILL buy patent for best fruit-picker in use; large chance for capitalist. Ad. C. B., 1923 Franklin av. 75

BIBLES 50c WEEK (Ingalls', 813 Market. Clocks, Albums, Bibles and Mirrors

FOR SALE—A No. 1 second-hand city truck, cheap. Enos Haggerty, 300 Washington av.

FOR SALE—A good second-hand safe, double door and combination lock, cheap. Northwest corner 9th and Market sts.

FOR SALE—Mocking-birds, Mexican canaries; will trade for yellow canaries. 409 S. 5th st.

FOR SALE—A fine derrick in perfect order, with or without rigging, at 7th and Mullanphy sts. for a few days only. m5

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred Cocker spaniel. Ap. a 2014 Olive st. m6

FOR SALE—One fine French silk poodle 8 mos. old. Apply at once to K. L. A., this office. m6

FOR SALE—Some good wheat and stock farms; price ranging from $8 to $40 per acre. Address Robert H. Blackwell, Portage, St. Charles county, Mo.

GRANITE MONUMENT—A splendid large monument of unique design and finish, for sale, and for a few days only is offered at much less than half of former price. Call at 7th and Mullanphy sts. m5

HOUSEHOLD and kitchen furniture for sale as good as new; cheap. Apply at No. 3315 N. 10th st. m5

NO stranger should leave the city without a box of Mitchell's Pure Candies. 418 Olive st.

ONE heavy burner, 1 parlor cook, 1 cylinder stove and 1 large box for office or restaurant. For sale cheap at 610 Pine st. m5

PUREST strains of full-blooded white leghorn, black spanish and Dominica chickens. Eggs from same $1 or $3. 406 Olive st.

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent at H. Koerber's, 1108 Olive street.

ROBERT SCHMIDT has opened a new stove and tinware establishment at 718 Market st., where he would be pleased to see his old customers.

THE following goods will be sold for storage (unless some party will at the warehouse Nos. 212 and 214 Morris st. on Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1882, at 10 a. m.: W. J. Burton lot of household goods; Phil. V. Taylor, 1 desk; O. D. Buffum, 2 trunks; Az. James, lot of excavating apparatus; Mrs. S. Smith, 3 boxes goods. J. B. BROLASKI.

Thursday, Aug. 14, '82. 5

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An elegant farm containing 20 acres, on which five are in grapes; also large orchard; the dwelling has nine rooms, stands in the midst of a beautiful grove of large trees; carriage-house, ice-house and two-story barn, all conveniently located; also a fishing pond; situated at corner Union ave and Weber road, one-half mile southwest from Carondelet. Inq. of A. G. Bergman, 709 Pine st. m6

FOR SALE—A farm of 236 acres in Moniteau county, Mo.; brick house 8 rooms, bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards living water, hedge fences, to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific railroad, six hours from St. Louis. Address M. A. R., 2827 Morgan st. 6

WRITE me for particulars and price of my stock farm near Rolla. I will trade low or exchange for merchandise. C. R. Meantee, Rolla, Phelps county, Mo. 2

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A BRICK house, 8 rooms, with fine rooms for sale cheap; Sullivan av., bet. Elliott and Jefferson ave.; lot fronts 37½ by 140; a feet deep. Apply on premises. m7

FOR RENT or sale on monthly payments—Elegant eight-room house, near Lafayette Park; W. S. Pope, 444 Olive st. w7

FOR SALE or exchange—Double building suitable for residence and business purposes in Northwest St. Louis, together with five years' lease; paying 18 per cent interest; must be sold, as I need money. A. N. 40, this office. 17

FOR SALE—Three or four houses separately, in good locality. Inquire at 2 14 De Kalb ave., or 404 Myrtle st. 7

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

PASTURE. Wanted, on pasture, twelve miles out on the St. Charles rock road, 100 head of more stock for one month; good stubble and meadow land, plenty of good water and good fences; will take horses at $2, cattle at $1 25 a head at 30 cents per month; stock to be taken away by the 1st or 15th of October, 1882. Will the owner of the best situation call and see me. I am not responsible for any accidents or damages that might occur. For further particulars address V. Benson, Pattonville, St. Louis county, Mo. m11

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale

BUGGIES, barouches, phætons, surreys and spring-wagons. Large assortment at Silvester's, 418 N. 9th st.

FOR SALE—100 second-hand and new carriages, surreys, phætons, buggies, coupes, rockaways, barouches, trace buggy, skeleton wagon, one platform and two three spring wagons and harness. Gilbird's, 105 S. 2d st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One 2-horse spring wagon in good order, at 926 Wash st. m12

FOR SALE—A few good horses at Edward Eibinger's dairy, Chouteau av. and Pacific Railway, Rock Springs. m12

IMPORTED English saddle and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness; ranging from $18 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

PHAETON and harness also a very gentle and safe lady mare; for child can drive; separate or together. Apply 3115 Locust st. 12

ROBERT SCHMIDT has opened a new stove and tinware establishment at 718 Market st., where he would be pleased to see his old customers.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

608 MARKET ST. (Near both R. and E.)—Elegantly furnished rooms, by day, week or month.

619 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board. m13

925 WASHST.—One large room, southern exposure, suitable for two gents. 12

1209 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished back rooms; all conveniences; southern exposure. 13

1300 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board; table boarders wanted; also doctor's office for rent. m18

1516 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished room, suitable for two gents; first or second floor, with good board; terms $6 per week. m13

1525 OLIVE ST.—First floor saloon parlor; a few very large, cool rooms. Also two other front rooms, southern exposure, furnished; on large, the other small.

2233 SCOTT AV.—Four elegant rooms on the first floor for $18. m13

3127 OLIVE ST.—Elegant front room, nicely furnished; southern exposure; also pleasant 2d-story back room. m13

3150 EASTON AV.—Three rooms; water, etc.; only $10. R. F. Miller, coal office.

BY calling at No. 1924 Washington avenue you will find extra nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms, with modern improvements.

FOR RENT—One parlor, bedroom, and three third-story rooms, furnished or not, or unfurnished, with first-class board, at 1019 N. 19th st; private family. 13

FOR RENT—One handsome unfurnished room and first-class board, suitable for gentleman and wife; none or two gentlemen only desired; terms moderate; refs. exc. Ad. N. 42, this office.

FOR RENT—With board, if desired, second or third story unfurnished front room; private family. Give, between 9 and 11 a. m., 2d floor, 2822 Easton av.

FURNISHED, elegant suit of rooms with board, 1612 Locust Place. m13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room to gentlemen, in private family, on Easton av. Ad A. 48 this office. m13

FOR RENT—Six rooms wash-house and stable for $25. Inquire at grocery store, corner Scott av. and 18th st. 13

FOR RENT—Four elegant rooms on first floor; fine cellar; price $18. 2238 Seventh av. 13

HANDSOMELY furnished 2d story front room, with or without board. No. 1 Lindell av.

OLEVE furnished room with out board at 1120 S. 18th st. w13

TO RENT—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; suitable for light housekeeping. Apply at No. 3315 N. 10th st. w13

THREE elegant front rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board; reduction for parties of gentlemen; a few day boarders wanted. 2837 Morgan st. 13

WANTED—Tenant for first floor containing three rooms, bath-room, closets, etc.; refs. ex. Apply 64 Hickory st.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GASCONADE and Olive streets, 2 stores, 6 rooms, 115 and 117 Washington av.

2815 SHERIDAN AV.—An eight-room house, suitable for one or two families. m14

FOR RENT—7 room stone front house on Nineteenth st. between Washington and Carr. Possession given September 1. Ad J., this office.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—A brick stable with three stalls at 1903 Carr st. Inquire on premises m17

FOR RENT—Offices and basement, Franklin Bank building, corner 4th and Morgan. Inq. at the bank.

BOARDING.

1402 PAPIN ST.—One fur. and two unfur. room for rent, with board, in private family. 18

1424 OLIVE ST.—Cool, airy rooms, nicely furnished with or without board; every convenience; transient and day boarders accom.

2113 N. 18TH ST., one square west of Webster public school, two lady teachers can obtain board. m18

BOARDING at 812 Chestnut st. Terms $3 50 per week; day board $2 75. m18

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—A young mechanic desires board in a private family where there are no other boarders. Ad. N 61, this office. m19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board with unfurnished room, where there are no other boarders, by gentleman with wife and child; near Lafayette Park preferred. Ad. Z. 60, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

WANTED—By quiet party, furnished room and other roomers; near Lafayette Park preferred. Ad Z 78, this office m21

WANTED—To rent two rooms or large room and kitchen on second floor by man and wife; no children. Address, with rent per month, H. P. Chile, care J. Scholze & Bro., corner Morgan and Broadway. m21

WANTED—To buy, or lease or term of years, a house in the southwestern part of the city; price not to exceed $4,500; rent from $20 to $45 per month. O. 54, this office. m21

WANTED—Room occasionally in afternoon; no questions. Ad. N. 44 this office m21

WANTED—A seven-room house with stable and all modern conveniences in central or western part of city. Ad., stating rent, W. 40, this office. tf21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a small house and lot cheap for cash. Address no. 2709 Cass Place. m22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

A RELIABLE business man with some capital can fill a good position with the Western Wine Co., 308 N. 12th st., near Olive. w28

MONEY WANTED.

A LADY wants to borrow $20 for two months at 15 per cent; note as best before the 8th; only to use meaning business answered. C. 38, this office w2

WANTED—To borrow $800 for one year at 10 per cent; no commission; good security. Address O 26, this office m25

MUSICAL.

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos, the best now made, for sale on easy payments at H. Koerber's, 1108 Olive street.

WM. OBO. BRAUCKMANN.—The Piano Tuner and Repairer. Offices now at residence, 11 N. 24th st. Prof. Evan T. Strahl, 1517 Montgomery, and C. Hecken auer, dealer in pianos and musical instruments, 2821 Easton av. Call or send postal. 127

BOOKS.

SCHOOL BOOKS—The largest stock of new and old school books in the city, and at the lowest prices. Frank Archer, 510 Pine st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

500 COMMON PIGEONS wanted. Western Fancier's Agency, 47 Union Market. m26

A DOG HOUSE for large Newfoundland dog. Address with price, A. 58, this office m26

BUY THE WHITE. (At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the New Stewart. Valuable present. See advertisement local.

GENTLEMEN, go to 14 S Franklin av. to have your clothes hot pressed, clean and renovated. 26

JENNIE: How do you manage to keep your pillow shams so nice and pos? Why, it is simple enough. I use Seeley's Gum Holder. Get them at Barry's or Niedringhaus's. m 6

MIRRORS 50c WEEK (Ingalls', 813 Market. Mirrors, Bibles, Albums and Clocks.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made). French fruits, Canton ginger in syrup and crystallized, bon-bons, chocolates, etc. 418 Olive street.

ROBERT SCHMIDT has opened a new stove and tinware establishment at 718 Market st., where he would be pleased to see his old customers.

WANTED—To adopt. Parties having same means wish to adopt, as their heir, a little girl from six months to two years of age, best of references. O. 50, this office. s26

WANTED—To buy members' lip in the Merchants' Exchange. Address with lowest cash price, N. 68, this office. m26

EDUCATIONAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND ATHENÆUM Institute, Granite building, southwest corner Fourth and Market. The day and night session will begin September 4. P. C. KOSAK.

Henderson's Book-Keeping Academy.

PRIVATE instruction at the book-keeping academy. Book-keeping $10, $20 and $30. Evening session from 7 to 9 p. m. Penmanship a specialty. Henderson, 703½ Olive st. Office, Rooms 5 and 6, 3d floor. m29

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MISS ANNA P. SCOTT'S Select School and Kindergarten reopens Sept. 13. 2006 Olive st. 29

PROF. HENRY WACKER, 1423 Hickory, receives private classes in German grammar and literature.

TELEGRAPH OPERATING.—The Brown Telegraph School, corner Fifth and Market streets, affords young men and girls the best facilities for qualifying as operators and securing positions. There is a good demand. Our graduates and telegraph officers are constantly applying for graduates. Students will be received at special summer rates until further notice. Call or circular.

WANTED—A teacher for public school at Cuba, Mo. Address applications to G. O. Robertson or Newton Jones, Cuba, Mo. m29

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Thursday last, a grey with dyke setter bitch skeleton. Finder liberally rewarded to leave the same at No. 2 Chouteau av.

LOST—Sunday morning, near Jack on Park, a black-and-tan suit. The finder will please return to Miss L. Clerc, 911 Madison st., and be rewarded. m30

FINANCIAL.

ADVANCES made on certificates Merchants' Exchange; also for board collaterals. James McDonough, Room 7, 514 Pine st. 31

Money to Loan.

$50,000. $40,000, $5,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY'S, 303½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods, without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Bredell & Young, 103 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN—In household furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. 8th.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from $50 to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

ALL the newest designs in paper hangings, window shades, etc., at Ad. Aug. Koch's, cheapest & best place in St. Louis, 413 and 415 Franklin av. 32

BUY THE WHITE. (At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the New Stewart. Valuable present. See advertisement local.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. HONEY. WM. NIVEN, 424 N. Second st.

Bonsack & Vogel, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing MAIN AND SPRUCE STS

BEECHER FURNACE has the greatest radiating surface and is the most economical. F. M. Campbell & Co., 1045 Washington av

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery 215 North Fourth street.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and panting humanity generally can buy 100 lbs to a car-load Litchfield Rock ice for (purest in the market) at our new branch ice-house and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

CLOCKS 50c WEEK (Ingalls', 813 Market. Clocks, Bibles, Albums, Books and Mirrors.

MITCHELL'S Bon-Bons, Chocolates, French fruit candies. 418 Olive st.

ROBERT SCHMIDT has opened a new stove and tinware establishment at 718 Market st., where he would be pleased to see his old customers.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL BUILDING STOCK—A few shares for sale at a liberal discount. D. J. L. Benson, 8 S. Main st. 32

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st. Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 213 Walnut st

OLD COINS.

WANTED—Send for list showing prices paid. Wm. J. Seeger, 317 Thomas st

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st

PROFESSIONAL

DR. GREENE, 311 North Ninth st., St. Louis, makes the treatment of chronic diseases and all affections arising from the sexual debility; also particular attention paid to the treatment of rheumatism, neuralgia, sores, ulcers and all diseases. Private treatment given to patients at my office. By written and correspondence upon patients at a distance treated by mail or express on receipt of $5 to pay for medicines. Call or write. Consultation free. Fees moderate. m34

REMOVALS.

MISS L. E. MUNDY has removed from 6 & 8 Olive st. to 204 N. 6th, where she would be pleased to see her customers.

REMOVAL—The offices of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company have been removed from what floor, foot of Main st. entrance to the new Cotton Exchange, southwest corner of Main and Walnut streets, ground floor HENRY P. WYMAN, Secretary.

FREE OF CHARGE

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A SUPERIOR book-keeper and correspondent of six years' standing either in or away from St. Louis; long experience in the manufacture of cotton in Liverpool and Manchester, England, and universal cotton classing. C. 48 this office. 126

A FIRST-CLASS book-keeper desires night work, either in posting or balancing books; terms reasonable. Address A. B., 1406 Franklin av. w6

BY a practical and experienced book-keeper in a first-class house. Ad. C., care Ferdinand Henderson, 702½ Olive st. m36

EMPLOYMENT wanted.—An expert book-keeper of medium age, in need of family, wants employment, temporary or permanent; good clerk and writing; references innumerable. Ad. W., 58, this office. w36

WANTED—Situation for day or night work, by a thorough accountant; best refs.; will work for small wages. Address A. B., 1406 Franklin av

WANTED—By an experienced young man, a situation as bookkeeper or assistant. Ad. A. Keller, 1102 Montgomery st. w36

WANTED—By an experienced young man, a position as bookkeeper or assistant. Ad. A. Keller, 1102 Montgomery st. w36

Clerks and Salesmen.

A YOUNG man of good standing wishes situation in a country store where he can learn the business; wages no object; references given. Ad Country Store, Republican office. m37

A MIDDLE-AGED gentleman, a practical bookkeeper and accountant, is desirous of making an engagement with some house; salary no so much an object as steady employment; best refs. C. 84, this office. m37

BY a thorough, experienced and pushing retail clothing salesman, a situation in the city or country; speaks German; best of references given. Ad. O. 62, this office. w37

BY a young man aged 21; has had 6 years exp. in general coal office; best refs. Ad. H. B., 2720 Washington av. w37

SITUATION by young man of 21; has had six years' exp. in wholesale house; good penman; best refs. Ad 2720 Washington av. w37

WANTED—A situation on by a young man 15 years old as assistant book-keeper or clerk; good penman and quick at figures; salary no object. Address B. 39, this office. 136

WANTED—Situation in some wholesale house as shipping clerk or assistant book-keeper; good penman; very best references. Ad. C. W. B., box 14, Morgantown, Mo. 37

WANTED—By young man, situation of any kind; good penman; good references. Ad. A. 60, this office. w37

A YOUNG man of 19 years wishes to learn some useful trade; blacksmithing preferred; has had some experience; best of ref. given. Ad. C. 66 this office.

BOY of 17 wishes to learn trade; machinist or lithographing preferred. Z. 72, this office. w36

BY a man in the liquor business; 10 years' experience in Kentucky distilleries. C. 84, this office. m43

COPYIST wishes engagement; rapid and correct. C. 77, this office. m43

FIRST-CLASS penman wishes writing of some kind to do at home; addressing envelopes preferred. N. 39, this office. w43

I WANT work; am handy with tools, paint brush, etc. I am not afraid of work, and am willing to do anything; age 37 years. Ad. N 69 this office.

JOB of night watchman can give good refs. Ad. Z. 73, this office w43

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st. open day and night all year. Write for circulars.

SITUATION wanted as bookkeeper; good references given. Ad. R. B., 1208 Franklin av. m43

SITUATION wanted to drive a delivery wagon; good recommendations. Apply at 921 Carr st. 143

SIT of trust by middle-aged gentleman of fine address. Address C. 99, this office m43

SITUATION wanted by first-class waiter (colored); best of refs; good recommendations. Apply at No. 8 Sloom st. m43

SITUATION wanted to drive a delivery wagon for some good house; can give good refs. or small security. Ad. C 59, this office. m43

SITUATION wanted by a man (Odd Fellow) with a family, as engineer or in some kind of office work; ref. princes given if required. Ad. C. 88, this office. m43

SITUATION wanted in a good molder's shop for a respectable youth to learn the trade; very handy; or would exhibit some kind of work. O'Neal 2261 Gratiot st. w43

SITUATION wanted by a young man 18 years old; can drive and is handy about stock; can speak German; has some experience; best of ref. given. C. 69, this office. 143

SIT, as freight baseman; yard work preferred; have had experience; best of ref. given. C. 57, this office. m43

SIT, as janitor or watchman; not many books from Union Depot; can give first-class ref. Ad. 1214 South 8th st., upstairs. m43

SIT as janitor, watchman, directing envelopes, carrying or care of house or rooms, by a lively man; is gentlemanly and of good habits; will give first-class reference. A 2, this office. w43

SIT as janitor or night watchman by young married man; first-class ref. N 38, this office. w43

SITUATION by industrious man; had some experience in firing, baking, or in wood-sale house as porter, or drive a street car; A 1 references. Ad. Z. 74, this office. 143

WANTED—Situation as carpet layer; good. C. 76, this office. m43

WANTED—By a man with a small family, who is or will superintend; can give first-class reference. Ad. C. 75, this office. m43

WANTED—A boy wishes to learn a trade; make no objection to country or chore. Ad. J. K. Dennis, Post-Dispatch. w43

WANTED—Envelopes to address: $1 per 1,000; no copying of any description. Ad. N. 57, this office. w43

WANTED—A position by a young man as office assistant in a wholesale house; can give A 1 reference. Address Z. 64, this office. w43

WANTED—Situation by a young man of education to do something. Ad. A. 52, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Copying to do by clerk with spare time in evenings; good writer; charges reasonable. Ad Z 67, this office. 143

YOUNG married man would like to have employment of any kind so as to support his family; afraid of hard work. Best city refs. if required. Ad. O 42, this office. w43

YOUNG man of 20 desires a position as collector; can give good ref. Ad. Z. 81 this office w43

YOUNG man, aged 20, wants a situation as porter in wholesale house. O 60 this office. w43

YOUNG man of 17 would like a position in some wholesale or commission house. O. 61, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

SITUATION wanted by lady as clerk in store or as copyist; writes plain and rapid. A. 47, this office. w44

SITUATION wanted by lady as cashier; city or country. Ad. C 50, this office. m44

A GOOD girl to 14 wishes a sit. in an office or store. Ad. N. 37, this office. w42

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

A YOUNG woman wants a position as seamstress; would assist with housework or children; city references. Call 2829 Franklin av. m46

A YOUNG woman wants a position as seamstress; will take take care of good children or assist with housework; city references. Ad. O. 53, this office. w46

A RESPECTABLE widow lady desires sewing in private families by the day. Call at 1411 Franklin av. w46

A GOOD seamstress would like ewing to take to house. Ad. O. 52, this office. w46

DRESS MAKER wishes to make few more engagements by the day or family; terms reasonable; best ref. 1021 N. 16th st. m46

NIGHT WATCHMAN wanted at livery stable; must come with recommendations. w42

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper carriers who have horse and wagon. Two good men can have something profitable. Apply at this office before 8 a. m. 42

WANTED—A young man 18 to 25 years of age to make himself generally useful. Address, giving reference, C. 69, this office m62

WANTED—A man to drive wagon and attend to stable and barn. Inquire at the store, Twenty-fourth and Lucas av. Wm. Mitchell. m62

WANTED—Carts and man at 16th and Gratiot sts. Cook & Watts. m62

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper canvassers. Apply at office of POST-DISPATCH before 9 a. m. 862

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

YOUNG man who has had experience in the mailing department of a daily newspaper. Ad. Z. 84, this office. 862

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Boys.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

BOY willing a good hand to address wrappers. H. M. Brookstead, 513 E. st. m61

BOY to collect, run errands and make himself generally useful. Address by mail, giving reference and wages expected, J. G. Harris & Co., 418 N. 2d st. w61

ROBERG SCHMIDT has opened a new stove and tinware establishment at 718 Market st., where he would be pleased to see his old customers.

TWO boys wanted at Mesker's 8th and Locust, one as delivery and one as cash. Call at once.

TWO boys to unfold and six boys to label at Excelsior Brewery, 16th and Market sts. w61

WANTED—An intelligent active boy of fifteen, who writes a fair hand for office work. Ad. N. 36, this office. m

WANTED—Ten boys for drawing brushes; none but experienced hands need apply at 607 and 609 S. Second st. The Latimer Brush Mf'g Co. m8

WANTED—A boy in the frame gilding shop, by A. L. Sasner, 911 N. 8th st. s61

WANTED—A boy at 1028 Broadway.

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single beds 15c; single rooms 25 per night. Open day and night. s62

A MAN or boy to work about house. 914 Locust st. w62

A N experienced man wanted to deliver furniture and take care of horses. Farner Stove and Furniture Co., cor. 15th and Clark av. w62

A T Lafayette Park Hotel, man to attend steam boiler. w62

BOY to do porter work at drug store, 2 00 Olive st. w62

MAN and wife with no children to go to the country. Apply at 224 C immercial st. Monday, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock. w62

NIGHT WATCHMAN wanted at livery stable; must come with recommendations. w62

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper carriers who have horse and wagons. Two good men can have something profitable. Apply at this office before 8 a. m. 62

WANTED—A young man 18 to 25 years of age to make himself generally useful. Address, giving reference, C. 69, this office m62

WANTED—A man to drive wagon and attend to stable and barn. Inquire at the store, Twenty-fourth and Lucas av. Wm. Mitchell. m62

WANTS—Carts and man at 16th and Gratiot sts. Cook & Watts. m62

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper canvassers. Apply at office of POST-DISPATCH before 9 a. m. 862

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

YOUNG man who has had experience in the mailing department of a daily newspaper. Ad. Z. 84, this office. s62

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

A GOOD girl to do general housework in a small family. 910 N. 21st st. 126

A COLORED girl to do general housework 2947 Sheridan av. w66

A GOOD girl for general house work in a small American family of three; no children; German preferred. Ap. 2939 Whittemore place, one-half square west of Lafayette Park w66

COMPETENT woman wanted to do general housework; no family of four. Apply 3840 Sheridan av. w60

GOOD girl for general housework; German preferred at 3047 Thomas st. m66

GIRL wanted for general housework; to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 811 Franklin av. w66

GIRL wanted for

FOR SALE

$50,000 HENRY COUNTY New 6s.
$20,000 BENTON COUNTY New 6s.
$15,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA New 6s.
$ 8,000 PETTIS COUNTY New 6s.

The 5-20-year Missouri State Bonds being called in cease to bear interest September 1. We will take them at par and interest in exchange for any of the above named bonds.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 N. Third Street, St. Louis.

MONEY.

Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, September 4, 11 A. M.—Wheat 1@1½ lower, heavy and unsettled. Active speculative trading.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 6's of 1881.....	1881	Jan y & July	101	101½
Ex 5's of 1881.....	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101½
4½ per cent bds..	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114½	115
4 per cent bds....	1907	J. A. J. & O..	119½	120

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's.....	1882	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6's.....	1886-'87	Jan. & July	108	108
Mo. 6's.....	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108	110
Mo. 6's.....	1894	Jan. & July	120	
Mo. 6-20's of 1875 and 1876	1895-'96	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	100	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold.....	1883-'94	Various.	114	116
City 6's, gold.....	1886	May & Nov.	117	119
City 6's, c'y.....	1888-'87	Various.	107	109
City water 6's.....	1887	June & Dec 25	107	109
City water 6's.....	1900	June & Dec 25	109½	111½
City water 6's.....	1892	April & Oct.	112	113½
City 6's, gold.....	1900	Jan. & July	107	108½
County 6's, gold	1890-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park.....	1905	Jan. & July	118	
County 7's, c'y..	1885	Jan. & July	105	

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	106	106
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s..	1895	Jan. & July	117	119
K. P. 1st m 6s.....	1895	Feb. & Aug.	114	
K. P. 1st m 6s.....	1896	June & Dec.	110	112
K. P. D. Ex 7s..	1899	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consol 7s....	1919	May & Nov.	103	105
M. L. & T. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	117

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres.....	$137	
Land warrants, 120 acres.....	139	
Land warrants, 80 acres.....	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres.....	45	
Clearings to-day.....		$3 319,585
Balances to-day.....		513,950

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, September 4.—Money 5. Prime mercantile 5½@6%. Bar silver 114½. Exchange weak, 85¼ long, 89¼ short. Governments unchanged, except Pacific 6s, which are 1 lower. States dull. Railroads a fraction lower and dull. Stock market opened in the main firm, and 3/4@¾ higher. In early trade there was an advance 1@2¼, after which prices fell off ½@2, leaving the market depressed, while commons sold at 47 as against its last quotation, 48@50. Fives extended 101, 4½s 113½, 4s 119½; Pacific 6s of '95, 129.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada southern	64	64	63½	64¾
Central New Jersey	99½	99½	98½	98½
Central Pacific	95¾	96	95¾	95¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Do pref.....				
Chicago and Alton.....				
Chicago, St. P., M. & O.	64¾	64¾	63¾	63¾
Do pref.....	113	113	112½	112½
Chicago, R. I. & P.....	136¾	136¾	136¼	136¼
Chicago, B. & Q.....	136¾	136¾	135¾	135¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	124	124¾	124	124¾
Do pref.....				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O.				
Chicago and Northwest	140¾	140¾	140	140
Do pref.....				
Cin., Ind., Cin. and R.	81¾	81¾	81¼	81¾
Del., Lack. and West'n	14	14	14	14
Del., Lack. and Western	148	148	147	147
Delaware and Hudson.....	116¾	116¾	116¼	116¼
Dayton and Mich. pref..	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾
Hannibal and St. Jos.				
Do pref.....	37	37	37	37
Illinois Central.....				
Indiana, B. and W.....	112	112	111½	111½
Lake Shore.....				
Louisville and Nashville	72	72¾	72	72
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Manhattan Elevated....	56	56	55	55
Michigan Central.....	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Missouri Pacific.....	109¾	109¾	109¼	109¼
Mo., Kansas and Texas..	29¾	30¼	29¾	29¾
Mobile and Ohio.....				
Manhattan Elevated.....	85¾	85	85¼	85
Metropolitan Elevated..				
New York Central.....	134	134	133¾	133¾
Erie.....	39¾	39¾	39¼	39¼
Northern Pacific.....	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼
Do pref.....	93¾	93¾	92¾	92¾
Nashville, Chat. and St. L.				
Northwestern.....				
Do pref.....				
Ohio and Mississippi.....	18	18¼	17¾	18
Ohio Southern.....				
Ontario and Western.....	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Pacific Mail.....				
Philadelphia and Reading.	62¾	62¾	62	62¾
Pittsburg and E.....				
St. Louis and San Francisco				
Do pref.....	59	59	59	59
Do 1st pref.....				
Texas Pacific.....	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼
Union Pacific.....	117¾	118	117¼	117¾
Wabash, St. L. and P.....	37¾	37¾	37¼	37¾
Do pref.....	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Western Union Tel. Co....	90¾	91	90	90¾
Terre Haute.....				
Illinois Centrals.....	139½	139¾	139½	139¾

HAYNES, MINOR & CO.,
Grain Commission Merchants,
213 and 214 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

We are prepared to make liberal advances on consignments, and will give careful attention to receiving and shipping of Grain, and have special facilities for handling orders for future delivery, in this and all the leading markets.

R. R. MAGNUS,
Broker in
COTTON
Grain and Provisions,
219 CHESTNUT ST., ST. LOUIS.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Callender & Henderson, New York; J. R. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; Brancker, Boxwell & Co., Liverpool.

R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And General Commission Brokers.
Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.
OFFICE: 216 S. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO

EWING HILL, Member New York Cotton Exchange. Member Chicago Board of Trade. W. H. COOK.

EWING HILL & CO.,
Brokers in
Grain, Provision and Cotton,
122 North Third Street.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed in all leading markets. Telephone No. 545.

COMMERCE.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day.....	673,719	553,730	985,570	10,914	1,000
Saturday.....	678,449	765,289	982,261	9,906	1 009
Sept. 4, 1881..	491,840	1,516,473	187,169	31,879	1,093

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS.—Wheat—155 cars No. 2 red, 33 cars No. 3 red, 6 cars No. 4, 10 cars rejected, 1 car no grade, 50 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 5 cars No. 3 do.; total, 260 cars.

Corn—8 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 3 cars rejected do, 13 cars No. 2 mixed; total, 24 cars.

Oats—11 cars No. 2, 8 cars rejected; total, 19 cars.

Barley—2 cars No. 3 spring.

Rye—6 cars No. 2, 1 car no grade; total, 7 cars.

Total in, 310 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS.—Wheat—29 cars 45,000 bu. No. 2 red, 14 cars No. 3 red, 3 cars No. 4, 2 cars rejected, 39 cars No. 2 Mediterradean, 7 cars No. 3 do.; total, 94 cars 45,000 bu.

Corn—35 cars No. 2 white-mixed.

Oats—6 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected; total, 7 cars.

Total out, 136 cars, 45,000 bu.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	Clr	R. S	River.	Total.
Wheat.....	9,413	86,163	58,753	104,329
Corn.....	5,574	24,325	.....	29,899
Oats.....	24,859	15,152	6,889	46,440
Rye.....	540	384	.....	924
Barley.....				

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

FLOUR—Receipts 12,995 brls. Steady, owing to the active export demand that came for family and better grades; lower qualities selling quietly on orders. We quote round lots at depot and on levee: Extra fancy $5 20@5 30; fancy $4 95@5 05; choice $4 85@4 95; family $4 45@4 60; XXX $4 10@4 25; XX $3 90@3 60; X $3 55@3 65; su perfine $3 15@3 25; fine $2 90@3 00; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $5 80@6 00.

Cornmeal—Dull at $3 20@3 25 on orders; grit, pearl meal and hominy $4 75.

Rye Flour—Firm at $4 40@4 60 del. as to quality.

WHEAT—Receipts 7,671 sks 155,500 bu. Lower. The heavy decline in wheat and weakening advices from other markets caused lower prices to rule, but the feeling in futures was rather unsettled, with the close at declines of ⅛c for September, ⅝c for October, ⅞c for November, ⅞c for December and ⅞c for year from Saturday's close. Trading very light, as operators gave most attention to corn. Grades moved actively for shipment, some of the No. 2 red to go by river to New Orleans, but milling demand light. No. 2 red cash 96¼@96⅞ t. s., 97¼ E. s.; September 96¾ to 96¾; October 96¾ to 97¼, closing 96⅞; November 97¼ to 97¾; December 98⅝@98¾ to 97¾, closing 98¾; year 96⅜; No. 3 red 90@90¾ t. s., 92@91¾ E. s.; No. 4 87@86¾ t. s., 87¼ E. s.; No. 2 Mediterranean 97¼@97¾ t. s., 98¼@98⅝ E. s.; No. 3 do regular.

CORN—Receipts 1,204 sks, 12,500 bu. Lower. Utter demoralization and panic prevailed in futures early, and the rout was complete, prices suffering a complete collapse, owing to urgency of sellers, who let go on the bright weather and declines elsewhere; subsequently there was a rally and advance, as shorts went in and were buying freely to cover, but this strength was short lived, and the close was ½c lower for October, 2½c for November, 3c for December, 2 1-16c for year, 1¾c for January and 7c for May, but September ¼c higher than at close on Saturday. Trade was dead dull as there was but little demand, and sellers were loth to come down to the low prices offered by buyers. No. 2 mixed cash 67½ in St. L. and 67¾ in E. regular; September 67@66⅝; October 63@64¼, closing at 64¾; November 55¼@56⅝, closing at 56¾; December 55¾ bid; year 53¾@53⅞, closing 53¾ bid; May 50¾ bid. No. 2 white-mixed cash 67¾ in E., rejected do 64 bid E. s.; rejected 64 t. s.; 65 bid for U., 64¾ for St. L.

OATS—Receipts 1,902 sks 32,800 bu. Lower. Sympathy with corn and declines in other markets caused futures to let down in price, with weakness the prevailing feature, and the latest sales were at declines of ⅛c for September, 1 5 16c for October, ⅜c for November, 1⅛c for December and 1¼c for year from Saturday's close. Grades were readily taken for shipment and local consumption, and the moderate supply on sale was about all sold at the lower prices. No. 2 cash 30¾@30; September 29¾ to 29¾; October 30½ to 31¾, closing 30¾; November 31 to 31¾, closing 31; December 31¾; year 29¾ to 29¾; No. 2 white —; rejected 29¼@28¾; no grade 26 bid.

RYE—Receipts, 230 sks, 3,850 bu. Lower with everything else, but in shipping demand at the decline, though dull and weak at the close. No. 3 sold this side at 61¾@61, but 63 bid for E. side; rejected brought 59.

HAY—Receipts 307 tons. Shipping demand active and prices steadily maintained therefor. by. This side: Prairie $7@7 50 for fair to good, $8@8 25 for prime, $9@9 50 for choice; mixed $7@7 50 for timothy, $8@8 50 for choice, $9@9 50 for choice, $15 50 for fancy. East track: Choice timothy $14.

MILLFEED—Lower, but trade good at the decline. Sacked bran 72@71 at mills, 73@72 t. b. t. or C. D. track; bulk 64 this side, 66@66½ t. o. b. E. s.

PROVISIONS—Receipts 50 100 lbs hams, 166,620 lbs meats, 200,000 lbs lard, 47,000 lbs grease. There were sharp declines at other points, but about the only parts of the product to respond to this weakening here were pork and lard, former declining considerably, but dry, salt meats and bacon were relatively steady, and finally well sustained by a sharp order demand that bought free y and largely; standard mess lobbed at $22 30@22; spot and 10 bbls January sold at $19 40; for 5 pionser $21 75 bid. Bulk quotable at 11 9@11 95; sales of dry salt shoulders were made at 10 loose, 10⅛ boxed; long clear and clear ribs at 13 90 loose, 13¾@14 boxed; short clear at 14.35@14 40 loose, 14¼@¼ boxed. Bacon—Short clear sold at 15¾@¾ packed, 15.35 loose, and loose clear ribs at 14.80, latter late saturday. Hams range from 16@16¾; orders ½c higher. Lard—Low at for prime and choice country in oil bbls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7¾@¾; grease tallow 6¾@7¼. Breakfast bacon 15¾@17. Grease 5¾@6 for brown, 6¾@7½c yellow, 7¾@8 white.

BEEF—Extra mess $13 00@17 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c; strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh scarce and nominal at 7@8 per doz. Tallow $1 20@3 per brl. Ground allum $1 10 per sack.

Highwines steady. Sales: 186 bbls at $1 19. Cincinnati $1 18; Chicago $1 20.

LEAD—Dull and quotably unchanged. A little is selling, a car load at a time, at $4 70 for hard and $4 75 for refined. Spelter dull at about $5.

FLAXSEED—Lower, but in demand with liberal sales at $1 19@1 19½.

GRASS SEEDS—Timothy quiet, with sales at $2 05@2 06 for fair, $2 15 for prime recleaned. Quote German millet 90c; common millet 50@60c; Hungarian 50@60c; clover $5 for new.

CASTOR BEANS—A sale of old was made at $1 25. For October delivery of new $1 20 was bid.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—September $1 03; October $1 02½; November $1 02⅞; December $1 03¾; year $1 02. Corn—September 73½; October 70; year 58. Oats—September 34½; October 34; November 34 bid; year 34.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—September 98; October 96; November 96½; year 95⅞. Corn—September 70¾; October 68¾; November 63½; year 58¾; May 54¾; January 53¾. Oats—September 33⅝; October 33; November 32⅞; year 32¾; Short ribs—September 13.15; October 13.02½; November 11.72½. Pork—September $21 50; October $21 87½; November $20 35; January $19 25; February $19 35; year $19 25. Lard—September 11.85¾; October 11.92½@.95; November 11.92½; January 11.82½.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—September 96¾@⅞; October 97; November 97½ bid; December 98; year 96½. Corn—September 66 bid; October 64½; November 55¾; December 52¾ bid; year 53; January 49¾; May 50¾. Oats—September 30 bid; October 31½; November 30½ bid; December 31¾ bid; year 29¾ bid.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular—Sept. 98; Oct. 95¾; Nov. 95¾; year 95½; old—Sept. 96¾ b.; year 96½ b. Corn—Sept. 70½; Oct. 67¾; Nov. 62¼; year 58¼; Jan. 53¾; May 54⅝@55. Oats—Sept. 33¾; Oct. 32¾; Nov. 32½; year 32½; May 34¾. Pork—Sept. $21 40; Oct. $21 17½@20; Nov. $19 97½; year $18 95; Jan. $19 05; Feb. $19 12½. Lard—Sept. 11.85 a.; Oct. 11.90. Shortribs—Sept. 13.20; Oct. 13; Nov. 11.55; year 10.40; Jan. 10 20; Feb. 10.30.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—September $1 02⅝; October $1 02½; November $1 02⅜; December $1 02½; year $1 01¾. Corn—September $72¾; year 67¾.

DETROIT.

Wheat—September $1 01¾; October $1 02½ bid; November $1 03 asked; December $1 03¼; year $1 02¾ asked.

Cotton.

Spots quiet at ⅛c decline. No sales reported. New York spots quiet and lower and futures also off. New Orleans dull and easy. Liverpool spots moderately active, with free sellers; futures 1-64@1-32d lower.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 9¼; ordinary, 10¾; good ordinary, 11¾; low middling, 12¼; middling, 12⅝; good middling, 13⅛; middling fair, 13¾. Stained—Good ordinary, 10; low middling, 11; middling, 11¾.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 15 bales, against 442 bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 37 bales, against 729 same time last year; shipments to-day, 245 bales, against 357 last year; since September 1, 1882, 255 bales, against 406 same time last year. Stock to-day 1,531 bales, against 8,548 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 7 1-16d. Orleans 7¼d. Sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed flat: September and October 6 52-64; October and November 6 39 64; November and December 6 34-64; December and January 6 34-64; January and February 6 34-64; February and March 6 36-64; March and April 6 42-64; June and July 6 44-64.

NEW YORK.

Middling 12 13-16c spot. Futures closed steady; sept. 12.28; Oct. 11.76; November 11.57; December 11.57; January 11.65; February 11.76; March 11.87; April 11.99; May 12.10; June 12.19. Sales, 73,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12⅝c spot. Futures closed quiet and steady; September 11.76; October 11.44; November 11.29; December 11.29; January 11.37; February 11.47; March 11.58; April 11.69; May 11.80; June 11.94; July 12.05. Sales 27,000 bales.

NET RECEIPTS AT U. S. PORTS

for three days 8,895 bales, against 7,500 last week and 29,041 same time 1881 year. Exports 7,222 bales, against 5,608 same time last year. Stock, 115,624 bales, against 242,014 last year. Net receipts since September 1, 1881, — bales.

Leaf Tobacco.

No public sales on Saturdays or Mondays.

We quote: Old stylish—Common dark lugs $5 00@5 50; common leaf $5 50@7; medium to good $7 50@8 50; choice none offering. Burley—Common lugs $5 00@5 50; good $6@6 50; common leaf $7 00@8 00; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25; good do $25@35; fine bright $40@55. Interior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery choice 28@30; selections 31@32; seconds at 25@26 Dairy—Choice to fancy 25@24 o 25@23; medium to prime 16@19; low to fair 12@15 Country fresh yellow 14@16 for choice; 11@12 for off color.

CHEESE—Mid late make full cream 11@13 sharp do 9@10; prime to choice part skims 6½@7½; interior do 2@4

EGGS—Steady at 15½@16 for choice marks current receipts.

POULTRY—Quote: Live old chickens $2 25@3 50 for hens; $2 75@3 for mixed; $2 25@2 50 for cocks per doz. Spring chickens—Small and inferior $1 50@2; fair to good $2 25@2 50; choice $2 75@3; fancy $3 25@3 50; live turkeys 5@6c; geese $3 50@4; ducks $2@2 25 for old; $3 00 for young & doz.

GAME—Grouse—Young $4 50; Old $3 50; mallard and teal duck $2 75@3; wood duck $2@2 25; snipe $2; woodcock $5; golden leg and upland plover 50@$1; bull frogs $1@1 25; sand ipers 20@40; Deer—11@12 for carcasses. 16@18 for venison hams.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed — Choice 37; fancy 38; fair 34@36½; low 28@31; unwashed—Choice medium 24½@28; medium clothing 21@23½; medium coarse 21½@22½; low do 17@18; coarse heavy 14@16; light fine 22@25; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 2@3c less. For each wool sack 50c to be allowed.

HIDES—Quote Green salted 9¼; damaged 7½; uncured 7¾; damaged do 6; bulls and stags 6@7; green salted veal 12 dry flint 18; damaged do 10; flint bull and stag 9½; dry hint 16½; No. 2 do 13 ½. for sheep skins, $6@1 60 for sou heavy; fine stock, dry or green.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 50 in large and 60 in small sacks. unrive quility 44@45; mixed quality 36@40, seconds 1.... Tare 5 or cl.

APPLES—Choice red $1 40@1 50; damaged 50@75; medium $1 00@1 25 per bbl.

CABBAGE—$1 25 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

POTATOES—Sell at 55@65 per bu.

ONIONS—35@50 per bu, and 75@$1 25 per bbl.

WHITE BEANS—Prime bobbing from store at $2 75.

HEMP-SEED—Quotable $1 60 for prime.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, reduced: Oranges—Rodi $2@3 50; Lemons—Messina and Palermo $6@6 50; bananas per orders $2@3 50 ♥ b bunch; cocoanuts $3 50@5 00 ♥ 1,000.

SEALS—Live at 3@3 for hereford; 4@4½ for choice smut mixed; medium 3½@3¾; common 2½@3; dead 2@2½.

TALLOW—$3 50@3 00 ton rate for fancy large fat.

HONEY—Extracted and strained 7@10; comb 1 @20.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2¼@3½; gray and brown-mixed 2¾@4½; brown and black 5@6; all black @5; machine-picked, on orders; XXX—Black 5@6; No. 1 do 3@4; XX—Black 3½ to 4; XX—brown mixed 6½@7; A—gray mixed 3@3½. Round lots graded ¾ to ½c ♥ ♥.

ROOTS—We quote: Queensboro' 2½@2 60 to $1 00; Seneca 3@3 25; blue flag 5@6; blood roots 3¾; golden seal 1 ; snake 13@15; black 4@5; slay apple 2¾@3, blank 1 @2; Ginseng 3 ; lady slipper 7; bitter-sweet 2@3; mad top 2@3.

SHINGLES—Sales, per m: Cypress 3 50 to 4; XX—Black 3 to 3½; XX—brown mixed 6½@7; A—gray mixed 3@3½. Round lots graded ¾ to ½c ♥ ♥.

ROOTS—We quote: Queensboro' 2½@2 60 to $1 00; Seneca 3@3 25; blue flag 5@6; blood roots 3¾; golden seal 1 ; snake 13@15; black 4@5; slay apple 2¾@3, blank 1 @2; Ginseng 3 ; lady slipper 7; bitter-sweet 2@3; mad top 2@3.

BROOM CORN—Crooked 4; common straight 5@6; prime 6¼@7½; choice green hurl 8½@9.

BEESWAX—Southern yellow 2@27; dark 19 20.

HOPS—New York 48@50 for medium; 60 for se ct; 35@40 for ordinary.

SORGHUM—Salable at 25c per gal.

HEMP—We quote Undressed hemp $50@55; dressed hemp $140@150; shorts $120@14 ; tarred low grade $60@70; tarred to wire $90@100 per ton.

PECANS—Western 7@8; Texas 9@10.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ♥ 100 lbs: Wrought 90; heavy cast 85; stove 55@60; plows 50; burnt 30; axles—heavy 1 ; light 38. Copper $ 3. Bones $16@17; dry bunalo $22.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 75; coal oil $1@1 10. ; whisky 75@80c.

RAGS—Country m xed 1.40@1.80; grass rope 2¾ ♥ ♥.

DERRSKINS—Prime 24@28; heavy winter 20 salted and meaty 17@18; green ....

COOPERAGE—We quote the range Flour brls—City eut 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country oak 40; where to arrive 64 lower; Gallon—ia 3d lower. Spot wheat not much doing. Mixed Western corn easier at 7s 4d. Mark Lane wheat rather easier; corn quiet. Country markets a shade lower. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent dull for wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, September 4.—Bacon — Long clear steady at 72s; short clear steady at 76s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 62s 6d. Beef—India mess steady at 105s. Corn—Mixed old dull at 7s 4d. Wheat—Spring No. 2 dull at 9s 2½; winter—New Western dull at 8s 11d. Turpentine at London dull at 32s 6d.

Crumbs of the Court.

Suit on a note was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Benjamin F. Webster against C. M. Switzer.

Letters of administration were granted today to Melvin Gray on the estate of Erskine C. Curtis, valued at $6,000.

A suit on account was filed to-day against John H. Vornbrock by Louis A. Bendit and Max Drey to recover $720.

In the Windsor Hotel case before Referee Ryan the cross-examination of B. H. Engelke, one of the defendants, was taken up this morning and resumed later in the day.

U. S. Deputy Marshal Williams brought in to-day from Adair county, John Rose, charged with selling cigars in the country without license. He will be held for the November term of the District Court.

New Buildings.

Messrs. Liggett & Myers are building an $8,000 tobacco storeroom on the north side of Locust street between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

Mr. John Brown will build a brick dwelling house, to cost $3,700, on the south side of Finney avenue, between Vandeventer and Grand avenues.

The brick tenement house which Mr. Theo Dornbusch is about to erect on the west side of Eighth street between Geyer and Allen avenues is expected to cost $3,150.

Three thousand dollars is the estimated cost of the double brick tenement house to be erected by Mr. Thomas M. Fleming on the east side of Montrose avenue, between Scott avenue and Atlantic street.

On Trial For Robbery.

Henry Lee, charged with robbing Mrs. Wittenberg at 1008 Franklin avenue, is on trial in the Criminal Court to-day. Mrs. Wittenberg, the prosecuting witness, was thrown down a flight of stairs by Lee, whom she met as he was leaving the house last June.

BARTLEY KENNEDY, aged 54 years, who was admitted to the City Hospital, July 17, suffering from a fracture of the skull, died to-day from its effect. An inquest will be held.

SHEEP—Supply small and the feeling a little better. This is all that can be said.

Common to medium $3@3 85; fair to good $3 90@3 75; good to prime $3 90@4 25; fancy $4 25@4 50; stock sheep $2 25@3; Texan sheep $2 75@4 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description	Av.	Price.
101	Native sheep	84	$4 25
215	Native sheep	91	3 75

Horses and Mules.

There is no change of any consequence to note. Good stock in demand and scarce. Common stock dull.

HORSES.

Southern horses	$6@125
Streeters	110@150
Heavy draught, good	160@180
Heavy draught, extra	175@200
Drivers, good	125@150
Drivers, extra	150@200
Saddlers, good	125@150
Saddlers, extra	175@200
Plugs, heavy	25@ 60

MULES.

13½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	60@ 70
14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	80@115
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	100@125
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	115@135
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	140@160
16 to 16½ hands, extra	160@200

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, September 4.—Cattle dull; sales 8,300; prime $7 50, good $6 50@7 25, medium $5 50@6 25, common $4@5 25, fat cows $3 00@6 25. Sheep dull; sales 16,000, extra 130-pound wethers $5@5 50, good 85 to 95 pound $4 25@4 75, fat ewes $4@4 50, stock ewes $3@4, culls $2 25@3, lambs $4@7 37½; calves $7@8 75. Hogs active at 11 75@13; sales 5,800.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, September 4.—Flour steady and quiet. Wheat—Western lower and unsettled; active; No. 2 winter red spot $1 10¾@11 September and October $1 10¾@1 11; November $1 12½@1 12¾; December $1 13 bid; January $1 14 bid. Corn—Western easier and active at 78; September 80 bid; October 79¾@78; November 74½@75¾; November and December 65¾@66¾. Oats steady for standard low grades; Western white 42@45, mixed 39@40; Pennsylvania 40@45. Rye quiet and steady at 68@69. Hay firm at $15@18. Provisions firm; mess pork $24; bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11¾@11¾; bacon shoulders 12¾, clear rib sides 15¾, hams 15¾@16¼; lard—refined 14. Butter firm for choice; Western packed 18@20, creamery 25@30. Eggs steady at 16@20. Petroleum firm; refined at 6¾@7. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes 8¾@9; sugar firm; A soft 9¾.

Whisky firm at $1 20@1 22.

Freights quiet. Receipts, flour 3,615 brls; wheat 146,031 bu; corn 938 bu; oats 6,418 bu; rye 250 bu. Shipments, flour 1,040; corn 3,115. Sales, wheat 524,879 bu; corn 207,238 bu.

CHICAGO, September 4.—The favorable condition of affairs again caused a drop on change to-day, except in provisions, which were firmer, the year being, however, ⅜ off. Corn declined ⅜@½, September and cash going stronger. Oats ⅜@⅝ lower. Pork 7½@20 lower. Lard 15 cents lower and weak. Hogs—Receipts 8,400; active, firm 5@10 higher, light $3@3 75; mixed packing $7 10@8 60; heavy $8 75@9 30. Cattle—receipts 1,000. Sheep 1½@3¾ lower. Receipts of grain for business; mixed Western spot 81@90; futures 63¾@81¾; sales 2,400,000 bu. Oats 1¼@2 lower; Western 35@45; sales 54,000 bu., including No. 2 September 36@36⅞. October 34@34¾.

CINCINNATI, September 4, 11:35 A.M.—Flour qu et; fancy $5 65@5 87½; choice $5 12½@5 37½. Cornmeal easy at $3 60. Corn quiet; mixed 58@58½; yellow 58½; and then began buttoning up his coat in a nervous, hysterical sort of way. But he said nothing. "Excuse me, sir," continued Col. Prather, smiling pleasantly, "but I think we're old friends. Isn't your name Williams?" The old man shot another wild glance at Prather, and then another wild glance at Rickey, who by this time was just at Prather's back, and then he jumped up out of his chair and dodged into the hotel, shrieking, "No, sir, my name isn't Williams and I aint going to be bunkoed by any of you Doc Bagges fellers, either!" The mortification accruing to Gen. Prather and Rickey from this occurrence is of too serious a nature to be exploitated upon.

A Star Router's Newspapers.

From the New York Sun.

Brady's evening paper prints a defense of his investments in Washington newspapers, drawn out by Mr. Merrick's references to them in his speech. The purchase of the National Republican, the Evening Critic and Sunday Gazette is credited to Brady. Bacon is steadily at 11@11½@. Lard steady at 11@11½@. Whisky firm at $1 18; combination sales, furnished goods, 953 brls on basis of $1 18.

TOLEDO, September 4.—Wheat steady: No. 2 cash $1 03; September $1 02⅝; October $1 02¾; November $1 02¾; December $1 03¾; year $1 02. Corn—Unsettled; high mixed 74; No. 2 cash or September 73¾; October 70; year 57¾. Oats firmer; No. 2 cash or September 34¾; October or November 34 bid; year 34.

DETROIT, September 4.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet and unchanged; No. 1 white $1 02¾; septem ber $1 02¾@1 03; October $1 03 bid; November $1 02¾@1 03; December nominal; year $1 02¾ bid. No. 2 red $1 03¾ bid, $1 04 asked; September $1 03¾ bid; No. 2 white $1. Receipts, wheat, 27,000; shipments, 36,168.

BUFFALO, September 4.—Quotations nominally unchanged. Canal freights nominal, boatman asking 6c for wheat; shippers refuse to pay that rate.

WILMINGTON, September 4.—Turpentine firm at 39.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, September 4.—Spot wheat dull. Corn unchanged. Wheat to arrive dull and neglected. Corn quiet.

LONDON, September 4.—Weather in England favorable. Red winter wheat off coast 15d lower; No. 2 spring 6d lower. Red winter and spring wheat on passage and to arrive 6d lower; California 3d lower. Spot wheat not much doing. Mixed Western corn easier at 7s 4d. Mark Lane wheat rather easier; corn quiet. Country markets a shade lower. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent dull for wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, September 4.—Bacon — Long clear steady at 72s; short clear at 76s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 62s 6d. Beef—India mess steady at 105s. Corn—Mixed old dull at 7s 4d. Wheat—Spring No. 2 dull at 9s 2½; winter—New Western dull at 8s 11d. Turpentine at London dull at 32s 6d.

Crumbs of the Court.

Suit on a note was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Benjamin F. Webster against C. M. Switzer.

Letters of administration were granted today to Melvin Gray on the estate of Erskine C. Curtis, valued at $6,000.

A suit on account was filed to-day against John H. Vornbrock by Louis A. Bendit and Max Drey to recover $720.

In the Windsor Hotel case before Referee Ryan the cross-examination of B. H. Engelke, one of the defendants, was taken up this morning and resumed later in the day.

U. S. Deputy Marshal Williams brought in to-day from Adair county, John Rose, charged with selling cigars in the country without license. He will be held for the November term of the District Court.

New Buildings.

Messrs. Liggett & Myers are building an $8,000 tobacco storeroom on the north side of Locust street between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

Mr. John Brown will build a brick dwelling house, to cost $3,700, on the south side of Finney avenue, between Vandeventer and Grand avenues.

The brick tenement house which Mr. Theo Dornbusch is about to erect on the west side of Eighth street between Geyer and Allen avenues is expected to cost $3,150.

Three thousand dollars is the estimated cost of the double brick tenement house to be erected by Mr. Thomas M. Fleming on the east side of Montrose avenue, between Scott avenue and Atlantic street.

On Trial For Robbery.

Henry Lee, charged with robbing Mrs. Wittenberg at 1008 Franklin avenue, is on trial in

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
627 Olive street, St. Louis.
Copying and enlarging from old Pictures. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

DO YOU HANDLE GRAIN?

Only cost you 40 Cents, Mailed on receipt of price by
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
316 and 318 North Third Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

ATTENTION is this morning called to D. Crawford & Co.'s advertisement elsewhere. 'Tis long since the people of St. Louis knew of the best place at which to buy their goods, but still this house thinks it good policy to lay, at least weekly, before them a detailed account of the bargains they are daily receiving.

Boston Art Furniture
Is more durable, far more beautiful, and costs less than the inartistic goods you have been accustomed to see. Examine our stock in St. Louis. GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.,
500 N. Fourth st., up stairs.

SHE has a complexion like a rose. Why? She uses Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

DR. DINSMORE removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $3.

STRICTLY personal advertisements, twenty-one words for ten cents. Send by mail.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

DRUNKENNESS and Opium Habit controlled and cured with Dr. Lesne E. Keeley's Chloride of Gold remedies. Call or write for particulars. 414 North Seventh street. P. D. Cordell, agent.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Russian influence is said to be in the ascendant in Persia.

All work on the inter-oceanic canal in Panama is to be stopped.

Two French editors fought a duel on Sunday, which resulted in the death of one of them.

Rowell, the pedestrian, arrived from England on Sunday. His old trainer, Barnsley, is with him.

Arthur Sullivan, late Irish member of Parliament, has sailed for America with his family. He will lecture.

The Planters' Hotel at Cairo, Ill., owned by John Goekel, of St. Louis, burned at 5 o'clock on Sunday morning.

The anniversary of the capitulation of Sedan was celebrated through out Germany on Sunday with unusual enthusiasm.

The main office of the Western Union Telegraph Company at Baltimore took fire on Sunday morning, and all the wires were temporarily disabled.

The Chilian Government has determined upon the strictest measures towards the conquered Peruvians. Martial law is to be declared in the territory held by the Chilian forces.

An old farmer named Sharp while sitting in front of a store in East Hannibal, Mo., on Saturday, suddenly threw up his hands, gasped and fell forward dead. Death is supposed to have been caused by heart disease.

George Green, a farmer of Audrain county, Mo., whose wife procured a divorce from him several months ago, on Sunday sent a neighbor for his two children and then deliberately shot them to death. He then killed himself.

The United States grand jury at Parkersburg, Va., has indicted Inspector Young for manslaughter, for granting the steamer Smoto a permit to carry more passengers than authorized by law. Two pilots and the Captain of the Lomas are also indicted.

The Spanish Minister of Finance on Sunday received a large packet from Barcelona. On proceeding to open it personally his suspicions were aroused regarding the contents. The packet was subsequently cautiously handled and found to contain dynamite.

United States District Attorneys have been instructed to push vigorously every election fraud case in Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida and South Carolina, with a view to assisting whatever independent movement may be afoot in the Congressional elections.

Robinson, the Artist Tailor,
716 Pine, has just received the latest importations in fall goods for Gentlemen's Suits, including all the novelties of the season. With first-class work and lowest prices, he will insure satisfaction.

CALL and see Van Biarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.
The finance committee of the Supreme Lodge Knights and Ladies of Honor meets in its fifth annual session at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at the office of Col. Freeman Wright, Supreme Secretary, No 1117 Chestnut street. The session will last three days, but the result will not be made known until the last day's work is concluded.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

School Tickets on the Missouri Pacific Railway.
School tickets will only be issued on application of Principal or Superintendent of School. Application blanks can be had at ticket office, 115 N. Fourth street.

F. CHANDLER,
General Passenger Agent.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

SWIMMING SYLPHS.

The Ladies' Aquatic Contest at the Natatorium Saturday.

Some of the Pretty Naiads Who Will Compete for the Prizes, and Their Chances—The Gentlemen's Match.

An unusual activity is apparent at the Natatorium to day, as the announcement in Saturday's POST DISPATCH that the first prize contest for ladies and girls would certainly take place on the 9th has decided the timid to at least practice for the race, and nerved the ambitious to show what stuff they are made of. The galleries were ahum with gossipping naids.

Mr. Kraghas arranged a programme to guide the committee of ladies who are to act as judges, and it will be submitted to them at the Natatorium, to-morrow morning. It is:

1. Swimming ith grace and corret motion. Open to adult pupils only.
2. Same race for girl pupils.
3. Race for speed, two lengths of the tank. For pupils and patrons not over 15.
4. Ladies race for speed, two lengths of the tank. Open to pupils and patrons.
5. Floating, diving and swimming on the back. For pupils and patrons.

To conclude with a free-for-all swim. A flag and an egg will be added if the ladies approve it.

The committee are to be selected this afternoon. They will have power to alter the programme as suits them. Miss Nannie Rex and Mrs. W. H Glasgow are two names suggested, but it was learned to-day that Mr. Glasgow would not be in the city until next week. Her two daughters swim well, but will not contest in the match. Entries may be made up to Saturday morning.

THE PROBABLE COMPETITORS.

The first prize, it is supposed, will go to Bertha Sturne, a 16-year-old young lady, who swims like a fish. She is first in the tank every day, and has become expert by constant practice, receiving but half a dozen lessons at the beginning of the season. She does the side stroke well, and is a very rapid swimmer. Miss Bertha has in preparation a handsome new suit for the great day.

Miss Annie Anton, aged 11, will also contest for the first prize. She swims rapidly, and goes the length of the tank under water. Plunges from the upper gallery are part of her daily exercise. She has learned without a teacher. Her greatest feat was swimming around the tank twenty-one times in succession. But in this she was excelled by her two older sisters who beat her by one and three rounds respectively. They also swim under water. The elder Miss Anton is the finest diver in the school, and is sure of a prize.

Miss Hattie Johnson, who won the Natatorium roller skate medal last winter, is expected to compete for first prize. She is a graceful swimmer and jumper. Mrs. E. F. Osborn, her sister, swims almost as well, but excels in floating.

Sophie Johnson, not yet in her teens, is the most daring pupil, and wears out in consequence more suits than any one else. She practices on the sliding boards—either head or feet foremost—and attempts every style of propulsion in the water with success. At the first lesson she jumped from the upper gallery with a rope guard, but repeated the feat immediately, discarding the rope.

Those who are expected to enter for the match include Miss Fanny Buchanan, Miss Sears, Miss Fabin, Miss C Cecil, the Misses Taylor, Miss Fanny Surne (sister to Bertha), Miss Florence Epstein, Miss Mary G. Smith, Mrs. Bogy, Mrs. D. G. Cook, the three Misses Dillon, Miss Lottie Bevis, Miss Jenny Goddard, Miss F. Capen, Miss Sampson, Miss E Swan, Miss D. A. Pollock, Miss Vastine, Miss Howard, Misses Nettie and Kate Beck, Miss E Dorsheimer, Miss Ellis, Miss Livingston, Miss Sasback, Mrs. E. W. Brush, Miss M. E. Edgell, Miss Tenicke, Miss L. Trauernicht, Miss Ida Winkelmeyer, Misses S. and M. Siffel, Miss Lulu Anderson, Mrs. B. O'Fallon, Miss Lulu Edwards, Mrs. J. T. Davis, Mrs. Scullin, Misses Hattie and Clara Clark. Some of this number are away at present but will probably return in time for the race fortified by seaside bathing. There have been over 600 names enrolled since the Natatorium opened last year.

Among recent beginners are Mrs. Cabot and the Misses L. and M. L. Bent. The latter is one of the prettiest figures in the water. She wears a suit of ink-blue flannels, ockings same color, and a yellow oil-skin cap. Several young ladies who can swim tolerably and who have a host of appreciative brothers, cousins and uncles, are anxious to have gentlemen admitted as spectators next Saturday, but President Thompson does not favor it.

THE PRIZES

will be a gold and a silver medal, a silver chatelaine watch and silver cups or mugs, as may become necessary by a possible lengthening of programme.

THE GENTLEMEN'S MATCH.

The third prize race this season for male pupils of the Natatorium will begin at 8 o'clock the evening of the 9th and last two hours. The programme is:

1. Race for speed, boys 15 and under; for pupils only, for the season of 1881-82. Two lengths of tank; ten entries. Prize, silver medal.
2. Race for speed, four lengths of tank, for gentlemen pupils of the class of 1881-82; ten entries. Prize, gold medal.
3. Race for speed and graceful movement, for boys 15 years and under, two lengths of tank, over hurdles. Prize, silver cup.
4. Race for speed and graceful movement, for gentlemen, four lengths of tank over hurdles; 10 entries. Prize, silver goblet.
5. Flag race for boys, open to all; 10 entries. Prize, silver cup.
6. Flag race for gentlemen, open to all except professionals; 10 entries. Prize, silver goblet.
7. Egg-hunting and diving from springboard. Ten entries. Prize, largest number of eggs.

Messrs. E C. Simmons, Orvil Paddock and G. F. Filley are the awarding committee.

A large number are training for the races, including Charles Richter, George Capen, Gustin Sturne, Ike L. Sturne, C. H. Peck and Clinton Braners.

No one will be allowed to enter who has won a race at either of the two previous contests this season.

THAT wonderful catholicon known as Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has given the lady a world-wide reputation for doing good. It is like a living spring to the vital constitution. Her blood purifier will do more to cleanse the channels of the circulation and purify the life of the body than all the sanitary devices of the Board of Health.

A CURIOUS CANINE.

A Deformed Dog, a Pariah Among His Kind.

The old Pratt mansion, which formerly stood on Jefferson avenue, near Clark avenue, was surrounded by a farm known as the "old orchard." It was overgrown with weeds and was the lurking place of about twenty lazy, mangy curs, all of whom were a nuisance to the neighborhood. Among these was one dog, who has long been a curiosity in the neighborhood. Although the old orchard has been covered with several rows of buildings, the dog still remains there, and is apparently a fixture. He is one of the most peculiar canines ever known. He is about the size of a full grown setter, a dusty black in color, with a long, lean body. His legs are very peculiar. The hind ones are extremely long and nearly as slender as those of a small black-and-tan. The fore ones are about half the length, which causes the animal to walk with a very peculiar lope. His head was very like that of a bear, and his tail long and thin, so that he looks like no animal mentioned by zoologists. The animal seems to be conscious of his deformities, for he habitually avoids the society of all other animals. He is morose and sullen, but not vicious. The yelping curs in the neighborhood often set upon him, but he makes no resistance, seldom tries to run away and calmly takes whatever treatment he gets. After these periodical onslaughts he is more melancholy, after a dog fashion, than usual. The neighbors pity him and have often left good food within easy reach of his retreat, but he will not touch it. How he lives nobody knows, as he never leaves his hiding-place in the day time. He is a veritable tramp among the dog species, with no friends and no sympathy. The most adroit whistling and coaxing will not bring him, and he always runs away at the approach of a stranger. Some time ago he disappeared and was not seen for as much as a year. It was supposed that he was dead until he was noticed about three weeks ago in a number of weeds in a lot. Where he has been is not known, but he has returned to his old quarters. He is as unsociable and as forlorn as ever, and persistently refuses to make friends. The neighbors look upon him as a veritable curiosity, and are rather proud of him. Nobody interferes with him, and he has resumed his old habit of sleeping and lounging all day in the lot.

Now or never is the time to buy yourself a good silk dress, and the place is D. Crawford & Co.'s, who are loaded up with the greatest bargains in black and colored silks they have ever shown.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S THEATER.

Robert G. Morris' new play, "The Irish-American," was produced last night at Pope's Theater. It can scarcely be said to be in working order yet, since its initial representation only occurred last week in Rochester, N. Y., and its possibilities do not seem to have developed. The story involves an Irish-American who has returned to his native country to wed the girl of his heart, and is there arrested and persecuted by Fenians and Land Leaguers. The purpose, therefore, of the plot is to introduce all the features of Irish oppression, and while its literary merit is marked and unequivocal, it is lacking in dramatic effect. It would be a better play if better performed. The leading role is assumed by James W. McGrath, who reflects the real merit of the production. Luke McAvoy, as Trudy the Pope performs his part in true Irish style. Miss Ada Boshell, Miss Nellie Pierce and the company are only fair. "The Irish-American" will be repeated tonight.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

The character actor, Mr. Milton Nobles, began an engagement last night at the Grand Opera-house in "The Phœnix," to a large audience. He proved as original and interesting as ever, and the melodramatic effects of his play are highly appreciated. The scenery was excellent, and the fire scene especially good. Dixie Nobles, Miss Lizzie Evans, Miss Weidman, Alonzo Schwartz and the supporting company were satisfactory in every particular. "The Phœnix" is underlined for repetition to night and to-morrow night; afterwards, "Interviews."

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

A crowded house greeted the return of Nick Roberts' Humpty Dumpty Troupe at the People's Theater last night. The company includes three clowns, Grimaldi, Dromeo and Pedro; Frank H. Arthur as Pantaloon, John F. Raymond as Harlequin and Miss Ida Bertha as Columbine; Miss Emily Luly as the Fairy Queen, besides the four Oaodie brothers, Wood and West, and a large number of clever variety people. The performance is varied smoothly last evening, and was received with evidences of entusiasm. "Humpty Dumpty" all week, with Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

DRAMATIC NOTES.

J. K. Emmet and wife are in the city preparing for the opening engagement of the Olympic Theater next Monday.

"The Pirates of Penzance," by the New York Ideal Opera Company, begins its second week at the Pickwick Theater this evening.

The companies of Milton Nobles and Nick Roberts have taken a new departure, and moved down to the Grand Pacific Hotel. The St. James will have to look to its laurels as a haven for the professionals.

The attractions for next week are as follows: People's Theater, Gus Williams in "One of the Finest"; Pope's, the Kiralfy Brothers in "Back Cook"; Grand Opera-house, Callender's Georgia Colored Minstrels; Olympic, J. K. Emmet in "Fritz With the Gypsies."

THERE is no worse enthrallment for a tormented man than the exactions of a morbid nervous condition. The over-taxed brain then gets no rest from tranquil sleep and needs the ameliorating influence of Dr. C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills.

CITY NEWS.

The local Latter-day Saints assembled yesterday at Union Hall, Broadway, for service, including prayer, singing, administration of the sacrament and sermon.

The Liberal League yesterday discussed "Love," a theme vigorously handled by the lights of that body, R. A. Campbell, Logan Sleeper and Luximon Roy. Much interest was evinced in the subject.

Bishop Ryan officiated yesterday in Carondelet at the blessing of the bells for St. Columbkill's church. There was a large gathering of the clergy and laity. The interior of the church has been handsomely decorated.

Robert Sandmeyer, a young man employed at a Franklin avenue confectionery, fell during sleep last night, from a second-story window on Second street to the sidewalk. His skull was fractured and he cannot recover.

There was a very large attendance yesterday afternoon at the Fair Grounds. The fifteenth concert of the season was given by the United States Cavalry Depot Band, and the zoological garden was crowded with visitors.

An attempt was made last evening to wreck the incoming Wabash train from the West, between Pendleton and Jonesburg, by placing ties across the track. The engineer saw the obstruction in time to prevent an accident.

A service of song was given last evening at Trinity M. E. Church, North Market street, in which the congregation shared selections with the choir and organist. The Rev. R. R. Pierce, pastor, took an active part in the new form of service, with brief remarks upon each selection.

The Scudder place, on the Natural Bridge Road, west of King's Highway, was consumed in flames yesterday morning. The residence was owned and occupied by P. R Veley and family, who were visiting at Kirkwood when the fire broke out. Nothing was saved but a book-case and a few clothes. There was some indication of the work of an incendiary. The loss is estimated at $12,000.

Lunch Baskets and Boxes
Very cheap at Simmons Hardware Co.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

THE ODDEST MAN IN TOWN.

Complete Description of a Well-Known Street Character,

Who Traveled All Over the World to Carry Signs in St. Louis.

There is hardly a man, woman or half-grown child within the confines of St. Louis who is not acquainted with the faithful, honest phiz of the old man who has, for the last eight years, carried advertising boards along Fourth and Fifth streets. His name is Thomas McGreall. Probably not two dozen in the city ever heard his name, or, indeed, know anything about him except his odd appearance and dress. Mr. McGreall, however, is a genius, and is well worthy to be made acquainted with the 100,000 readers of the POST-DISPATCH. McGreall has been painted frequently by local artists, and numerous sketches have been made of him. An excellent likeness of him was exhibited a year or two ago at the Fair. The artist Eichbaum has recently completed another oil portrait of him, of which Thomas' criticism is, "Aw, it's me, ogzackly." In this picture the sign is dispensed with, and McGreall is depicted in his hours of ease reading the Irish World, his favorite literature. He is very proud of his prominence as a subject for artists, and loses no opportunity on street corners to invite those who address him up to the "stood-o" to see his picture. People who particularly notice Thomas always wonder how it came about that an old salt abandoned the sea for the dreary drudgery of walking up and down the street with a heavy sign on a pole. The cut of his jib is sailor throughout and his pants are cut in the interesting meal sack pattern, so dear to the heart of "ye jolly sea-dog." But alas! Thomas was never a sailor. He never gilded the blue waters over, reeling jib tunes and singing ballads of the girl he left behind him. Mr. McGreall is a hod-carrier by profession, and in his only voyage he acted in the unromantic capacity of a coal-heaver or coal-passer.

HIS EARLY STRUGGLES.

A reporter of the POST-DISPATCH lately hunted up Thomas one night after that worthy had laid aside the pole for the day, and interviewed him to his heart's content.

Thomas McGreall was born in 1828, in the county Lantrim, Ireland, and is consequently 54 years of age. He was raised as a farmer, but went at the age of 18 to Scotland. Here he handled a railway pick and shovel, as he also did afterwards in England. In London he adopted the profession of hod-carrier. The year 1853 found him working on a railway in Belgium. Afterwards he went to Holland, again to England, thence to Wales, Ireland, England and France. In all these places he fondled mortar and swung pickaxes. In 1857, at the age of 29, he embarked from Havre, France, on the American man-of-war Ticonderoga, shipping as a coal-passer. He was then too old to learn rope-climbing, and consequently during his two-years' cruise in and out the Mediterranean and about the coasts of Europe he never got farther above deck than to sit on the end of a pork barrel. He arrived at Boston in 1869 and promptly resumed lifting bricks up a ladder. He is not the Irishman, however, who thought the "feller at the top did all the work." After a few months each in Boston, Detroit and Chicago our hero found himself piling up ties on the Kansas Pacific Railway. He remained at that business long enough to break his left leg and left arm in a small smash-up. He received $500 damages from the company, and came to St. Louis in 1873. The arm quite recovered, but the leg has troubled him ever since, and quite incapacitated him from doing any ordinary laborer's work. He can only stand a very short time upon the left leg, when he has to sit down. In 1874, Mr. McGreall, after forty-six years of wandering, over most of the civilized world, loomed upon the St. Louis public as the carrier of a corn doctor's sign at the munificent salary of

ONE DOLLAR A DAY,

or $6 per week for ten hours' toil each day. With very brief intervals he has sold and carried for the various corn-doctors ever since. Mr. McGreall lost his wife a year and a half ago, and has no children now alive. He now dwells in the Whittier or Ashley building on Broadway. He and a sister, who has only been here since the wife died, occupy two rooms, for which they pay $5 a month. The sister works at Mullen's, and has already saved up $150. When the Central Savings Association broke several years ago, it turned out that Thomas had $400 invested there. This, of course, he mostly lost, and it was a great blow to him. There is no doubt, however, that he had other money elsewhere, as he has been a saving man all his life. He informed the reporter that it just "took the whoole sceex dollars to live" now.

DRESS AND HABITS.

McGreall dresses exactly the same summer and winter. He wears a blue jeans shirt over another shirt; a pair of blue jeans pants without drawers; thick stockings and the clumsiest, most grotesque brogans ever beheld anywhere; never has been known to don vest, coat or overcoat, although he goes out with the sign hot or cold, rain or dry, the year round. The most remarkable point about the man's attire, and the one that attracts constant attention, is his style of shoe leather. His shoes are immense, shapeless masses of leather, with soles like plank and studded with big nails. The tops of the shoes are always cut in two places, giving an inch or more of exposure. The poor man is afflicted with very badly deformed feet, as he proved to the reporter by baring one of them. Each great toe grows at right angle to the others. It does not lap over them, but back of them, over upon the top of the foot. The whole makes a ghastly spectacle. This information is common to the family, a number of his relatives being precisely similarly afflicted. The shoes are made to order and cost more than $5.50 a pair, hideous as they are. He has them made thick on the soles for economy's sake. A pair lasts him eighteen months.

A peculiar habit of the man is that of constantly whistling low or humming as he moves along or sits upon the curbstone. He cannot sound a note correctly, yet never tires of his own music. His favorite tune is "Wait for the Wagon." He has as much genuine Irish wit and good sense as any Hibernian. Parties on the street are always trying to guy him or ask him ridiculous questions, but they never do so twice. He is always ready with a witty retort which causes the quizzer to retire in confusion. A collection of his apt and witty rejoinders would make an interesting newspaper article of itself.

Having found that the wooden sign jerker was a little reticent about his life, a call was made upon Dr. Rothschild, the chiropodist for whom he has carried the rampant sign for the last three years. From the Doctor it was learned that Thomas is the soul of honor, and as honest as the day is long. He has $280 of money now in the safe-keeping of Farmer McCaffery, of St. Patrick's Church. "Sometimes," the doctor said, "parties have come to me and told me that the old man slept while holding the sign and sitting on the curb, but he never does. He appears to doze, but if you approach close to him at such time he will instantly rise and thrust a card at you. Some months ago some parties, among whom were Warren McChesney and others, determined to test his honesty. They followed him until he set the sign down. Then McChesney approached him and desired him, at a good, stiff price, to go a short errand for him. The old man just pointed to the sign and said: 'I am working for that man, and while I am I can't work for you. If you will go with me to the office I can perhaps get permission to do your errand.' No persuasion could induce the old man, so the test was dropped. Thomas is, I think, somewhat proud of the attention he attracts, and he desires to make a good appearance. He never drinks, and lives very cheaply, chiefly upon potatoes and bacon. He is an immense devourer of potatoes, being able to get away with from ten to fourteen of them at a sitting. For his dinners he goes down to the kitchen of the Monkeys' saloon restaurant. Here he gets a square meal from the cook for a dime, not being at all particular about what is served him."

In the interview with the reporter, after the note book had been returned to the reportorial pocket, the old man, forgetting the possibilities of a postscript, confidentially remarked that he had twice deserted from the British Army. Each time he was in the "Waiting Corps," waiting for assignment orders. When he got the orders he gave the officers the slip and was lucky enough not to be caught. In this way he just missed going to the Crimean war by skillful use of his deformed feet. McGreall wants to get a place as watchman somewhere where the pay will be as good and the walking less than in the sign business. He expects, however, to be forced to walk the retail streets till he turns up his old misshapen toes to the daisies.

When honest old Tom McGreall dies advertisers will look in vain for a successor. Such a character does not turn up twice in a generation.

"PERSONALS" are inserted at the rate of ten cents for twenty words, and may be sent by mail to this office.

THE REPUBLICAN ROW.

Political Items Gathered at the Headquarters of the Silleyites.

The Joplin Daily News is opposed to a State Convention, and stands by the committee's action.

The Springfield Patriot deprecates the committee's decision, but opposes a bolting State Convention.

The Maryville Republican occupies the same position.

The Memphis Reveille sustains the committee, though it previously favored a convention.

The Milan Republican says the G.-D. is not running the interior Republicans—opposes a convention and sustains the committee. The Edina Sentinel does the same.

The Canton News stands by the committee's action.

The Herman Advertiser advises the Globe-Democrat it is now the Republican party, and sustains the committee.

The Volksfreund, at Warrenton, stands by the committee.

The Pierce City Empire sustains the committee.

The Fountain and Journal, at Mt. Vernon, advises the G.-D. not to think it is the Republican party, and accepts the action of the committee as decisive. The Kirksville Graphic does the same.

The St. Louis German evening paper, the Tribune, stands by the action of the committee.

The Labor-Greenback paper, the Union, stands by the committee's work.

Of the thirty-six names from St. Joseph on the Burch civil nine are letter-carriers, eight are Post-office clerks in the employ of Trace, four are postal clerks, and Tracy, postmaster.

One of the gentlemen named by Burch for vice-president of his bolting convention writes to say: "I saw one of Burch's circulars for a call. I was solicited to sign it and refused, and the person to whom it was sent destroyed it. I want to see the Globe-Democrat rebuked. It has always made war on our prominent Republicans. Burch is only the tool of the G.-D., which is apparent on the call. Our Republicans are with the committee to teaching the G.-D. that it is not the dictator of the Republican party in Missouri."

The Post and Tribune (German), Kansas City, stands by Filley.

The Hamiltonian, Hamilton, stands by the State Committee's action.

The Times, Warsaw, stands by the State Committee and Filley.

The Star-Republican, Clayton, sustains the committee.

The Republican, Milan, sustains the committee.

The Zeitung, Herman, stands by the committee.

The Daily Extra, Springfield, sustains the committee's action.

Rev. P. J. Gleeson.

A long letter from this clergyman was received here this morning, dated Rome, 10th of August. Its pith may be stated to be a determination to pursue the Donnellys by criminal proceedings for their utterances against his character. Of his own case he says that the ecclesiastical authorities inform him that the Archbishop's answer could not then have been received, but doubtless would promptly come. There can be no question, from the information we have, that it must have reached Rome but a few days after this letter was penned.

They equal any $15 suit in the market.
School Shoes,
School Hats,
Lower than the Lowest.
FAMOUS,
Fifth and Morgan.

SEE OUR BOYS' School Suits! IN Dark Cassimere! Boys 9 to 12, $6 50. Boys 13 to 16, $7 50

MULFORD & McKENZIE,
Ticket Brokers.
Are making special rates to Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Buffalo and Cleveland. Cut rates to all points.
108 N. Fourth St., and 12th and Poplar.

HENRY McNICHOLS.
CARPETS AND FURNITURE. Unparalleled success of my Carpet and Furniture Room. Household Furniture going at a great sacrifice. Give me a call and your verdict will be: McNICHOLS HAS THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST GOODS IN THE WEST. STOVES, REFRIGERATORS AND GASOLINE STOVES. All goods sold on Monthly Payments or for Cash.
HENRY McNICHOLS, 1017, 1019, 1022 and 1024 Market St.

SPORTING.

The Baltimores Defeated in Their Last Game—Notes and Gossip.

The Browns defeated the Baltimores yesterday by a score of 10 to 2, the latter playing one of the poorest games witnessed here this season. The visitors made 8 errors and the home team 2. About 10,000 people witnessed the game.

The Nationals and the West Ends played in East St. Louis yesterday, the former winning by a score of 7 to 4.

The Willows vanquished the Mohawks at the Compton Avenue Park, the score being 12 to 8.

On Saturday the Browns defeated the Baltimores by a score of 11 to 4.

At Louisville, Saturday, Cincinnati 6, Louisville 2.

At Philadelphia, Philadelphia 4, Metropolitans 1.

At Chicago, Chicago 6, Boston 7.

At Providence, Providence 2, Buffalo 1.

RACING.

The fall meeting of the Houston Jockey Club commences November 21. The entries close on the 18 h.

There are fifty-one entries already registered for the Cincinnati trotting meeting, which takes place at Chester Park, September 26.

NOTES.

The Dwyer Brothers, Onondaga, have won $18 000 during the last season.

The Missouri Pacifics conquered the Alerts Sunday after a fine game. Score, 16 to 13.

The Athletics and the Globe-Democrat nine engage in a game at the Compton Avenue Park this afternoon.

The Akrons and Leubries met yesterday afternoon, with the following result: Akrons 7 runs, Leubries 5 runs.

A prize fight took place at Silver Cliff, Col., yesterday, between Joe Silver and Billy Ryan, the latter proving the victor in five rounds.

The Black Stocking Club (colored), recently organized by John Dolan, are anxious to meet the Browns. They are said to be fine players.

The members of the St. Louis Lacrosse Club met at the Fair Grounds yesterday, and the club was formally organized. A practice game was played in the amphitheater.

The Legion of Honor teams will probably let their championship series rest until next week, when the Browns leave the city. They will then play continuously until the contest is ended.

Charley Comiskey, the first baseman of the Browns, was presented with a handsome gold watch and chain yesterday by his admirers yesterday. Comiskey is the most faithful player on the nine and the tribute was well earned.

The British team of riflemen who are to compete the coming year at Creedmoor, arrived off Sandy Hook yesterday on the steamer Alaska. They took a train for Garden City and took up their quarters near the range at Creedmoor. The party were headed by Sir Henry Halford. Rowell, the pedestrian, and his backer, Duryea, were on the same steamer.

The Cincinnatis will return here to-morrow and will play with the Browns the ninth game of their series. The visit re will find the home team in better shape than at any time during the season in which they have tackled them and there is every prospect of a very exciting game to-morrow. The Cincinnati battery will probably be Will White and Snyder; the St. Louis battery McGinnis and Sullivan.

Poverty and Distress.

That poverty which produces the greatest distress is not of the purse but of the blood. Deprived of its richness it becomes scant and watery, a condition termed anæmia in medical writings. Given this condition, and scrofulous swellings and sores, general and nervous debility, loss of flesh and appetite, weak lungs, throat disease, spitting of blood and consumption are among the common results. If you are a sufferer from this, poor blood employ Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," which enriches the blood and cures these grave affections. Is more nutritive than cod liver oil, and is harmless in any condition of the system, yet powerful to cure. By drug gists.

Mexican Railroads.

Maj. J. W. Orr, of Southern Mexico, registered this morning at the Planters'. He is the superintendent of the International Stage Line, running from Monterey, the terminus of the Palmer-Sullivan Railroad, to the city of Mexico, and is here for the purpose of purchasing supplies. Mr. Orr states that the railroad interests of Mexico are increasing rapidly, and the people are evincing a great desire to communicate with the outside world. The two railways now crossing the country are developing the great resources of Mexico, and the United States must shortly reap a rich harvest. The tendency of trade is toward St. Louis for geographical and natural reasons, but there should be some enterprise shown by his city in the invitations for business. Mr. Orr will be in the city several days.

Hotel Personals.

S. Allcock, Redditch, England, is at the Laclede.

E. A. Bassett and wife, Chicago, are at the Laclede.

John M. Blaisdell, Haverhill, Mass., is at the Lindell.

A. J. Munegan, Northampton, Mass., is at the Laclede.

Wm. Davis, of the Eureka Stage Line, is at the Planters'.

S. Solmson and wife, Dyersburg, Tenn., are at Barnum's.

Ben. Ernstein and wife, Neosho, Mo., are at the Southern.

A. E Campbell and J. T. Lloyd, Chicago, are at the Planters'.

B. G. Connor and wife, Hudson, Wisconsin, are at the St. James.

F. J. Hearne and family, Wheeling, W. Va., are at the Southern.

L. F. Smith and W. L. Crawford, Dallas, Texas, are at the Lindell.

H. D. Booge, and W. J. Stagg, Topeka, Kas., are at the Southern.

L. A. Campbell and family, Vicksburg, Miss., are at the Southern.

A. H. Kendel, Greeley; C. C. Coffee, Memphis, Tenn., are at the Planters'.

G. S. Tutt, Etlin, Mo., and J. B. Keenan, New Orleans, are at the Laclede.

R. N. Billings, Albuquerque, N. M., and J. W. O r, Mexico, are the Planters'.

Robt. Filkins, New York, and H. B. Williams, Texarkana, are at the Southern.

J. S. Robinson, Memphis, Tenn., and E. S. Miller, Bloomington, are at the Lindell.

Perry Hawkins, Queen City, Texas, and W. G. Keer, Boston, Mass., are at Barnum's.

Miss Emma F. Fellows and Miss Ada Fellows, Springfield, Mo., are at the Laclede.

J. B Hornwell, Bridgeport, Conn., and J. F. Harris, Aims, Ark., are at the Laclede.

J. M. Ward, W. R. Connee and R. H. Kinnery, Greenfield, Tenn., are at Barnum's.

O. J. Carpenter, Hartford, Conn., J. H. Wasson, Columbus, O., are at the Planters'.

Dr. J. H. Wooldridge and J. W. Wooldridge, Booneville, Mo., are at the Southern.

Jos. Stumpfl, Jefferson City, and L. W. Powell, New Madrid, Mo., are at Hotel Barnum.

M. M. Kennedy, Mrs. H. Hoover and Thos. Hoover, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, are at the St. James.

J. T. Franklin, Springfield, Mass., and R. G. Salvers n, Newark, W. T., are at the Southern.

E. W. Grantley, Misses Edith Grantley and Aggie McCracken, Appleton City, Mo., are at the Southern.

W. W. Conger, Centralia, Mo., and M. Garretson, Garretson's Landing, Ark., are at Hotel Barnum.

J. M. Harley, Sol. Denzer, A. H. Fenchtwange, H. F Rice, Jos. W. North, R. W. Champion, E. B. Rowland, J. A. Scarrow, L. S. Warsawer, S. P. Johnston, Fred. S. Riley and L. May, New York, are at the Lindell.

Colden's Liquid Beef Tonic restores manhood, cures Nervousness, Weakness, Depression, imparts strength to the body and vigor to the mind. Ask for Colden's, take no other. Of druggists generally.

THE local Tinners' Union will hold an important meeting to-morrow night at the Central Turner Hall.

THE NOBBY YOUTH

Who demands something in accordance with his own ideas of raiment can always be sure of finding the latest and most correct style of garments at our establishment. We make a special feature of SUITS FOR YOUNG MEN, producing garments with a chic and an air about them that specially commend them to this class of our patrons. Just now we are receiving large quantities of FALL SUITS, made in faultless style from both foreign and domestic textures, many of the patterns being of extreme beauty and elegance and which are rarely found outside of the best merchant tailoring house. Our trade with the youth of this city has grown wonderfully during the last ten years, simply for the reason that we meet their ideas of Clothing and furnish them becoming apparel at reasonable figures. We take great pleasure in showing you our elegant assortment of Fall Styles in Clothing.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO., Fifth and Pine.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

THE BEST SELECTED STOCK OF

Axminster, Moquette, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Curtains and Upholstery Goods,

AT

F. W. ROSENTHAL & CO.,
410 and 412 N. Fourth Street.

Try Our WANT COLUMNS, Twenty Words for TEN CENTS.